Advanced

Moroccan Arabic

Ernest T. Abdel-Massih



Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies

The University of Michigan

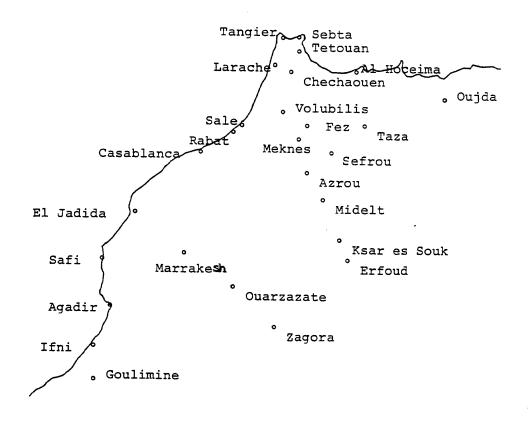
Ann Arbor

1974

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Map of Morocco



DISTANCES FROM CASABLANCA IN MILES

Advanced

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DEDICATED TO

ERNEST N. McCARUS

FOREWORD

The preparation of this volume was initiated and supported by the University of Michigan Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies as part of its general program of research and training on the languages and cultures of North Africa. A number of studies in anthropology, history, and political science have appeared and others are in preparation, as well as a complete course in Middle Atlas Berber.

We are indebted to the Ford Foundation for the grants to the Center that have made this work possible. We are most grateful for the assistance of the people and government of Morocco to our faculty and students.

W. D. Schorger

INTRODUCTION

This book grew out of the great need for an introductory text in Moroccan Arabic for college students. Most students of Moroccan Arabic in modern universities are prospective field researchers in the social sciences, or linguists with special interest in the field of Arabic dialectology. To assure interest among such users of this book, maintenance of a level of linguistic and cultural contact commensurate with their background and ability was felt to be of great importance. The thirty-eight texts of this book serve as an introduction to Moroccan ethnology, history, folklore and literature, in addition to giving the student a more sophisticated exposure to the syntax of the language.

It must be made clear from the outset that the Units of this book are entirely based on the author's <u>An Introduction to Moroccan Arabic</u>, Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies, The University of Michigan 1973.

This study was originally the product of a research project sponsored by the Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies.

Following preliminary research in Ann Arbor, a variety of field materials was collected during the summer of 1969, in preparation for the teaching of a course in Moroccan Arabic during the 1969-1970 school year. A large number of field tapes were checked for linguistic and

cultural content by the author with the assistance of native speakers of Moroccan Arabic. During the preparation of course materials, all the data were carefully checked by the author with Mr. Ali Kanouni, a native of Fez. This work resulted in the publication of A Course in Moroccan Arabic in 1970. The contents of this present book are a revision and expansion of Part Four of the above-mentioned book.

The present volume consists of five parts, of which <u>Part Two</u> is available on tape. <u>Part One</u>, "Notes on the System of Transcription", consists of a bird's-eye-view of the phonological system of Moroccan Arabic, with enough explanations to help the student get maximum benefit from the texts. The system of transcription employed here is in striking contrast to other systems of transcription used for Moroccan Arabic, particularly with respect to tense consonants, short vowels, phonological structure of words, etc. (see pp 1-12). The student is strongly advised to master this system completely before beginning the Units of the book and to consult <u>Part One</u>: Phonology, of the author's <u>An Introduction to Moroccan Arabic</u>, Ann Arbor, 1973 (pp 1-38).

Part Two, "Texts", is a series of thirty-eight texts which are adaptations of field tapes (see footnotes attached to the texts of Units 1-10) One unit, Unit 5, is adapted from Morocco: A Glimpse of History, a publication of the Moroccan Ministry of Information, and Morocco, a publication of the Embassy of Morocco, Washington, D.C. As mentioned before, the Units of Part Two provide an introduction to Moroccan customs, ethnology, history, folklore and literature as well as giving a more sophisticated exposure to the syntax of the language. In addition, these Units supply a specialized vocabulary

for the field researcher. An attempt has also been made in the selection of the texts to present important regional styles of expression. It should be noted that words are transcribed as they occur on the field tapes. Slight variations in transcriptions are therefore due to individual speaking patterns, e.g. /tdir/ ~ /d:ir/ 'she does', /mn |mdṛaṣa/ ~ /ml:mdṛaṣa/ 'from the school', /gal |lihum/ ~ /gal:ihum/ 'he told them', /wwl:a/ ~ /w:l:a/ 'and he became'. Also of importance are the following examples of acceptable variants in the transcription of secondary emphatics: /dṛb/ ~ /dṛb/ 'he hit', /xṭṇa/ ~ /xṭra/ 'time, once', /wṣl/ ~ /wṣl/ 'to arrive', /aṣl/ ~ /aṣl/ 'origin'.

Part Three - Appendix A consists of twenty-four verb tables.

Part Four - Appendix B, the "Glossary of Technical and Grammatical Terminology", presents, in a simple and concise manner, most of the terminology and grammatical information that a student of Moroccan Arabic will encounter in using the language. It is hoped that it serves as a brief reference grammar of the language.

<u>Part Five</u> - "Lexicons", (Arabic-English and English-Arabic) include all vocabulary items used in this volume, and in the author's <u>An Introduction to Moroccan Arabic</u>, Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan 1973.

The preparation of this book has been made possible by the cooperation of a number of individuals. In particular, I would like to express my appreciation to Mr. Mohammed Mahmoudi for his helpful comments, constructive suggestions and for his hard work with me this spring. Many thanks are due as well to Mr. Ali Kanouni, Mr. Mohammed Guerssel, and Mr. Mohammed Mahmoudi for recording the Units for use in the language laboratory. I would also like to express my gratitude

to Christine L. La Vasseur for her devoted and most conscientious efforts in typing the manuscript, and for her helpfulness and great dependability throughout the work on this study. I would like to thank Loraine Obler, Umar Hassan and Jamil Ragep for their valuable assistance on the Lexicons. I would like to express my appreciation to Mr. James L. Bixler, studio engineer of the language laboratory at the University of Michigan for his great help and valuable consultation in the preparation of the field tapes, the recording of the Units of this book, and for an excellent job in the final mixing of the segments into the currently available tapes.

I would like to express my thanks to Professor William D. Schorger who as then Director of the Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies initiated the program of research on North African languages and linguistics at the University of Michigan and has whole-heartedly supported it. In addition I would like to thank Professor Kenneth A. Luther, present Director of the Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies, who co-ordinated the publishing of this volume. The Center defrayed the costs of research assistants, field trips, typists, tapes and tape recordings, as well as providing me with the time and opportunity to carry out the field research and analysis.

As always, I am deeply grateful to my family and, in particular, to my wife, Cecile, whose patience, constant encouragement and deep understanding have sustained by efforts during the work on this book.

To Professor Ernest N. McCarus, who introduced me to the field of Arabic dialectology, I present this study.

E.T.A.

Ann Arbor, Michigan January, 1974

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PART ONE

NOTES ON THE SYSTEM OF TRANSCRIPTION

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NOTES ON THE SYSTEM OF TRANSCRIPTION 1

1. Consonants and Semi-Vowels

		Bilabial	Labiodental	Denta1	Alveolar	Alveo- Palatal	Palatal	Velar	Back-Velar	Uvular	Pharyngeal	Glottal
stop	voiceless	p*		t ţ				א ס		Ч		?
fricative	voiceless voiced		f v*	s s z z		»S »V			×		ų.	h
nasal	voiced	m			n							
lateral	voiced			1 <u>1</u>								
flap	voiced				гŗ							
semi-vowel	voiced	w					У					

Table 1. Moroccan Arabic Consonants and Semi-Vowels

*These phonemes occur in a few words borrowed from French, e.g. /lapist/ ~ /lab:ist/ 'unpaved road, trail' (French 'la piste'), /paris/ 'Paris' (French 'Paris'), /avril/ ~ /abril / 'April' (French 'avril').

¹For a comprehensive treatment of Moroccan Arabic phonology see Ernest T. Abdel-Massih, <u>An Introduction to Moroccan Arabic</u>, Center for Near Eastern and North African Studies, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, 1973, pp. 1-38.

2. Emphasis, Labialization and Tenseness

(a) Emphasis, e.g. non-emphatic /t/ as opposed to emphatic /t/ in /tab/ 'he repented' and /tab/ 'it (m) cooked'. Moroccan Arabic is characterized by having a set of "Emphatic" consonants which are sometimes referred to as either "Velarized" or "Flat".

An Emphatic consonant is one which is produced by pressing the blade of the tongue against the palate so that the articulation is velarized or alveolarized rather than just dental (See Figures 3-6). Table 1 lists / ṭ ḍ ṣ ẓ ḷ ṛ / as the emphatic counterparts of the plain / t d s z l r / . We will refer to / ṭ ḍ ṣ ẓ ḷ ṛ / as the "Primary Emphatics". The occurrence of a primary emphatic consonant will cause a plain consonant in the same syllable (sometimes in the preceding and/or the following syllable) to become emphatic. This set of changed consonants will be referred to as the "Secondary Emphatics". The domain of the spread of emphasis is the syllable, which means that a syllable has all or none of its sounds emphatic. This also means that in Moroccan Arabic all of the consonants occur as both emphatic and plain because of the influence of emphatic consonants on plain consonants as explained above.

The influence of emphatic ocnsonants on vowels is very noticeable to a non-native speaker. This is particularly clear with the vowel /a/, when in the environment of an emphatic consonant. Listen to your teacher pronouncing /tab/ = [tab] 'to be cooked' with the a as in English father, Bob, cot and then listen to him pronouncing /tab/ = [tab] 'to repent' with the a as in English cat, nap, lack.

Now try pronouncing /tab/ and then /tab/ and notice when pronouncing the first word how your tongue is drawn back, spread to the sides completely filling your mouth with the dorsum of your tongue raised and in most cases your lips are slightly rounded. Watch your teacher pronouncing /tab/ and see how even his cheeks bulge and also watch the tension he builds up in the muscles around his throat.

The influence of emphatic consonants on plain non-emphatic neighboring consonants is also very clear, e.g. $/drb/[dr^{9}b]$ 'to hit' can be transcribed as /drb/ or /drb/. The latter form marks /d/ as a primary emphatic and /r/ as a secondary emphatic, since only / t d s z | r / can occur either as primary or secondary emphatics. In any case, all emphatics do color the neighboring consonants. Thus, when

there is more than one emphatic, we may not mark them all, e.g. dars \sim dars \sim dars 'lesson'.

- (b) <u>Labialization</u>, e.g. non-labialized /x/ as opposed to labialized / $\hat{x}/=$ /x^w/ in /xṛa/ 'feces' and /x̄ṛa/ 'other (f)'. Labialization is a feature of the peripheral consonants / b m f / and / k q x γ h / . It is here indicated by a rounded stroke over the consonant, e.g. \hat{b} . Labialization is manifested as simultaneous lip-rounding when producing any of the above-mentioned consonants. Thus, \hat{b} / is pronounced as \hat{b} or \hat{b} or \hat{b} and \hat{k} / is pronounced \hat{k} or \hat{k} or \hat{b} . Notice that \hat{b} \hat{b} \hat{f} / can vary with \hat{b} w, mw, fw, or \hat{b} u, mu, fu.
- (c) Tenseness, e.g. lax /t/ as opposed to tense /t:/ = [tt] in /ktbu/ 'he wrote it (m)' and /kt:bu/ 'he made him write'. Tenseness is a very important feature of Moroccan Arabic. A tense (also fortis) consonant in general is produced with more force than its lax (also lenis) counterpart. Tense or fortis here refers to two identical consonants with no intervening vowel pronounced with stronger articulation and greater tension on the muscles of the articulator and, usually, aspiration. Lax or lenis refers to a single consonant pronounced with lesser muscular tension in the speech organ and weaker, laxer articulation and, usually, no aspiration. A tense consonant has precisely twice the duration of a single consonant.

The intensity and aspiration (puff of breath) which are characteristic of the tense consonants give them a <u>syllabic</u> quality (i.e. maximum degree of sonority in the syllable) so that /b:/ is heard as $[^{9}bb]$ or $[^{9}bb]$. This is transcribed in most other systems that treated Moroccan Arabic phonology as /ebb/. The same systems use $[^{a}]$ in the transcription of [hh] as [ahh]. In our system of transcription [ebb] is transcribed as /b:/ and pronounced $[^{9}bb]$ and [ahh] is transcribed as /h:/ and pronounced as $[^{a}hh]$. The raised up vowel - $[^{9}]$, $[^{a}]$ - denotes that it is purely phonetic, i.e. totally predictable and causing no semantic differentiation.

3. Inventory of Moroccan Arabic Consonants and Semi-Vowels

Moroccan Arabic consonants and semi-vowels shown in Table 1 above may be modified by the features of emphasis, <a href="mailto:label: label: label:

Moroccan Arabic consonants and semi-vowels with the features of emphasis, labialization and/or tenseness:

```
/ b b: b b: , m m: m m: , f f: f f: , t t:

t t: , d d: d d: , s s: $ $: , z z: z z: ,

I I: ! !: , n n: , r r: r r: , $ $: , ž ž: ,

k k: k k: , g g: , q q: q q: q q: , x x: x x: ,

y y: , w w: /
```

4. Moroccan Arabic Vowels

	Front	Central	Back
High	i		· u
Mid			
Low		a	

Table 2. - Moroccan Arabic Vowels

5. Moroccan Arabic Vowel Allophones (or positional vowel variants occurring in specific environments)

The following table shows the Moroccan Arabic vowel allophones. Notice the modification of the parameters High, Mid and Low. Also note that Central or Centralized vowels are shorter in duration than the front or back ones.

nt or back ones.	Front	Central Shorter	Back	
High	ī		u	
Low High	I	v = w v = y		
High Mid	e		0	
Mid		Э		
Low Mid				
High Low	æ	ž		
Low		à .	а	

Table 3. - Moroccan Arabic Vowel Allophones

/a/

/a/ has the following allophones:

- [æ] as in English 'fat', occurs in the environment of non-emphatic consonants; e.g. /tab/=[tæb] 'he repented'
- [a] a little further back than the "a" of English 'father', occurs
 in the environment of emphatic consonants; e.g. /tab/ = [tab]
 'it (m) cooked'
- $[\check{x}]$ (centralized pronunciation of [x]) occurs word finally in the environment of non-emphatic consonants. Notice $[\check{x}]$ is shorter than [x]; e.g. $/|a/| = [|\check{x}|]$ 'no'
- [\check{a}] (centralized pronunciation of [a]) occurs word finally in the environment of emphatic consonants. Notice [\check{a}] is shorter than [a]; e.g. $/bra/ = [br\check{a}]$ 'letter'

/i/

/i/ has the following allophones:

- [i] as in English 'beat', occurs in the environment of non-emphatic
 consonants; e.g. /sif/ = [sif] 'sword'
- [e] as in English 'mate', occurs in the environment of emphatic consonants; e.g. /sif/ = [sef] 'summer'
- [I] as in English 'bit', occurs word finally, in the environment of non-emphatic consonants; e.g. $/\times$ ali/ = [\times alI] 'my maternal uncle'
- [I] (centralized pronunciation of $[I]=[I^Y]$), occurs word finally in the environment of emphatic consonants. Notice [I] is shorter than [I]; e.g. /qadi/ = [qadI] 'judge'

/u/

/u/ has the following allophones:

- [u] as in English 'cool', occurs in the environment of non-emphatic consonants; e.g. /dud/ = [dud] 'worms'
- [o] between English 'door' and 'soul', occurs in the environment of emphatic consonants and back velars; e.g. /dulm/ = [dolm] 'oppression'
- [σ] as in English 'wool', occurs word finally in the environment of non-emphatic consonants; e.g. /dyalu/ = [dyæl σ] 'his'

 $[\check{\mathbf{v}}]$ (or $[\mathbf{v}^{\mathsf{w}}]$), occurs word finally in the environment of emphatic consonants. Notice $[\check{\mathbf{v}}]$ is shorter than $[\mathbf{v}]$; e.g. $/qbtu/ = [qbt\check{\mathbf{v}}]$ or $[qbt\check{\mathbf{v}}^{\mathsf{w}}]$ 'he caught it (m)'

6. Phonetic Schwa or Short Vowel

In addition, Moroccan Arabic has a non-phonemic (with no semantic significance) phonetic schwa or short vowel - \mathring{v} [$^{\circ}$]. This occurs as a transition between consonants or consonant clusters. It is voiced in the environment of voiced consonants and voiceless in the environment of voiceless consonants. The vocalic transition has the following variants ranging from [$^{\circ}$] or [$^{\circ}$] to [$^{\check{x}}$] or [$^{\check{a}}$]; [$^{\check{x}}$], [$^{\check{a}}$] occur in the environment of / $^{\circ}$ / and / $^{\circ}$ /, [$^{\circ}$], elsewhere.

Examples: Sndi [SandI] I have

ktb [ktb] he wrote

ki:m [kbi| he spoke

xi:a [xbi| he let, left

7. Phonological Structure of Words in Moroccan Arabic

If a consonant is followed by another consonant, there is a predictable transition. Transition between /C/ and /C/ is heard as vocalic and is represented here by a superscript schwa $[^{\vartheta}]$ to represent the short vowels $[^{\vartheta}]$, $[^{\vartheta}]$, $[^{\vartheta}]$ and $[^{\check{\varkappa}}]$ discussed in 6 above. Schwa occurs as the first speech sound formation in English "about" or as the last speech sound formation in English "sofa". The following examples and drills are meant to help the student master this very important feature of Moroccan Arabic phonology, namely the pronunciation of consonant clusters. The examples below include the $[^{\vartheta}]$ in the transcription. Notice that $[^{\vartheta}]$ is voiceless in the environment of voiceless consonants and voiced in the environment of voiced consonants.

- 1. /CC:/ ---->[C^oCC]
- 2. /C:C/ ---->[°CC°C]
- 3. /C:C:/ ---> [accacc]
- 4. /CC:C/ ---> [Caccac]
- 5. /C:V/ --->[°CCV]
- 6. /CC:V/ --->[C^oCCV]

```
7. /C:VC/ ---->[°CCVC]
8. /VC:/ ---->[VCC] (no change)
9. /CVC:/ ---->[CVCC] (no change)
10. /VC:V/ ---->[VCCV] (no change)
```

Examples:

1.	šk:	[š ^ə kk]	to doubt, suspect
	š:k:	[^ə šš ^ə kk]	doubt, suspicion
2.	ḍ:ṛa	[ə̞d̞də̞r̞ង]	corn
3.	š:q:	[ðšš ^ð qq]	the crack
	d:r:i	[^ə dd ^ə rrI]	the boy
4.	kl:m	[k ^ə ll ^ə m]	to speak to
	bd:1	[l ^e bb ^e d]	to change
	fy:q	[f ^ə yy ^ə q]	to wake up (someone)
	դտ:m	[i _g ww _g w]	to give a bath
	b1:1	[b ^e ll ^e l]	to wet
5.	b:a	[^ə bba]	my father
	ŗ:uz	[alioi]	the rice
6.	šb:ik	[š ^ə bbik]	window screen
	km:a	[k ^ə mmž]	to make someone smoke cigarettes
	γţ:a	[γ ^ə ţţǎ]	to cover
7.	1:11	[1111 ^e]	the night
8.	?ab∶	[?abb]	father
9.	mux	[muxx]	brain
10.	?am:a	[?æmmæ̈]	as for

Additional examples:

```
to teach

fhm [f<sup>a</sup>h<sup>a</sup>m] to understand

kl:m !fqih [k<sup>a</sup>|l<sup>a</sup>m <sup>a</sup>|fqih] talk to the teacher!

|w|d |kbir [<sup>a</sup>|w<sup>a</sup>|d <sup>a</sup>|kbir] the big boy

aš xbaṛ ṣ:ḥ:a ? [æš <sup>a</sup>xbaṛ <sup>a</sup>ṣṣ<sup>a</sup>ḥḥǎ] how are you?

nḥmdu !:ah [n<sup>a</sup>ḥ<sup>a</sup>mdu !!ah] fine

ḥṛ:ktlkum ṭ:bḷa [ḥ<sup>a</sup>rr<sup>a</sup>kt<sup>a</sup>|kum <sup>a</sup>ṭ:<sup>a</sup>bḷa] I moved the table

for you.

ahin wa sahin [ahi<sup>a</sup>n wæ sæhi<sup>a</sup>n] Hello

sbaḥ lxiṛ [<sup>a</sup>ṣbaḥ <sup>a</sup>|xeṛ] good morning

xṛž [xṛ<sup>a</sup>ž] he went out
```

```
[ªššªržªm]
š:ržm
                                      the window
              [s<sup>ə</sup>ll<sup>ə</sup>m]
sl:m
                                      he greeted
tfd: I asidi , mṛḥba bikum endna come in sir, welcome here
              [ətfəddəl æsidi , mərhbă bikum çəndnæ]
kl:mthum [k<sup>2</sup>|l<sup>2</sup>mthum]
                                      I talked to them
mtkṛfṣin
             [m<sup>ə</sup>tk<sup>ə</sup>rfsin]
                                      messed up (mp)
1f:
              [l<sup>ə</sup>ff]
                                       to wrap up
šq:
              [pp<sup>e</sup>ž]
                                       to split
              [g<sup>ð</sup>rr]
gr:
                                       to confess
              [s<sup>ə</sup>mmæ]
sm:a
                                       to name
              [\gamma^tta_]
Yt:a
                                       to cover
γd:a
              [xbb<sup>e</sup> y]
                                       tomorrow
              [ḥ<sup>ə</sup>ttǽ]
ht:a
                                       until
              [t bbax]
tb:ax
                                       a cook
              [m<sup>e</sup>bb<sup>e</sup>p]
qd:m
                                       to present
?ad:b
              [addeb]
                                       to educate, instruct
              [p<sup>e</sup>xx<sup>e</sup>r]
bx:r
                                       to steam, burn incense
              [h<sup>ə</sup>rr<sup>ə</sup>rhǎ]
hṛ:ṛha
                                       he liberated it (f) or her
              [d<sub>e</sub>iia]
qr:a
                                       he taught
              [ ช้า ็กา [ ค]
qṛ:ṛu
                                       he made him confess
              [hª||v]
hl:u
                                       he opened it (m)
              [h<sup>a</sup>ll<sup>a</sup>lu]
hl:lu
                                       he opened for him
              [h<sup>a</sup>dd<del>v</del>]
ḥd:u
                                       his limit
              [həddədv]
hd:du
                                       he ironed it (m)
              [ħ<sup>ə</sup>mmʊ]
                                       Hammou (proper name)
hm:u
ḥm:mu
              [həmməmʊ]
                                       he gave him a bath
šf:ha
              [š<sup>ə</sup>ff<sup>ə</sup>hž]
                                       she pitied him
              [ž<sup>ə</sup>ff<sup>ə</sup>fhæ]
žf:fha
                                       he wiped it (f)
              [ž<sup>ə</sup>dd v]
žd:u
                                       his grandfather
              [\ddot{z}^{\partial}dd^{\partial}dv]
žd:du
                                       he renewed it (m)
```

8. Stress

Stress does not produce semantic differences in Moroccan Arabic. Primary stress may fall either on the final syllable (terminal) or on the second from the last (penultimate). This is predictable on the basis of syllable structure. Stress is terminal if the last syllable of the word has the structure [CVC] or [CGC], e.g.

frhan [f^arhán] happy samht [sæm^aht] I forgave

Stress is penultimate if the last syllable of the word has the structure [CV] or if it ends in $[-{}^{\theta}C]$, e.g.

sl:mna [s $^{\theta}$ ll $^{\theta}$ mn *] we greeted kl:m [k $^{\theta}$ ll $^{\theta}$ m] he talked (with, to)

Also notice stress shift with the suffixation of pronominal suffixes, e.g.

klina [klín \check{x}] we ate
klinah [klin \check{x} h] we ate it (m)
kl:m [k $\check{\theta}$ ll $\overset{\circ}{\theta}$ m] he talked (to)
kl:mni [k $\overset{\circ}{\theta}$ ll $\overset{\circ}{\theta}$ mni] he talked to me

9. Diphthongs

Moroccan Arabic has the following diphthongs: aw , ay , iy , iw , uw . Examples:

fawd repeat!
fayn where?
yd:iw they take along
huwa he
ažiy come! (fs)

10. Interchange of Phonemes

The following phonemes vary according to region for different speakers of Moroccan Arabic: $z\sim \check{z}$, $\check{s}\sim s$, $q\sim g$, $q\sim g\sim \r$, $y^C\sim i^C$, $w^C\sim u^C$. Examples:

\$\frac{5}{\sigma} \sigma \sigma

<u>q ~ g</u>

qal ~ gal he said

bqra ~ bgra cow

<u>q ~ g ~</u> (rare)

qul:i ~ gul:i ~ ?ul:i tell me!

yC ~ iC initially before C or CC or C:

ybra ~ ibra needle

yktb ~ iktb he wrote

wC ~ uC initially

This variation depends on whether the preceding word ends in a consonant or a vowel. /w/occurs after a vowel and /u/occurs after a consonant.

wand u Sirin twenty-one xmsa w Sirin twenty-five

(here: u ~ w 'and')

PART TWO

TEXTS

UNITS 1 - 10

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UNIT ONE

Jeha Stories * xrayf žha

I.1

Jeha and the Clay Pots žha wlqdur

hada žḥa , sifṭatu m̂:u baš yšri lqdur , mša wšra lqdur .

wšra bz:af dlqdur , wmalqaš kifaš yrfdhum , žawlu bz:af .

bqa kayfk:r , kayfk:r šnu ydir , tqbhum , wdw:z fihum xit ,

wd:ahum cla ḍhru wd:ahum lḍ:ar . ml:i wsl lḍ:ar qaltu m̂:u

"waš nta ḥmar ? waš nta ḥmar awl:a malk ? lqdur ttqbhum !

daba laš γadyin yslḥu ? matžibš ḥm:al wsafi ?" dazt y:am

wža waḥḍ n:har qaltlu m̂:u 'sir ažḥa šrili waḥḍ libra ."

cṭatu baš yšri ybra . huwa tfk:r dak n:har l:i zcfat clih .

šra ybra , wbqa kayql:b cla ḥm:al , cṭahalu , wqal:u "hak wṣ:lha

lḍ:ar". ml:i wṣ:lha lḍ:ar m̂:u šnu dart ; cṭatu lγrd wṣafi .

This series of Jeha stories (I.1 - I.7) was recorded in the field in Summer, 1969. The informant was a twenty-two year old college student and a native of Oujda. As mentioned in the Introduction, minor changes were made in transcribing the field tapes for grammatical purposes.

Vocabulary

```
xrafa (f) / xrayf
                                         story, tale
žha
                                         a ficticious humorous
                                        character known in all Middle
                                        Eastern folk literature
šra (f)
                                         to buy
qdra (f) / qdur
                                         clay pot
žani bz:af
                                         I found it (m) to be a lot.
žawh bz:af
                                         He found them to be a lot.
fk:r
                                         to think
bqa kayfk:r
                                         he remained thinking
tqb
                                         to pierce, perforate
tq̂ba (f) / -t ~ tqabi
                                         hole, perforation
dw:z
                                         to cause to pass
xit (m) / xyut
                                         string
dhr (m) / dhur
                                         back
malk?
                                         What is the matter with you?
malu ?
                                         What is the matter with him?
malha?
                                         What is the matter with her?
laš ?
                                         For what? What for?
slh
                                         to be good for
hml
                                         to carry, become pregnant,
                                         flood
hm:al (m) / hm:ala
                                        porter, carrier
hamla (f) / -t
                                        pre gnant
ybra ~ ibra (f) / ybari ~ ibari
                                        needle, injection
```

zef to get mad
lyrd beating
tatu lyrd She gave him a sound beating.

Before listening to the field recording, please notice the following regional variants. The forms that occured in the text are listed first; in parentheses you find variant forms.

saft	(sift)	to send
gdra	(qdra)	clay pot
kaš	(kifaš)	how
tayfk:r	(kayfk:r)	he thinks
aran:a	(ml:i)	when, as for, suppose that
gal	(qal)	to say
ntaya	(nta)	you (ms)
ruh	(sir)	go! (imperative)

I.1.1

Questions - ?as?ila

- 1. šnu tlbat m: žha lwldha?
- 2. waš šra žha bz:af wl:a šwy:a dlqdur?
- 3. ml:i šra žha kdur, aš dar baš yws:lhum ld:ar?
- 4. aš qaltlu m:u ml:i wsl ld:ar ?
- 5. ml:i šra žha libra , aš dar biha ?
- 6. aš dhrlk fžha ? (raql 'intelligent', mfl:s 'stupid', hmq , 'insane')

I.2 Jeha, His Son, and Their Donkey žha w:ldu wž:hš dyalhum

hada žha kan γadi huwa w:ldu γadyin msafrin rakbin fuq wahd ž:hš . dazu qud:am wahd ž:mava dn:as qalu "šuf , šuf had n:as mayšíqu mawalu! hadak ž:hš mskin . huma kayrd:buh daba . welaš maytmš: awš ela ržlihum wyxl: iwh yry:h šwy:a !" huma fatu wml:i fatu, nzlu mn fuq ž:hš, wrkb žha fuq ž:hš, w:ldu kaytmisa qudamu. whuma zaydin, dazu cla wahd žamaca ira dnas. haduk n:as qalu "šuf hadak r:ažl makayhšmš wldu sγiwr wmayxl:ihš yrkb fuq ž:hš whuwa ytmš:a cla ržlih! "žha nzl mn fuq ž:hš wrk:b wldu . dazu cla wahd ž:maca dn:as frin qalu "šuf had lwld hada, qlil ladab had lwld, mayxl:iš bah yrkb fuq ž:hš whuwa ytmš:a cla ržlih ! " waš dar žha , nz:l wldu wqal:u "yal:ah . rkbt ana maqbluš n:as , rkbna bžuž maqbluš n:as , rkbt ntaya maqbluš n:as . yal:ah nhz:uh cla ktafna ." whadak š:i l:i daru . hz:u ž:hš cla ktafhum bžuž, wžaw daxlin lwahd lmdina , daxlin lmdina wn:as kaydhku clihum .

Vocabulary

LKD

to mount

žhš (m) / žhuša

ass

```
dazu qd:am wahd ž:mara dn:as .
                                         They passed by a group of people.
žmaca (f) / -t
                                          group
mskin (m) / msakin ~ musakn
                                         poor
ed:b
                                          to torture
tmš:a
                                          to walk
ry:h
                                          to rest
hšm
                                          to be ashamed
syiwr (m) / syiwrin
                                          diminutive of /syir/ 'little,
syiwra (f) / syiwrat
                                          small !
?adab
                                          politeness, manners, literature
qlil ladab
                                          impolite (of little manners)
abl
                                          to accept, agree
hz:
                                          to carry
dxl (kaydxul)
                                          to enter
dhk (cla)
                                          to laugh (at), mock, make fun
                                          of
dhk (mea)
                                          to kid someone
```

Before listening to the field recording, please notice the following regional differences:

gud:am (qud:am) in front of

ntar (dyal ~ d-) of, belonging to

ntari , ntark, ntaru , etc.

Notice that the same informant uses /ka-/ prefix in /kayed:buh/ 'they torture him'. In the previous story he used /ta-/ prefix in /tayfk:r/

'he thinks'. He also uses /ml:i/ 'when'. In addition, note that the same informant varies in the use of /ntar/ 'of' and /d-/ 'of'. When asked whether he used /dyal/ 'of', he answered in the affirmative.

I.2.1

Questions - 'as'ila

- layn kan γadi žha w:wldu ?
- 2. šnu galu n:as ml:i săfu žha w:ldu rakbin bžužhum vž:hš ?
- 3. šnu dar žha mn bed ?
- 4. aš qalulhum ž:maca t:anya dn:as ?
- 5. šnu qalu n:as ml:i šafu žha kaytmš:a vla ržlih w:ldu rakb fuq ž:hš?
- 6. ašnu emlu n:as ml:i šafu žha w:ldu rafdin ž:hš dyalhum ?
- 7. aš dhrlkum fhad lmatal "l:i ytbo klam n:as mayžbr fayn yeml dyalu." ?

* * *

Jeha from Morocco and Jeha from Algeria žha ntas lmayrib wžha ntas lžazadr

hada žha ntav lmayrib vrd vla žha ntav lžazvir baš ytvš;a vndu . aran:a asidi whuma galsin žabulhum t;vam . žha ntav lmayrib dar l:hm mnžihtu . žha ntav lžazavir bqa kayšuf , kayšuf , gal "kifaš yadi ndir baš nakul hadak l:hm !" aran:a žatu wahd lfkra qal lžha ntav lmyrib - gal:u - "lu-kan kunt ana sidi rb:i , yadi ngbd lrd kima ha kda , wndw:rha"

wgbd t:bsil wdw:r l:hm mnžihtu . žha ntas lmayrib gal:u
"walayn:i nta druk maši sidi rb:i , iwa xl:i d:nya kima rahi"
wdw:r t:bsil wrd: l:hm mnžihtu .

Vocabulary

to invite erd (ela) Algeria lžaza?ir to have dinner tes:a here : "well" aran:a food; here: couscous t:cam side žiha (f) / -t if (impossible), contrary to lukan ~ wkan ~ kun fact if I wère lukan kuntana if you were lukan kunti nta if he were lukan kan huwa if we were lukan kun:a hna lukan kanu andi lmlayn manxdm manrdm . If I were a millionaire, I would never work. (a song) to demolish rdm to hold gbd ~ qbd ~ qbt the earth (the world) lrd to round, turn dw:r

druk
...
d:nya ~ d:unya
the world
kima rahi ~ kima hiya
as it is
rd: (-u-)
to return

Conditional Sentences with /ila/ 'if (possible, probable)' and /kun/,
/lukan/, and /wkan/ 'if (impossible, contrary to fact)'. (on tape):

- ila tani lflus , γadi nmši nšri t:umubil .
 If he gives me money, I'll buy the car.
- 2. ila taht š:ta , {manšiš mayadiš nmši}ls:inima .

 If it rains, I will not go to the movies.
- ila bγiti tmši fhalk , qulhali daba .
 If you want to go, just tell me.
- 4. ila kan endk wld mrid , xs:k tey:t el t:bib .

 If you have a sick child, you should call a doctor.
- 5. ila kanu andi lflus , wl.ahi manbqa hna qsmayn dlmagana . If I had money, I would not stay here for more than ten minutes.
- 6. wkan ža , kan rani mšit .
 Had he come, I would have left.
- 7. wkan kan eml:i t:ilifun , kunt mšit endu .

 Had he phoned me, I would have gone tohis place.

- 8. wkan kun: a mšina bkri , kuna tlaqina mrah tm:a .

 Had we left early, we would have met him there.
- 9. lukun ža bkri , kan had š:i gas matra .

 Had he come early, this would not have happened.
- 10. kun kant mšat libulis , kanu cawnuha bz.af .

 Had she gone to the police, they would have helped her a lot.
- 11. lukun šftu , lukun titu lbra .

 If I had seen him, I would have given him the letter.
- 12. lukan kan hna , kan rah navs mva rasu .

 Had he been here, he would have been asleep.
- 13. ila ža daba , nmšiw žmir .

 If he comes now, we'll all leave together.
- 14. lukan kunt ana , manmšiš asidi . If it were me, I would not go.
- 15. lukan kun: a mšina bkri , kan rah hna wslna .

 If we had left early, we would have been there now.
- 16. lukan kant žat , kan rah tkl:m meaha ela had lqady:a .

 Had she been here, he would have discussed this matter with her.

I.3.1

Questions - ?as?ila

- 1. claš crd žha dlmayrib cla žha dlžazavir ?
- 2. aš dar žha dlmayrib ml:i žabulhum t:cam ?

- 3. šnu qal žha dlžazavir , wašnu dar?
- 4. šnu dar žha dlmayrib flaxir ?
- 5. šnu dhrlk fžha dlmayrib ?

* * *

I.4

The Age of Jeha's Uncle žha wem:u

hada wahd s:y:d ža end žha qal:u "ana em:i endu tmnya wtsein eam ". qal:u žha "kif walu tmnya wtsein eam . ana em:i lukan rah ead eayš kan rah endu my:a wtsein eam".

Vocabulary

kif walu

lukan rah sad sayš

it is nothing (i.e., no t

very impressive)

if he were alive

I.4.1

Question - sural

cawdlna lqş:a dyal žha wcm:u .

1.5

Jeha and the Donkeys žha wlhmir

hada žņa d:a všra dlimir d:ahum baš ybivhum d:ahum ls:uq whuwa kan rakb fuq wahd limar wtsva dlimir lxrin qud:amu mgw:dhum . huwa kayhsb limir kaylqa tsva , vla xatr huwa kan rakb fuq wahd limar . ml:i kayhw:d mn fuq limar l:i kan rakb fuqu, kayhsb všra . kaytlv fuq limar, kayhsb tsva . kayhw:d mn fuq limar, kayhsb všra . kaytlv fuq limar, kayhsb tsva . kayhw:d mn fuq limar, kayhsb všra . qal "kifaš had lqady:a hadi ? maymknš" lqa wahd s:y:d whkalu lqady:a . qal:u ha kifaš wha kifaš . wqal:u "l:a yxl:ik hsb daba šuf šhal kayn mn hmar ?" hadak s:y:d qal:u" awd:i ana rani šayf hna hdaš dlimir."

Vocabulary

gw:d

cla xatr

hw:d

qady:a (f) / -t

maymknš

hka (i)

ha kifaš wha kifaš

to direct, to guide
because
to dismount, descend
problem, matter
it is impossible, it can't be
to narrate
this and that (here: he told
him the story)

I.5.1

Questions - asaila

- l. šhal mn hmar d:a žha ls:uq baš ybic ?
- 2. ml:i kayhsb lhmir whuwa rakb cla wahd , šhal kaylqa ?
- 3. wml:i kyhw:d , šhal kaylqa ?
- 4. šnu gal žha mea rasu ?
- 5. šnu qal:u hadak s:y:d ml:i *awdlu lqs:a dyalu ?
- 6. šnu dhrlk fžha?

* * *

I.6

Jeha and the Ducks žha wlbrkat

hada žņa endu wahd žaru, whan hadak ž;ar endu ešra
dlbrkat . whadak ž;ar bya yṣafr,qal lžņa "waš matnž;mš

tqbţhumli endk wthqihum whadak š;i ?" qal;u žņa "wax;a asidi
ela r;as wlein ". wax;a , hadak ž;ar mša ṣafr,wžņa bqa kayšuf
flbrkat,kayšufhum,kayšufhum . iwa wylbuh žnunu,dbh whda wklaha .
ml;i rže ž;ar qal;u "iwa ažņa xl;itlk ešra dlbrkat,wdaba
šayf yir tsea . finha hiya hadik ?" gal;u "asidi had š;i
l;i kayn . yir tsea l;i kayn ." bqaw hakdak,hakdak,ht;a ft;ali
mšaw end lqadi . mšaw end lqadi wfh;mulu lqady;a whadak š;i .
wlqadi qal;u" ažņa fin drt lxra ?" qal;u "asidi lqadi had
š;i l;i kayn . kayn yir tsea dlbrkat ." lqadi fk;r fwahd

lhila . qal yadi nžib všra dlmxazny:a , wml:i nsf:rlhum , kul:
wahd yqbd brka . wyadi ybqa wahd bla brka . wtm:a žha yadi
yfhm bl:i yxs: brka . daru hadak š:i . wml:i bqa wahd lmxazni
bla brka , bqa gard bwhdu . qal:u lqadi lžha "ha nta katšuf ,
ha huwa hadak marnduš lbrka". qal:u "asidi ha huma kanu tm:a ,
claš flw:l maymšiš yžri ht:a huwa , yd:i whda ?"

Vocabulary

brka (f) / -t

nž:m

hda (i)

cla r:as wlcin

Ylb

žn: (m) / žnun

ylbuh žnunu

dbh

hakdak

ft:ali

qadi (m) / qudat

mxazni (m) / mxazny:a

duck

to be able to

to watch over

with great pleasure

to beat, conquer

demon, jinn

he could not resist

to slaughter

thus

finally

judge

government employee, usually

uniformed, having messenger

duties

government administration,

authorities

to whistle

lmxzn

sf:r

I.6.1

Questions - paspila

- 1. šnu tlb ž:ar lžha?
- 2. waš qbl žha wl:a la ? waš qal:u ?
- 3. aš dar žha ml:i γlbuh žnunu ?
- 4. šnu žbr mul lbrkat ml:i rže mn s:fr dyalu ?
- 5. ašnu dar lqadi ml:i mšaw lendu ?
- 6. waš qdr lqadi yhl: lmuškila awl:a la ? *laš ? (mţw:r 'smart')

* * *

I.7

Jeha from Oujda and Jeha from Fez žņa dužda wžņa dfas

hada žḥa dužda , mša cnd žḥa dfas wbya yḥṣ:lu . iwa n:as crfu , asidi , bayl:a žḥa dužda rah ža cnd žḥa dfas wbya yḥṣ:lu , wžtamcu ši nas bz:af . wžḥa dužda bdalhum qal:hum "škun huwa 1:i dayr kima lḥmar endu leinin yir cinin lḥmar w:dnin yir wdnin lḥmar , wfm. yir fm. lḥmar,wš:cr yir šer lḥmar,wr:žlin yir ržlin lḥmar , ws:nan yir snan lhmar , wn:if yir nif lḥmar , wš:w:al yir š:w:al dlḥmar , walayn:i maši kima lḥmar yir fḥaža , yir ḥit hada endu ž:naḥ , wynž:m yṭir." n:as asidi bqaw yfk:ru , yfk:ru , waḥd yqul:u hadi ṭ:y:ara . waḥd yqul:u z:awš . wkul: waḥd aš kayqul:u , ḥṭ:a kayḥṣlu . kul:hum ḥṣlu,wžḥa dfas ḥsl ,

wkul: ši hslu , wqalulu qulhalna , daba marrfrahaš . qal:hum žha dužda " hadak huwa lhmar ." qalulu "walayn:i lhmar waš endu ši žnah ?" qalhum ana drt ž:nah yir baš matxružuš eliha wsafi , baš materfuhaš ."

Vocabulary

hsl

hs:1

žtame

yir

šw:al (m) / šwawl.

vir hit

žnah (m) / žwanh

zawš (m) / zwawš - ž:awž

xrž (kayxruž)

xrž cla

to get trapped, get stuck,

be caught up

to catch, capture, trap

to gather, meet (with)

here: "like"

tail

here: except for, except that

wing

sparrow

to go out, to leave

to let someome down, break

one's word, go off (e.g. a

car goes off the road)

I.7.1

Questions - ?as?ila

- 1. claš mša žha dužda baš ytlaga mca žha dfas ?
- 2. rawdlna aš qal žha dužda ln:as ?
- 3. waš qdru n:as yžawbuh wl:a la ?
- 4. šnu kan lžawab džha dužda ?

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,						
			•			

UNIT TWO *

II.1

Weather in Morocco

t:qs flmayrib

daba yadi ntkl:m 'la t:qs flmayrib . kul:ši kay vrf bayl:a lmayrib blad sxuna, walakin kayn 'ndna š:ta wkayn r:bie, wkayn s:if, wkayn lxrif . š:ta kat:ih maši bz:af, wkayn t:lž fuq ž:bal, wši xtrat fši camat kaytih t:lž flmdina, walakin maši dima . kayn r:bie, iwa fr:bie žwayh šhr abril, r:bie kaykun xdr, wkayn lwrd bz:af, wm:as kayxružu ytsaraw, kayxružu ytnž:hu fš:awarie wflhadiqa awl:a fž:nan, wmnbed kayži s:if . fs:if lmadaris kaysd:u wmakaybqawš d:rari yqraw . kul: wahd kaymši ytsara fžiha . kayn l:i kaymši llbhr wkayn l:i kaymši lž:bl wkayn l:i kaysafr . ws:if hnaya sxun ši šwy:a . lhal kaykun sxun ši šwy:a , walakin n:as mwalfin bih . wkayži bz:af dyal n:as kayzuru lmayrib; sw:ah mnkul: žiha . mn bed kayži lxrif . iwa fwqt lxrif lwraq dyal š:žr kaybdaw ytihu , wlbrd kaybqa ysut ši šwy:a , lbrd kaybqa yži mn dak lwqt .

The informant for the texts of this Unit (II.1 - II.4) was a twenty-four year old high school teacher, a native of Casablanca.

```
Vocabulary
```

```
tqs
                                             weather
žbl (m) / žbal
                                             mountain
xtra (f) / -t
                                             time (e.g. two times)
ši xtra
                                              sometime
ši xtrat
                                              sometimes
tsara
                                             to take a walk
tnz:h
                                             to go on excursion
hadiqa (f) / -t
                 hadayiq
                                             garden
žnan (m) / -at
                                             orchard
bhr (m) / bhur
                                              sea
lhal
                                             the weather, situation, state
walf (b-)
                                             to be accustomed (to)
sa?ih (m)/sw:ah
                                             tourist
wrqa (f) / wraq
                                             leaf, paper
šžra (f) / šžr
                                             tree
sžra (f) / sžr
                                             tree
sat (u)
                                             to blow
fşl (m) / fşul
                                             season
```

II.1.1

Questions - paspila

- l. kifaš ţ:qş flmaγŢib ? (ki dayr ţ:qş flmaγŢib ?)
 (ki = kif)
- 2. šhal mn fşl fleam ? šnu huma ?
- 3. ki dayr r.bi flmayrib ?
- 4. aš kaytra f: \$1 \$if ?

- 5. ki dayr lxrif flmayrib ?
- 6. kifaš t:qş hna f?amirika ?
- 7. škun ahsn tas framirika wl:a flmayrib?

* * *

The City of Fez

II.2

mdint fas

ml:mudun lqdam l:i endna hna flmayrib mdint fas . mdint fas mdina qdima bz:af . kan bnaha lmalik mulay dris feam tmnmy:a milady:a . mulay dris t:ani , (huwa 1:i bnaha)*, wrah mdfun fiha 1?an . mdint fas qdima, whiya 1:i fiha lžami a dyal lqarawy:in žami a qdima bz:af, fiha bz:af dyal t:alaba mn anha? lealam . mdint fas merufa bz:naqi dyalha d:y:qin . wila msa si wahd tm:a yzur mdint fas , radi ylqa n:as rakbin 'la lhmir , wyadyin fz:naqi dy:qin . 'laš ? li'n:a s:y:arat , aw t:umubilat kima kanqulu , maymknlhums yduzu mn tm:a . walihada n:as kaykunu rakbin cla lhmir wradyin . mdint fas kansm;iwha l'asima l'lmy:a , 'lawd: fiha lžami'a wn:as kaymšu llmadari tm:a. wkayqulu bayl:a t:aqafa bdat tm:a . awd tani , mdint fas merufa blasima laislamy:a . d:in laislami tkw:n tm:a fmdint fas . mulay dris ml:i ža llmayrib žab meah leislam . wlihada lmdina merufa bt:aqafa dyalha wbl'islam dyalha . lmdina shal fiha dyal s:uk:an ? fiha myatayn wxmsin alf (awl:a) tlt my:at alf ds:uk:an . merufa (bayl:a fiha) bz:af dyal lmadaris wž: wamie . bhal daba , lmdrasa lbuenany: a . wžamieat lqarawy:in l:i kul:ši kayerfha .

Vocabulary

milady:a

A.D.

hzry:a

of the Hijra

^{*}Forms in parentheses are not on the original field recording.

dfn	to bury
1? an	now
anha? lealam	all parts of the world
znqa (f) / znaqi	street .
lim:a	because
walihada	for this reason
sm:a (i)	to name
% (f) / - t	capital
olm (m) . oulum	science
l clm ~ lcilm	learning, science
Imi (m)	scientific, educational (nisba)
clawd:~ c lawd:aš	because
taqafa	culture
cawd tani	also, in addition, again, once
	again
l sislam	Islam
din (m) / adyan	religion
sakn (m) / suk:an	inhabitant
II.2.1	

Questions - asaila

- 1. qulina s:my:a dyal wahd lmdina ml:mudun lqdam flmaγrib ?
- 2. škun 1:i bna mdint fas ?
- 3. fin tdfn mulay dris t:ani ?
- 4. fayn kayna žamivat lqarawy:in ?
- 5. kifaš dayrin z:naqi fmdint fas ?
- 6. waš ţ:umubilat ymkinlhum yduzu fz:naqi q:y:qin dfas ?
- 7. škun huma s:my:at l:i toţaw lmdint fas ? claš ?
- 8. šhal suk; an mdint fas ?

II.3 Educational System in Morocco

n:idam dyal t:elim flmayrib

daba Yadi ntkl:m cla n:idam dyal t:clim flmayrib . flmayrib t:fl , wl:a d:r:i , wl:a (kima) kancy:tulih lwld , ml:i kaybda yqra , (menaha ml:i) kaybda ymši llmdrasa , ml:i katkun femru sbe snin , kaymši llmdrasa lbtida; y:a . kaygls flmdrasa lbtida; y:a xms snin katkun femru dik s:aca tnašar cam . ml:i kaywsl tnašar cam , kayn wahd lmtihan . kaydw:z wahd lmtihan , bas yduz lt: lim t:anawi , l:isi wl:a lkuliž . kaydw:z lmtihan . ila huwa nžh , kaymši ls:ana lw:la dyal t:anawi . mn s:ana l:w:la kaydw:z tlt snin tanawi , (wkaysb:r) wahd s:ahada smitha s:ahada t:anawy:a , (awl:a sahadat) t: lim t:anawi. mnb d , qbt s:ahada wl:a maqbthas , ila kan kayxdm mzyan , kan tlmid muztahid . kayduz lt:ur t:ani dyal t: lim t:anawi , kaydw:z s:ana r:ab°a , ws:ana lxamsa , ws:ana s:at:a . wml:i kaywsl ls:ana s:at:a , kaykun dw:z st: snin ft:anawi , ila huwa maemru maeawd leam . ml:i kaywsl s:ana s:at:a kaydw:z šahada xra niha?iy:a , smitha lbakalurya šahadat lbakalurya . kayn flmyrib žuž dyal l?anwa dyal t: lim , kayn t: lim lmu r:b, l:i t:lamid kayqraw wkaydrsu rir bl araby:a . wkayn t: lim l:i fih laraby:a wlfaransy:a muzdawž: , fih žuž dl:uyat . t: lim lmuer:b , ht:a huwa bhal laxr kaydw:zu xms snin flbtida?i . wst: snin ft:anawi , wkaydw:zu bakalurya blearaby:a ; wkayqraw swy:a dyal lfransawy:a , wswy:a dl?inglizy:a . t: lim lmuzdawz: kaybdaw ml:btida?i wt:anawi kayqraw blfransy:a , wkayqraw laraby:a kaluya; wml:i kaywslu is:ana r:ab a kaybdaw yqraw l'inglizy:a kaluya aznaby:a tanya . ml:i kaywslu lbakalurya, kaydw:zu lbakalurya blfransawy:a wl araby: a wl inglizy: a . ila t: lmid qbt lbakalurya , kayqbt im: a

^{*} Forms in parentheses are not on the original field recording.

bakalurya adaby:a ila huwa qra loadab wl:uyat , wl:a kayqbt lbakalurya elmy:a ila huwa qra r:yady:at,zema lhsab wl:a t:abiey:at . ila huwa qbt lbakalurya ymknlu ymši llžamica . endna flmarrib žamica fr:bat smitha žamicat muhm:d lxamis . wkayna whda f:as xas:a bt:ul:ab l:i kayqraw yir learaby:a . wkayn whda fmr:aks, wkayn madaris eulya xra bhal lmdrasa leulya llaasatida l:i t:alib kaydxul:iha blbakalurya wmnbed makayqdi rbe snin kayxruž sustad flmad:a l:i bya . ml:i kaywslu t:ul:ab llžamica kayn kul:y:a dyal t:ib:, wkul:y:at lhuquq, wkul:y:at \$:ariea loislamy:a. kaymknlhum yšb:ru l:isans ; l:isans menah ižaza kaydw:zha mur rbe snin . bhal daba fkul:y:at laadab, aw tlt snin fkul:y:at lhuquq, ila maemrk marawdti lram . ila dw:zti (nqulu) l:isans fkul:y:at l?adab , ymknlk ttxr:ž vustad fl:uya lfransawy:a , wl:a learaby:a wl:a l:uya lvinglizy:a . (woila) drti lisans floulum, ymknlk ttxr:ž oustad fr:yady:at, wl:a ft:abicy:at , wl:a tdir bht , wl:a ymknlk tdir t:ib . ft:ib; (kaymknlk tbqa) mabin sbo snin whdašr cam ila byiti txruž mxts: . wkayn bz:af dyal t:alaba 1:i kayxružu llxariž baš yqraw wyzidu ydrsu dirasat culya .

Vocabulary

nidam (m) / mudum ~ andima

tfl (m) / atfal ~ tfula

mdrasa btida; y; a

mtihan (m) / -at

t: lim t: anawi

nžh

šahada (f) / -t

mužtahd (m)

kid, child

primary school

examination

secondary education

to succeed, pass an examination

certificate

clever, hadrworking, diligent

```
tur (m) / atwar
                                              stage
cawd.
                                              to repeat
niha;i (m)
                                              final
bakalurya (f)
                                              high school certificate
mu°r:b
                                              Arabicized
tlmid (m) / tlmad
                                              pupil
tlmida (f) / tlmidat
muzdawž
                                              double (educational system:
                                              French and Arabic)
 adabi (m)
                                              literary
 r:yada
                                              sports
 r:yady:at (always p. in form)
                                              mathematics
 Zema
                                              that is to say, or, meaning
 lhsab
                                              arithmatic
t:abi y:at (always p. in form)
                                             natural sciences
lmdrsa leulya 112 asatida
                                              Teacher's College
qda (i)
                                              to spend (time)
mad:a / mawad
                                              subject (of studies)
 š:arica
                                              Islamic law
ižaza (f) / -t
                                              diploma
 xts:
                                              to specialize
```

II.3.1

Questions - ?as?ila

- 1. wqtas kaybdaw d:rari lqraya dyalhum flmayrib ?
- 2. Shal kaygls t: lmid ft: clim lbtida?i flmayrib?
- 3. aš xş:u ydw:z baš ymši lt: clim t:anawi ?

II.4

- 4. šhal kaygls ft: clim t:anawi?
- 5. škun huma š:ahadat 1:i kaytotaw ft:clim t:anawi?
- 6. škun huma l:uyat ložnaby:a l:i kayqrawhum t:lamd flmayrib ?
- 7. šnu huwa t:clim lmucr:b ?
- 8. aš katerf ela t.elim lmuzdawž ?
- 9. škun huwa lfrq bin lbakalurya lelmy:a wlbakalurya leadaby:a ?
- 10. šhal mn cam kaydw:z ţ:alib flžamica baš yqbţ l:isans ?
- 11. qul:na bed s:my:at dyal lžamicat wlkul:y:at wlmadaris leulya l:i kaynin flmaγrib ?
- 12. waš kayn ši ţaļaba mayriba l:i yqraw flxarž ?

* * *

The Month of Ramadan in Morocco

šhr rmdan flmayrib

ml:i kaywsl rmdan , wrmdan huwa š:hr l:i kaysumu fih lmuslimin ,
ml:i kaywsl rmdan flmayrib,n:as kaykunu frhanin bz:af , katkun šebana ead
xrzat wn:as kaykunu frhanin . n:as kaysumu,kaydl:u saymin n:har kul:u
wkaydl:u flxdma dyalhum . flešy:a ml:i lmwd:in kaywd:n lmyrb , kayži
wqt lftur , n:as kaysl:iw , l:i kaysl:iw.wmn bed kayglsu bas yaklu .
iwa kul: earila wkifas katakul , bhal daba kayn l:i kaybdaw blqhwa,
yšrbuha hiya lw:la , qhwa blhlib bhal lftur leadi . wl:a kayšrbu lhrira .
lhrira muhim:a bz:af frmdan . kul:si , makaynš l:i makaty:bš lhrira
frmdan . kul:ši (n:as kayšrbu) *hrira (frmdan) . lhrira kansw:buha
bležina . ležina kandiruha fwahd t:nžra,wkandiru meaha lhm:us ,
wlful,wleds,wši xtra dš:ery:a,wši xtrat gæ, trifat dyal l:hm .

Forms in parentheses are ones which represent deviations from the original field tape. Changes were made for structural purposes.

katbqa tyli ht:a kat:ib , kandiru meaha libzar wlmlha , ht:a katwl:i bhal s:ub:a, rir hiya fiha duq mzyan . wkayn n:as l:i kayby iw fiha lhm:us bz:af, wlful (clawd:as katezbhum lhrira tqila). lhrira kat:srb fz:layf . kayžibu n:as z:layf fuq (lmida) wmn bed kaybqaw yxwiw . iwa kaysrbu lhrira walakin dak lwqt kaymknlhum yaklu lhlwa . Indna wahd lhlwa smyitha S:b:aky:a - Indna hlwa smy:tha s:b:aky:a - whlwa xra smy:tha griws , (hlwa xas:a makattsawb yir lbriwat . bhalha bhal si qlaf dyal lbra , hadak si qlas kay y:tulha lbriwa . d:rari kaybyiw š:b:aky:a wgriwš fwqt rmdan . wkayn frmdan cawd tani,n:as 1:i kayaklu , kayaklu t:mr. t:mr kaytbac bz:af frmdan clawd: hlw, wbih kabdaw gar n:as ši xtrat flftur . ml:i kaysaliw n:as (lhrira), suf kul:wahd shal kaysrb, zlafa, wl:a žuž ht:a kayso, kayglsu swy:a kayqs:ru a ma kad:uz dak lmakla, lawd: kaykunu fn:har kul:u whuma xd:amin wsaymin . kayduz swy:a dyal lwqt , n:as kaybdaw yxruzu . kayxruzu ytsaraw fl:il . (huma makaytsarawš) fn:har (*lawd:as) kaykunu saymin wxd:amin (*in:ama) kaytsaraw fl:il . kayxružu yduru wleyalat kaytžameu bedy:athum ši xtrat, wkaybqaw ytbilu wyyn:iw, wr:žal kayn ši xtrat kaylebu lkarta, kaymšiw llqhawi , kaybqaw mqs:rin fz:nqa ht:a lnsasat l:il . daba n:as 1:i katkun endhum lxdma kaynesu, bhal daba flesra dl:il, bas kayfiqu ynudu ytsh:ru . šnu huwa s:hur ? s:hur (huwa) n:as kayfiqu fzwayh t:lata ds:bah wl:a r:b a ds:bah bas yaklu . li an:a š:ms katkun baqya matleat, wrmdan xs:na nsumu mn suruq s:ms ht:a lyurub s:ms . ila kan:udu mn r:ba ds:bah,ht:a lxmsa kaynud lmuad:in,kanbdaw naklu . s:hur kaykun xfif . kaykun im:a hlib , wl:a hlib wxubz mqli , wl:a hlwa , wl:a kayn n:as l:i kayaklu lmrqa, walakin qlil . iwa ml:i kaytsh:ru n:as kay awdu yn su wl:a kayn l:i kayxruz lxdmtu dik s:a a

wkaybqaw saymin ht:a llyd: flmayrib . *(iwa daba frmdan kayn masa?il Rra muhim:a aktr mn lakl . lmuslim lxalis labd: ma ysl:i xms salawat fn:har , ?in:ama hada din end lmuslimin zamiean kul:hum . kaysl:iw , wkaysumu, wkayzk:iw, wkay s:ru, z:aka menaha kul: insan kayxs:u y ti ima lflus , awl:a z:r , awl:a lksiba awl:a lhwayz llmsakin . wl:a kaymknlu ykrm lmsakin bkul: ţariqa . hadi hiya z:aka . wleušur hiya kul: wahd kayxs:u yxr:z leusur mn lmaly:a, ?awl:a ml:murabaha dyalu . had l'usur kaymši lž:wam; wl:a dar lxiry:a . wkayn nas xas:in huma 1:i kayzmeu duk lhdy:at kul:hum wkayfr:quhum e lmsakin . haza xra , nhar shea wesrin frmdan fl:il kansm:iwha "lilat lqadr", n:as kul:hm kaykunu frhanin , wkul: cibadl:ah kaybatu fayqin kaysl:iw fz:awamie, wkaytlbu l:ah yyfrlhum d:unub dyalhum . flilt lqadr kul:hum lmusl:min kayamnu bayl:a biban s:ma kul:hum mftuhin . wl:i kaykun caml si dnub mca l:ah , dik l:ila kaysl:i wytlb l:ah yyfrlu . n:har li mmbed earr yum frmdan huwa leid ş:yir. kul:ši n:as kayxr:zu lftra mn bed s:la . snu hiya lftra ? lftra hiya kul: wahd wd:amir dyalu , y ti llmsakin dak š:i l:i bya . wl:i makay tiš lftra bhal ila masams . iwa asidi wkayn masa, il xra xas:a firamadan wahiya n:as 1:i kaysumu hram elihum bas ykmiw, wl:a ysrbu, wl:a ytkl:mu ela nas krin bši eib . iwa had š:i makan . safi .

Vocabulary

muslim (m) / muslimin

mslm (m) / mslmin

šeban

š°bana

Moslem

Moslem

the Moslem month of Shaban a period in the middle of

Shaban

Starting at this point, this is an addition to the field text which completes the text, adding more pertinent information.

dl:	to remain
mwd:n ~ muad:n / - in	announcer of the hour of
	prayer (in a mosque)
wd:n	to announce prayers
sl:a (i)	to pray
fadi (m)	ordinary
<pre>fžina (f)</pre>	dough
tnžra (f) / -t ~ tnažr	metal cooking pot
šery:a	vermicelli
trf (m) / traf	piece
try:f (m) /trifat	small piece (Dim.)
Yla (i)	to boil
sub:a	soup
sala	to finish
lkarţa	playing cards
tşh:r	to have a light meal before
	daybreak in Ramadan
s:hur	the last meal of the day,
	shortly before daybreak during
	Ramadan
livan:a	because
baqi	remaining
suruq	sunrise
Yurub	sunset
qla (i)	to fry
lmrqa	sauce (here refers to stew)
Ylaf (m) / -at	envelope

ger indeed, even, also, all (in negative constructions) tb:1 to beat the drum Yd: the next day xalis (m) true (believer) sala (f) / salawat ~ sla / slawat prayer oin:ama hada din this is (according to) religion zamis an ~ zmis all, together zk:a to give alms °s:r to pay tithes zaka (f) giving alms, charity insan person Zre "Zre grain (e.g. hard wheat) ksiba breeding animals (cattle sheep) mskin (m) / msakin poor person krm to honor tariq (m) / turqan way (road) bkul tariqa in every way (in different ways, by any means maly:a income, wealth murabaha (f) / -t income žame (f) / žwame mosque dar lxiry:a charitable society hdy:a(f)/-tgift fr:q to distribute, split lilat lqaqr the night of the 27th of Ramadan; it is the night in which, according to Sura 97,

the Koran was revealed.

charitable (Nisba)
to adore, worship
<pre>people (God's worshippers)</pre>
awoke
to forgive sins
sin
to believe
almsgiving at the end of
Ramadan
conscience
to prevent, forbid, deprive
to cause to be forbidden
forbidden by religion
that is it, that is all that
there is to it.

II.4.1

Questions asaila

- 1. a smit š:hr l:i ysumu fih lmuslimin ?
- 2. waš n:as kayxdmu ml:i kaykunu şaymin ?
- 3. šhal mn sava toribn kaysumu n:as flyum?
- 4. baš kayftru lmyarba frmdan ?
- 5. wqtas kayftru ?
- 6. aš kaydiru r.žal mnbed lftur ?
- 7. aš kaydiru leyalat mnbed lftur ?
- 8. šnu huwa ş:hur?
- 9. aš xş: 1muslim 1xaliş ydir frmdan ?
- 10. škun hiya z:aka ?
- ll. aš katvrf vla lilat lqadr ?
- 12. šnu hiya lftra ?
- 13. šnu huwa leid ş: yir ?

• .

UNIT THREE *

III.1

Tea

atay

n:as kul:hum flmyrib kbar wsyar , ržal weyalat , flmudun wfleruby:a,awl:a lqbayl , wflqryat awl:a fd:wawr,kayšrbu dima atay bn:enae . atay bn:enae eada mayriby:a qdima . atay kayšrbuh n:as fs:bah wfd:hur wflesy:a .

flmayrib ml:i kayby iw yqimu atay, aw:ala mr:a, kaykun lma yali flbqraž; yeni katkun lbnt, awl:a lwld, eml lbqraž fuq lmžmr wkayxl:ih ht:a kayyli . wmnbed r:ažl kayeml atay hbub flbr:ad, wkayšl:lu, menaha kayysl atay; zema kaykub: lma tayb ml:bqraž fuq atay, wkaydw:r lbr:ad, wyxwi dak lma lmws:x fkas. wmnbed kayluh dak lma wkybqa hbub atay flbr:ad nqi .

mnb d š:lala kaydir siukiar wnichac xdr flbr:ad, wkaykub: dih ma tayb ml:bqraž wyoml lbr:ad fuq lmžmr wahd d:aqiqa, wmnb d kaykub: kas axr wyduq mn:u baš yorf ila kan hlu awl:a ms:us.

in:ama lyaliba dimayariba kaybyiw atay hlw bz:af cad . ila kan atay ms:us kayzid fih suk:ar wyrd:u fuq lmžmr . wila kan huwa hadak, kayzidu ši šwy:a ds:uk:ar .

^{*} The informant for the texts of this Unit (III.1 - III.4) was a twenty-eight year old native speaker of Fez.

fl°a°ilat lmaqriby:a kayn n:as l:i kayšrbu tlata,awl:a rbea , awl:a ktr dlkisan . flmaqrib makayqd:muš atay bwhdu , dima m°ah ši haža kima l:uz , wlgrga° , wlkawkaw , y°ni n:wa ; whlwat kadalik , kima Ŷry:ba , aw ka°b Ŷzal , awl:a lmhn:ša , wši xtrat frmdan š:b:aky:a wlbriwat . l°a°ilat lmaqriby:at kul:hum kaydf°u maly:a ktira fhad lmasa zil dyal atay , kima s:iny:a dn:has,wlbr:ad dn:uqra,wlkisan dlbn:ar,wlbqraž dn:has , wlbabur , wt:as dlysil kadalik . e awd tani,kayxs:na n°rfu bayl:a had š:i kayn flmaqrib kul:u , makayn ht:a ši dar flmaqrib l:i makaystemluš had lmasa zil dyal atay kul:ha .

Vocabulary

qrya (f) / -t

dw:ar (m) / dwawr

yeni ~ menaha

mžmr (m) / mžamr

šl:1

šlala

z ema

in:ama

huwa hada , huwa hadak

hiya hadi , hiya hadik

huma hadu , huma haduk

lgrga e

lkawkaw

dfe

babur (m) / - at

village

village

mean, that is to say (i.e.)

coal or charcoal burner for

cooking

to rinse

rinsing

that is to say

the fact is

that is it (ms). exactly

that is it (fs), exactly

that is them, exactly

wal nuts

peanuts

to pay

samovar (also ship, boat)

kb: (-u-) to pour (liquids)
bqraž (m) / bqarž kettle
mqraž (m) / mqarž kettle

III.1.1

Questions - paspila

- škun l:i kayšrb atay flmaγrib ?
- 2. kifaš kayqimu lmyarba atay ?
- 3. škun hiya š:lala?
- 4. kifaš kaybyiw lmyarba atay dyalhum ?
- 5. aš kayaklu n:as flmayrib mra atay ?
- 6. škun huma lhwayž l:i kaystomluhum flmayrib baš yqimu atay ?
- 7. waš kaydfeu lmayariba bz:af dlflus ela atay ?

* * *

III.2

The Public Bath

lhm:am

flmayrib kayn bz:af dlhm:amat l:i kaymšiwlihum n:as; hm:amat š°by:in. flmayrib hadi qa°ida,l°yalat kaymšiw llhm:am fs:bah,wr:žal fl°šy:a. wnhar ž:m°a bl?axş: kaymšiw bz:af dr:žal qbl d:hur clawd:aš kaymšiw llmsžid ysl:iw žmic. leyalat makaymknlhumš ymšiw nhar ž:m°a fs:bah cla xatr r:žal kul:hum kaykunu flhm:am fs:bah.

aw:ala mr:a,l:i kayb\u00e7i ym\u00e8i llhm:am xs:u y\u00e7ib meah lfuta dyalu ws:abun wlmhk:a. wleayalat kay\u00e7ibu meahum kadalik,mn \u00e7ir had \u00e8:i, l\u00e7asul.

aw:ala mr:a, ml:i katdxul lhm:am katžbr lgl:as gals flgulsa, wmnbed huwa kaywr:ik fayn txl:i hwayžk, wkaymši meak wkaygl:sk fši qnt flhm:am . kayžiblk žuž ds:tula xawyin . fhad lwqt hada,ila byit nta ši ks:al,baš yysl:k wyks:lk wyžiblk lma l:i byiti,ila huwa kan msali , yadi yži endk fi sae , wila huwa kan mšyul,yadi yži endk mn bed. ašnu kaydir lks:al ? aw:ala mr:a,lks:al huwa brasu kayžiblk lma sxun,wkayžbdk fuq lrd,wkayks:lk fd:hr,ws:dr,wd:rae dyalk,wmnbed kayeml s:abun,wkayysl:k žuž wl:a tlata dlmr:at mzyan,wmnbed kaywq:fk wkaynš:fk,wmnbed kayd:ik llgulsa wkatgls mea eibadl:ahl:i thm:mu . wkatgls tm:a ht:a lwahd lwqt ml:i katrtah mea rask wttbr:d , katlbs hwayžk . wila byiti ši kas datay , kayžibuhlk ltm:a , llgulsa ; wmnbed , kateti ši haža llks:al , wkatxl:s mul lhm:am wtmši fhalk .

rawd tani, kayn n:as l:i kaymšiw žmir wkayks:lu brdy:athum wyγslu lbrdy:athum, wyxl:su wymšiw fhalhum .

fwqt leyalat, makaykun ht:a si razl flhm:am . dak lwqt , kaykunu rir leyalat l:i kayqablu lhm:am , flgulsa katkun wahd lmra l:i katqabl dak s:i , wht:a lks:ala kadalik fdak lwqt , kaykunu kul:hum eyalat .

hadi hiya adat lhm:am flmayrib kul:u .

Vocabulary

bl axs:

Se bi (m)

futa (f) / futat ~ fwati

mhk:a (f) / -t

yasul (m)

gl:as (m) / -a

gl:asa (f) / -t

popular, native, ordinary (Nisba)
towel
sponge for bath
shampoo
public bath attendant (male) or
manager
public bath attendant (female)

specially

or manager

gulsa ~ glsa (f) / -t ~ glasi public bath dressing room stl (m) / stula bucket ks:1 to massage ks:al (m) / ks:ala masseur (male) ks:ala(f)/-tmasseuse msali (m) free, having nothing to do fi sac immediately žbd to grab, pull on or out žbid to stretch tbr:d to cool tmši fhalk you go (home, your own way)

Questions - paspila

III.2.1.

- 1. fwqtaš kaymšiw leyalat llhm:am , wfwqtaš kaymšiw r:žal?
- 2. aš kaydiru r.žal nhar ž:mea ?
- 3. ašnu xş. lmra td.i meaha llhm.am?
- 4. asmit lmahal faš kayxl:iw hwayžhum flhm:am ?
- 5. škun huwa lgl:as?
- 6. qul:na aš kaydir lks:al ?
- 7. aš kayemlu n:as mn bed ma ythm:mu?
- 8. škun huma 1:i kayqablu 1hm;am fwqt leyalat?

* * *

III.3

Friday Prayer şalat lžumuva

lmslmin žamican kaymšiw yşļ.iw nhar ž:mca fd:hur . saļat lžumuca dima kayşl:iwha flmsžid aw flžamc . walayn:i , n:as l:i kaykunu msafrin , wl:a kaykunu flxariž kaymknlhum yşliw fbyuthum wl:a mahal:at xra .

nhar ž:mea flmudun kayn bz:af dn:as l:i makayxdmuš bed ş:ala .
wmwalin lhwant kaysd:u ši saea wl:a žuž ds:waye qbl ş:ala , elawd:aš
n:as kul:hum kayxş:hum ymšiw ytwd:aw , wkaybd:lu hwayžhum qbl maymšiw
llmsžid .

lyaliba dyal r.žal nhar ž.mea kaymšiw ytwd.aw flhm.am , wmnbed kaymšiw ysl.iw . ml.i ywslu r.žal llmsžid qbl s.ala , kayglsu žmie el.ard elawd.aš lmasažid wlžawamie mfr.šin yir bz.rabi awl.a lhsayr . iwa n.as kayglsu , wydraw lqurean ht.a lwahd lwqt , kaytle lmued.in ls.mea , wkayead.n leadan l.w.l wt.ani wt.alt . dak lwqt leimam kaykun gals fuq lmnbr , wkaykun fid.u wahd t.sbih . mnbed leadan t.alt , kaybda leimam xutbat lžumuea .

mnbed lxutba kaynzl leimam ml:mnbr wyşl:i bn:as rketayn, wmnbed kayqraw lfatha žmie. wmnbed kaytsalmu bedy:athum. hadi haža merufa, nhar žmea nhar kbir end lmslmin. mnbed ş:ala leaşdiqa kayerdu ela bedy:athum.

Vocabulary

salat lžumuca

salat žimea

msžd (m) / msažd ~ masažid

žamic (m) / žawamic

twd:a

bd:1

bd:1 (1-)

lγaliba ~ lγaliby;a

hsira (f) / hsayr

Friday prayer

Friday prayer

mosque

mosque

to perform ritual ablution

before prayer

to change one's clothes

to change someone's clothes.

also to change something for

Bomeone

the majority

mat

adan	prayer calling
imam / -at	religious leader
mnbr ~ mmbr (m) / manabir	pulpit
tsbih (m) / tsabh	rosary
cl:ama (m) / culama	scholar
rke	to kneel
rkea (f) / -at ~ rkaei	a bending of the torso from
	an upright position
tsalm	to greet one another

III.3.1

Questions - 'as'ila

- 1. fayn kayşl:iw lmslmin şalat žimca ?
- 2. fin kayşl:iw n:as l:i maymknlhumš yşl:iw fž:amic?
- 3. aš kayxs: lmslmin ydiru qbl ma ymšiw ysl:iw?
- 4. aš kaydiru n:as flmaxžid qbl ma ywd:n lmu?d:in ?
- 5. škun l:i kaysl:i bn:as flmasžid?
- 6. aš kaydiru n:as mn bed lxutba?
- 7. aš kaydiru n.as flmayrib mn bed salat ž.mea?

* * *

III.4

The Birthday of the Prophet

fid lmulud

eid lmulud huwa nhar faš txlq n:abi muhm:d sl:a l:ahu ealayhi wasl:ama . had n:har hada huwa nhar kbir end lmuslmin . had n:har hada n:as kul:hum kaykunu mwž:din qbl . aw:ala mr:a , makayn ht:a ši hd: l:i kayxdm flmayrib . kul:ši l:idarat katkun msduda dak n:har . lbarid kaykun msdud, wlxizanat leama, wlmadaris wlžamieat kaykunu msdudin kadalik .

kaywz:du ši ftur xas: kima r; ayf, wlbyrir lmtfi fs:mn wlesl, wlbriwat, wlmxr:qa. wkayn l:i kayemlu lpry:ba awl:a lkhk kadalik. leyalat ywz:du bz:af mn had lmasa?il dl?akl flawdas maši pir llftur. dak n:har kul:u n:as kayzuru bedy:athum. melum, dak n:har hadak, ml:i katzi tbark leid, menaha tmši end leasdiqa, wtqul:hum "mbark eidkum asyadi", "mbark eidk asidi", "mbark eidk alal:a", had lwqt hada, labd: matgls meahum ši mud:a wtšrb atay wtakul šwy:a mn haduk lhlwat dyal leid. mrpir dak ši, leasilat lmayriby:a kul:hum kaysiftu mn dak leakl lž:awamie wlmasažid elawd:as kayn musakin l:i maendhum hd:.

had lyum hada kima lqacida flmaγrib n:as kayqs:ru mca bcdy:athum kaybqaw žmic ht:a lnsasat l:il kayšrbu atay wytsn:tu cla lqur?an wlmusiqa . dak n:har kul:u kaykunu n:as kul:hum naštin mca rushum wkaysl:iw flmasažid wž:wamic wkaytlbu l:ah yγfrlhum .

kayn n:as l:i kaytžamsu b dy:athum wkaytfardu b dyathum wyšriw hdy:a wyd:iwha lši sy:d l:i kaykun qrib llhuma dyalhum,wm ruf indhum bayl:a huwa kan ražl šrif kbir . whad lhdy:a kaymknlha tkun dbiha , wšm , wkswa , wflus . d:biha kayetiwha llmsakin wšm kayxl:iwh fs:y:d,kaybqa tm:a baš yšeluh kul: nhar žm a awl:a flavyad . lkswa katkun ml:hrir wmtruz eliha ayat ml:quroan lkarim , wkayyt:iw biha lqbr dlwali mnbed mayzw:lu lkswa lqdima . šnu kaywqe ldik lkswa lqdima ? dik lkswa lqdima kayxb:iwha wlad s:y:d wl:a wlad wladu ila huwa kan endu si wlad . wila makan endu wlad dak lwqt kayaxduha xud:am s:y:d wyqt:euha trifat wyqs:muha binathum . šnu kaywqe lhad t:rifat dt:ub lmbruk ? aw:la mr:a ml:i yži wahd yzur s:y:d wybri ši hžab kaydirulu iša dlhžab mn wahd t:rf mn dik lkswa lqdima l:l zw:luha leam l:i daz . whad š:i hada kayetabruh baraka kbira .

cawd tani xs:na norfu bayl:a cid lmulud nhar mbruk flmayrib kul:u .

Vocabulary fid lmulud birthday feast of the Prophet wž:d rask be ready (prepare yourself) ey:d to celebrate a feast lubsta post office tfa (i) to extinguish (here: to dip) a kind of Moroccan fried pastry mxr.qa dipped in honey khk Moroccan almond cookie tfard to share the expenses dbiha (f) / dbayh sacrifice šmea (f) /-t candle šme (m) candles (collective) šel to light, kindle lhrir silk trz to embroider aya (f) /-t verse of the Holy Koran or of the Bible qur an Koran karim holy Yt:a (i) to cover qbr (m) / qbur tomb wali (m) / awliya saint ₩0ू ९ to happen, occur xb:a (i) to save, hide xadm (m) / xud:am attendant qt:e tear, cut into pieces trifat (f) /-t

pieces

qs:m

to divide

mbruk (m)

holy

Ŷša (f) / -wat

cover

ctabr

to consider

III.4.1

Questions - paspila

- 1. škun huwa cid lmulud ?
- 2. waš kayxdmu lmslmin feid lmulud ?
- 3. aš kaydiru leyalat fş:bah bkri ?
- 4. aš kaydiru n.as 1:i yzuru nas krin fleid ? waš kayqululhum ?
- 5. aš kayşiftu leasilat lmayriby:a llmasažid ? elaš ?
- 6. ml:i yžtamou n:as foid lmulud, aš kaydiru?
- 7. qul:na aš katerf el lhdy:a l:i kayhdiwha bed n:as ls:y:d awl:a llwali ?
- 8. mnaš katkun lkswa l:i fuq lqbr dlwali ?
- 9. ml:i twl:i lkswa qdima , aš kaydiru biha ?

UNIT FOUR *

IV.1

Morocco

lmayrib

Imaqrib dula caraby:a fšamal friqy:a cla hdud lžazazir wspanya.

wlmaqrib huwa aqrb dula zifriqy:a lzurup:a. bin mdint tanža fšamal

lmaqrib wbin spanya xmstaš dlkilumitr. wlmuwasalat bin r:bat awl:a

d:ar lbida wbariz haža sahla. kul: nhar kayn bz:af dt:y:arat l:i

kaytiru mn lmatarat lmaqriby:a lbariz, wmadrid, wlizbun, wlundr,

wlmudun l²urup:awy:a lxrin, wlcawasim lcaraby:a kima lqahira,

wlžazazir, wtuns, wtrabls, wr:yad, wbyrut, wdimašq, wbydad

w m:an. wkayn muwasalat blžw: bin nyuyurk wr:bat. kayn šarikat

tayaran maqriby:a smitha r:wayal air maruk, wblcaraby:a lxtut

lmalaky:a lmaqriby:a. whad š:arika, šarika duwaly:a cndha nf:atat

kbar wmzyanin bz:af. wfdaxl lmqrib, ymknlk tsafr blmašina, awl:a

blkar, awl:a s:y:arat s far. t:urqan fimaqrib mzyanin bz:af.

suk:an lmayrib tqribn rb tas lmlyun awl:a aktr. kayn flmyrib lyaliby:a dn:as arab , wbrbary:in ; wkul:hum mslmin . wkayn lihud wlourup:awy:in , walayn:i qlal , ši tlata awl:a rb a flmy:a .

^{*} The texts of this Unit (IV.1 - IV.5) were taken from a field recording which, due to structural problems, could not be directly transcribed and presented here. Vocabulary and idiomatic expressions were retained; only grammatical changes were made. The informant for this text (IV.1) was a 23 year old college senior and a native of Rabat. The informant for (IV.2 - IV.4) was a 40 year old housekeeper and a native of Rabat.

t:aqş flmarib dima mzyan . fš:twa kayn šwy:a dlbrd , wfs:if flžanub kayn šwy:a dlharara . mutawas:it daražat lharara flmrib tnayn wsbein fs:if, wst:in fš:twa . š:ta makat:ih rir fš:twa . flmrib kayn s:hra, wkayn lžbal, wkayn leyun, wlwidan, wkayn blad filahy:a .

ml:mudun lm rufa flm rib mdint d:ar lbida whiya mdina sina y:a wtižary:a; wmdint r:bat l:y hiya leasima; wmdint fas l:i merufa bleasima t:aqafy:a wmšhura bžamie at lqarawy:in; wmdint tanža fš:amal wl:i kant mdina duwaly:a. wflhadr s:w:ah kul:hum kayzuru tanža dima. wml:mudun lmerufa flžanub, mdint mr:akš, merufa ft:arix lmyribi blžamal dyalha, wt:qs lhazil fš:twa.

n:as kul:hum flmayrib kaytkl:mu bl:uya karaby:a wlfransy:a .
n:as l:i kansknu fš:amal kayt:kl:mu blearaby:a wlz spany:a . wlbrbary:in kaytkl:mu blbrbary:a wkearaby:a kadalik . l:uya r:asmy:a dlmmlaka lmayriby:a hy:a l:uya learaby:a,elawd:aš lmayrib dula earaby:a zislamy:a zifriqy:a .

nation

limit

Vocabulary

dula (f) / duwal
hd: (m) / hdud

lžazavir Algeria, Algiers

tanza Tangier

spanya Spain

madrid Madrid

lizbun Lisbon

tuns Tunisia, Tunis

trabls Tripoli

r:yad Riyadh

byrut	Beirut
dimašq	Damascus
bγdad	Baghdad
°m:an	Amman
lmuwasalat	communications, means of
	communication
blžw:	by air
blbhr	by sea
šarika (f) / -t	company
suk:an	inhabitants
tqribn	nearly
l?aqal:y:a	the minority
brbari (m)	Berber (Nisba)
yhudi (m)	Jew (Nisba)
ktar	many
qlal	few
flmy:a	percent
mutawas:t	average
daraža (f) / -t	degree (temperature)
šta	rain
shra (f) / shari	desert
wad (m) / widan	river
muhit (m) /-at	ocean
flmadi	in the past
sayh (m) / sw:ah	tourist
rsmi (m)	formal, official (Nisba)

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IV.1.1

Questions - asaila

- 1. škun huma žuž dduwal loislamy:a loaraby:a lii kaynin fšamal friqy:a?
- 2. qul:na s:my:at dayl bod leawaşim dyal d:uwal learaby:a ?
- 3. škun huma bod lbuldan lourup; awy; in l; i ymknlk tmšilhum mr; bat awl; a mn d; ar lbida?
- 4. asmit šarikat ţ:ayaran lmayriby:a ? kif dayra ?
- 5. kifaš ymknik tsafr daxi lmayrib ?
- 6. šhal mn suk; an flmayrib?
- 7. waš kul:hum mslmin ?
- 8. aš mn luyat kaytkl: mu lmayriba ?
- 9. šnu hiya l:uya r:smy:a flmayrib?
- 10. tkl:mlna cla lžw: flmayrib ?
- 11. qul:na škun huma bed lmudun lmerufa flmayrib ?
- 12. škun hiya lmdina lmerufa fšamal lmayrib , wškun hiya lmdina lmerufa flžanub ?

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IV.2

Marriage

z:waž

lmayrib blad zislamy:a, caraby:a, zifriqy:a, mcrufa bqawacidha weadatha. aw:ala mr:a,z:waž bin leazilat lmyriby:at, ml:i kaybγi r:ažl ytzw:ž, kaycrf lcazila dyal lbnt l:i bγa ytzw:ž biha. wmnbcd kaytšawr mca lcazila dyalu, ila kanu qblu, kaymšu huma cnd cazilt lbnt wkayxtbuha mn:hum. ila lcazila dyal lbnt qblu kadalik, xs: lcazila dlwld ycrdu clihum. wmnbcd kayt:afqu nharaš ycmlu lcrs.

daba learila dyal lwld xş:hum yd:iw d:biha lend earilt lbnt .
d:biha hiya kayd:iw m ahum huli , ws:uk:r , watay , wt:hin , wz:it ,

wz:bda , wt:mr , wlhn:a ldar lerusa . wmnbed kayt:afqu ela ş:daq s:daq menah šhal dyal d:rahm lea?ila dyal lwld kaymknlhum ydfeu . dak lmaly:a l:i kaydfeuha l?ahl dyal lwld , biha ea?ilt lbnt katšri lmasa?il l:i txs: ld:ar , kima frašat awl:a nuqra , wd:hb , wlksawi dyal lbnt kadalik . fhad lwqt l:i r:žal kayd:akru fih ela had lmasa?il , leyalat kaykunu kaywž:du l?akl kima lmšwi , wt:ažin , wlksksu , wlbstila . ml:i kul: had š:i mužud n:as kayaklu ; wmnbed leša kayšrbu atay , wyqs:ru žmie , wmnbed kaytlbu lfatha . wkaykun meahum fqih , awl:a šrif , wkayqraw lfatha žmie wsafi .

daba lbnt mxtuba . dak lwqt leasilat bžuž kaymknihum yey:nu nharas ykun lers . lers kima leada flmayrib huwa šhrayn awl:a tlt šhur mn bed lxutba . dak t:lt šhur , leavilat bžuž fdak lwqt kaywž:du masavil ktira 1:i katxs: llers . lers kima lqaeida flmaqib kaybqa sbe y:am fdar lerusa wheris . qbl lers , lwld kaymknlu yzur lerusa tlata wl:a rbea dlmr:at . makaymknluš ymši bwhdu . dima xs:u ymši mea wahd ml: asdiqa dyalu . qbl lers , lea ilat bžuž kayemlu erada ellaqarib dyalhum wkay lmuhum nharaš lers . lea ilat bžuž kadalik kayt:aslu bl?aşdiqa dyalhum ?ima brisalat aw tilifun . l?aşdiqa kayžiw kul:hum frhanin ktir, wkayžibu meahum hdy:at mn kul: nue . dik s:be y:am dlers , n:as kul:hum kaykunu nastin , wfrhanin , bnat , wwlad , wrzal , weyalat ; lil wnhar , rqs , wakl , wina , wstih . flmayrib leras mxtalfa swy:a . ila kan lers fleruby:a kayzibu t:b:ala , wlyy:ata . nhar lers , kaymšiw wkayrk:bu lerusa el leawd . wyd:iwha ldar leris . am:a flmudun lkbar kima r:bat wfas wmr:aks wd:ar lbida kayerdu ela žuq esri wmnbed kaykun rqs wmusiqa qbl makaydxul leris el erusa . fhad l:ila hadi , katkun krusa labsa mzyan , wmhn:ya ; menaha katkun camla lhn:a fid:iha wržliha . lcrusa kayhn:iwha rfiqatha lila qbl maydx:luha . whad l:ila hadi smiytha lilt lhn:a .

lilt lers bd:at katži wahd lmra katlb:sha , wkatsw:klha , wtek:rlha , wtkh:1:ha; wmnb od kayduru biha wyd:iwha bs:y:ara lond loris. wfdar leris kayrfduha wyduru biha ši šwy:a qud:am n:as,wmn bed kaydx:luha lbit leris . n:as kul:hum kayzidu fn:asat dyalhum l:il kul:u ht:a lwahd lwqt fs:bah bkri wmnb d kaymsiw ysufu leris . dak lwqt 1°ris kaykun muzud wkayxruz °ndhum frhan , wkul:hum kaykunu frhanin, wsafi.

Vocabulary

cada (f) / cadat habit zawaž (m) marriage xtb to ask a girl to marry xutba (f) engagement ers (m) ~ eurs (m) / erasat ~ erusa wedding dbiha (f) / dbayh sacrifice dowry sdaq dfe to pay maly:a money, finances ahl family mšwi grilled lmšwi grilled lamb bstila (f) / -t ~ a pie made with chicken or pigeon giblets and almonds lfatha the first Sura of the Holy Koran šrif noble mxtub (m) engaged to indicate ¢y:n ris (m) / rsan bridegroom rusa (f) / rays bride

```
invitation
rada (f) / -t
t:asl (b-)
                                             to get in touch (with)
našt
                                             happy
                                             dance
rqs
                                             singing
Îna
                                             to dance
šth
                                             dance
ğtih
                                             different
mxtalf
                                             as for, but
am:a
                                             peasant (Nisba) (one who lives
erubi (m)
                                             in the country)
                                             country (as opped to city)
1 Tuby:a
                                             drum
tbl (m) / tbula
tb:al (m) / -a
                                             drummer
                  [no fem.]
γita (f) -t
                                             oboe
                                             oboe player
                     [no fem.]
Yy:at (m) /Yy:ata
                                             horse
cawd (m) / xil
e awda (f) / -t
                                             mare
                                             horseman
xy:al (m) / xy:ala
                       [no fem.]
zuq (m) / ažwaq
                                              orchestra
                                              modern (Nisba)
 esri (m)
 bldi (m)
                                              native, home grown
                                              music
 musiqa (f)
                                              to clean the teeth
 sw:k
                                              to put lipstick on, to muddy,
 ck:r
                                              to trouble
                                              to put mascara on
 kh:1
 kuhl
                                              antimony, kohl
```

IV.2.1

Questions - ?as?ila

- l. ml:i kaybyi r:ažl ytzw:ž šnu kaydir ?
- 2. šnu kad:ir (< katdir) leasila dyal lwld ?
- 3. aš katd:i learila dlwld llearila dlbnt ml:i ymšiw yxtbu lbnt ?
- 4. šnu huwa sd:aq ?
- 5. aš kad:ir (< katdir) leavila dlbnt bş:daq ?
- 6. ml:i kayhtaflu žmie aš kayaklu ?
- 7. aš kaydiru mnbed leša ?
- 8. waš lwld ymknlu yzur lerusa bwhdu ?
- 9. aš kaydiru leavilat bžuž qbl mn lers ?
- 10. aš kayžibu meahum lassdiqa wlahl ml:i yžiw llers ?
- 11. aš kaydiru n:as fs:bo y:am dyal lors ?
- 12. kifaš lers fleruby:a ? wkifaš lers flmdina ?
- 13. škun l:i kayhn:i lerusa ?
- 14. qul:na kifaš kayhtaflu blilt lers flmayrib ?

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IV.3

Birth

z:yada

lmra ml:i katkun hamla wkayžiha lwže kaymši ražlha ye y:t ela m̂:ha wl:a xwatatha, whuma kayžibu meahum lqabla . ml:i ywslu ld:ar kaylqaw n:fisa naesa fuq lfraš wkat:wž:e, wmnbed lqabla wleyalat kayduru biha wyyn:yiw wyqulu:

asidi bleb:as , yalesl flkas

fk:li bnt n:as , wetiha lxlas

wkaybqaw hakdak ht:a katwld . wmnbed kaysm:tu t:rbya 1:i tzadt wyqt:culu ş:r:a dyalu , wygm:tuh flxraqi ht:a lwahd lwqt wkaylb:suh . aw:ala

mr:a,t:rbya makatakul walu rir lhlib l:i katrd: ha m. ha mm bzazlha .

ila kant n:fisa mrida, wmakaymknlhas trd: t:rbya dyalha, fhad lwqt hada
kayaxdulha rd:a a ml farmasyan, wyem:ruha blhlib wysx:nuha , wyetiwha
lt:rbya ht:a lwahd lwqt l:i m:ha ymkl:ha tetiha r:da a mn bzazlha . qbl
s:abe bsi yumayn, lea ila dyal n:fisa kaykriwlha lhm:am ila makans endhum
lhm:am fd:ar dyalhum . ml:i katmi n:fisa llhm:am, kaymiw meaha
sdiqatha whlha wxwatatha wm:ha wkayhm:muha, wmnbed kaywl:iw žmie ld:ar
dyalha . wl:ila l:i qbl s:abe lea ila dyal n:fisa , kaysiftu hdy:a
ldarha, wfhad lhdy:a kayn sukar watay wz:it, wthin, wis:me, whawli wl:a žuž .
wražl n:fisa huw:a l:i kayhtafl bwldu awl:a bntu . wnhar s:abe kayerdu
ela hlhum wrfaqat n:fisa wžiranha wkayemlu wahd lhfla fiha akl, wmirubat ,
wmnbed, kaysm:iw t:rbya ela smy:a ml: arila dyalu wl:a dyalha . mnbed
s:my:a , ila kant t:rbya wld kayth:ruh awl:a kima kanqulu kayxt:nuh .
lxtana wažba end learab . eawd tani daba kaymii b:ah llbalady:a wkayelm
bih , wkaysž:lu flhala lmadany:a dyalu .

Vocabulary

tzad (d:zad)
zyada
haml (m) , hamla (f)
...
wze
wze (m)
qabla (f) / -t
nfisa (f) / -t
fk: (-u-)
lxlas
wld
sm:t
trbya / trabi

to be born
birth
carrying (m), pregnant (f)
to give pain
pain
midwife
woman in labor (during childbirth)
to untie
placenta, after birth
to give birth
to dress up a baby

baby, infant, new-born child

ş r : a	umbilical cord
zyada/-t	newborn child
gm:t	to wrap a baby
xrqa (f) / xraqi	rag
lb:s	to dress
rde	to suckle
rd: e	to nurse
rd:a°a (f) / -t	baby bottle
s:bu°	party of the 7th day after the
	birth of a child
htafl	to celebrate
šrab	drinks
th:r ~ xt:n	to perform circumcision
thara ~ xtana	circumcision
wažb (m) / wažibat	duty
lbalady:a (f)	* municipality
sž:1	to register, record
lhala lmadany:a	civil state or registration
IV.3.1	
0	

Questions - vasvila

- 1. aš kaydir τ;ažl ml:i mṛatu tkun hamla wyžiha lwže ?
- 2. aš kad:ir lqabla wm: n:fisa wxwatatha ml:i ywşlu ld:ar?
- 3. aš kaydiru lt:rbya l:i tzadt ?
- 4. aš katakul t:rbya ?
- 5. ila kant n:fisa mṛiḍa , kifaš kaywk:lu t:rbya ?
- 6. aš kad:ir leavila dlmra qbl s:abe bši yumayn ?
- 7. šnu huwa s:bue?
- 8. aš kaydiru lmayriba fs:bur ?

- 9. aš kaydiru lt:rbya ila kant wld?
- 10. *laš kaymši lwalid dt.rbya Ilbalady:a ?

* * *

IV.4

<u>Divorce</u>

t:laq

fš:ari a laislamy:a bin r:ažl wlmra fwahd lmud:a fz:awaž dyalhum, ila kan ši xtilaf , leazilat dyalhum kayemlu fmžhudathum baš ysalhuhum . wila kant lmuškila seiba , wmakaymknlhumš yeišu mea bedy:athum - aw:ala mr:a,ila kant lmra mdluma , katmši tški lledul wlqadi . ledul dak lwqt , kayemlu bht, wyey:tu da ražlha, wytkl:mu meah flqady:a . wila huw:a kan r:ažl mdlum kadalik , kaymši ht:a huw:a lend ledul wyhkilhum lqady:a mn žihtu . wmnbed , ledul huma kayžibu lmra wr:ažl wybhtu lmudur. ila t:afqu,r:ažl wlmra baš ycišu žmic, dak lwqt ledul kaysa duhum . wila huma mat:afqus, dak lwqt, ledul kaysr:hulhum t:alaq bwzh śrci . cawd tani ila kanu endhum drari syar , dak lwqt kayšufu ila kan r:ažl endu leavila dyalu , l:i kaymkmlhum yqablu d:rari s:Yar , dak lwqt , lmhkama katetihum lb:ahum . wila b:ahum makantš endu ši earila , l:i kaymkniha tqabi d:rari , fdak lwqt , lqadi kayeti d:rari llmra , bwahd š:rt . whad š:rt hada , huw:a , lmra katqabl d:rari ; wloab: kayqum bn:uba ; menaha hiya kaysrf ela lmra wwladha . wkaymkn lr:ažl yrud: mratu wysawd ytl:qha mr:a xra . walayn:i ila lmra tl:qha ražlha lw:1, tlata dlmr:at , makaymknluš yrd:ha , Yir ila ma dzw:žat mea ražl axr wt:1:qat mn:u . dak lwqt , kaymknlu yrd:ha mr:a xra.

Vocabulary

tl:q

tlaq

šari¢a

xtilaf (m) / -at

to divorce

divorce

Islamic law

difference

mžhud (m) / -t	effort
salh	to cause to reconcile
muškila (f) / mašakil	problem
s বাচ (m)	difficult
dlm	to oppress
mdlum (m)	oppressed, not guilty
adl (m) / adul	jury
qadi/qudat	judge
mudu (m) / mawadic	subject
sr:h	to permit
bwžh	in a manner
šrt (m) / šurut	condition
n:uba (f) / -t	turn, support, alimony
srf	to spend money
rd:	to turn, return

IV.4.1

Questions - asaila

- ml:i kaykun ši xtilaf bin lmra wražlha flmaγrib , aš kaydiru leaeilat dyalhum?
- 2. aš kaydiru ledul ml:i tmši lihum mra mdluma ?
- 3. ml:i lmra tkun mtl:qa ondaš kayglsu d:rari ?
- 4. škun l:i kaysrf cla d:rari ?
- 5. waš kaymku lṛ:ažl yṛḍ: lmṛa dyalu mubod ma yṭl:qha ? šhal mu xṭra ymkulu yṛḍ:ha ?

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IV.5

Drinking and Gambling

s:rab wlqmr

l zislam hr:m š:rab elmuslmin žamiean, zin:ama š:rab eadu llzinsan .
aw:ala mr:a,r:ažl ml:i kayskr kaynsa rasu tamaman, wkaybqa yhdr ši

hdra xawya, l:i ma endha ht:a ši mena. wmnbed lmu ealaqat dyal s:kayri mea n:as, dima katkun fiha mašakil ktira. s:kayry:a dima kaydy:eu bz:af dlwqt dyalhum mea bedy:athum. wqlil fayn kayšufu lea?ilat dyalhum, wkayxsru maly:a ktira fš:rab. wdima kaykunu mrad, elawd:aš š:rab kaywl:i endhum eada, wmakaymknlhumš ybqaw bla šrab. whad š:i elaš l?islam hr:m š:rab.

wlqmr kadalik blya, dawd:aš lqm:ara kul:hum slagt . kayeišu fhad lžw: dyal lqmr lil wnhar , dima kaytsl:fu lflus , wdima kayd:arbu mea bedy:athum , wkaymšiw llhbs . wdima tlqahum yarqin fd:in ht:a lwdnihum . lqm:ara dima kayshru wkaymšiw llxdma dyalhum met:lin , wmnbed,kayžriw elihum mn lxdma dyalhum . wdima lqm:ara mtkrfşin . had š:i elaš leislam hr:m lqmr .

had lmasa zil kima lxmr, wlqmr kayrd:u r:ažl qlil lfkr, wkayws:luh llmašakil kul:ha; kima kaymkl:u ywl:i šf:ar awl:a qt:al. whad n:as l:i kayqm:ru, wyskru dima kayvišu flfsad.

Vocabulary

hr:m

š:rab (m)

žami an

qm:r

lqmr

qm:ar / qm:ara

du (m) / dyan ~ a da?

skr

skran

mu alaqa (f) /-t

ska yri (m) / skayry:a

dy: blya (f) / -t

wine, liquor
all together
to gamble
gambling
gambler
enemy
to drink (liquor)
drunk
relationship
drunkard
to lose, waste
bad habit, misfortune

forbid (religious)

```
xsr
                                              to lose, to fail, to become
                                              inoperable
slgut (m) / slagt
                                              a delinquent, hoodlum, bum
slguta (f) / slagt
sl:f (1-)
                                              to lend, loan
salaf (no p)
                                              loan
tsl:f
                                              to borrow
tdarb (mea) (> d:arb)
                                              to fight (reciprocal)
hbs (m) / hbus
                                              prison, jail
šžn/šžun
                                              prison, jail
\gammarq
                                              to drown
yarq
                                              drowned
din (m) / dyun
                                              debt
shr
                                              to stay up late
et:1
                                              to cause to be late
tet:1
                                              to be late
žra (*la)
                                              to kick out
hala/-t
                                              state
mtkrfş
                                              messed up
šf:r
                                              to steal
šf:ar (m) / šf:ara
                                              thief
srq
                                              to steal
qtl
                                              to kill
                                              killer, murderer
qt:al (m) / -a ~ -in
                                              corruption, rottenness
lfsad
IV.5.1
```

- Questions vasvila
 - l. claš hr:m loislam š:rab?
 - 2. kifaš kaydw:zu s:kayry:a lwqt dyalhum?

- 3. tklmlna cla halt s:kayri ?
- 4. wsflna lqm:ar wlhala dyalu ?
- 5. kifaš lmuramala ds:kayry:a wlqm:ara mra n:as ?
- 6. kifaš lxmr wlqmr yxlqu ln:as lmašakil?
- 7. aš tel:mtu mm had dars hada ?

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UNIT FIVE

V.1 A Short History of Morocco

muxtasar t:arix lmayribi

lmayrib kima huwa flhadr , wkima kanerfuh elxarita maetarf elih hd: ht:a llqrn leašr . n:as l:w:lin , suk:an lmayrib , huma lbrbary:in , awl:a kima nquluhum š:luh . kayn araa ktira xas:a blasl dyal š:luh . Ši bed kayqulu bayl:a huma aslhum mn asiya , wnas žrin kayqulu bayl:a lbrbary:in dxlu llmayrib mn spanya , wmšaw ltanža wmnbed tfr:qu flmayrib kul:u.

lfiniqy:in wlqrtažiny:in kanu aw:al ažanib l:i ctarfu cla lmayrib flqrn t:asic qbl lmilad . wemlu t:ižara dyalhum ftanža, wtitwan, wlcrayš . wmnbcd žaw r:umany:in whtl:u mudun flmyrib kima šal:a , wwalili hda mknas , wtanža fš:amal .

flqrn s:abic lmiladi Zaw learab llm rib whtl:uh kul:u . feam st:my:a wtnayn wtmanin , wsl lžiš learabi blqiyada dyal euqba bn nafie lmdint sbta , wmn tm:a zad ht:a lsus . wmn dak lwqt hadak , tm:a dxl laislam llmarrib wlbrbary:in qblu d:iyana laislamy:a . wfeam sbemy:a whdas milady:a t:ahdu lbrbary:in wlearab wwl:aw žiš wahd tht lqiyada dyal lqarid lbrbary lmuslim tariq bn zyad,wmsaw lspanya whtl:uha wsm:aw žbl tariq ela smy:it lqarid dyalhum .

aw:ala dula pislamy:a fimayrib xdat smy:itha mn mulay dris bn ebdl:ah bl:hasan bn eli . wsidna eali kan huwa rfiq n:abi muhm:d sl:a l:ahu elihi wsl:ama . wmulay dris wsl lšamal lmayrib feam sbemy:a wtmnya wtmanin ml:i leb:asy:in yibu lealawy:in fš:rq . š:eb lmayribi kul:u kan kayhtarm mulay dris leakbr,elawd:aš kan ražl dy:ani,walim, wmnbed daruh n:as aw:l malik myribi . mnbed mulay dris leakbar ža wldu dris t:ani, wbna mdint fas feam tmnmy:a wtmanya, wemlha hiya aw:ala easima flmayrib . wmulay dris t:ani eml t:ihad bin lqbayl flmayrib.

mnbed d:risy:in žaw lmurabitin; whuma kanu mslmin. dxlu lmayrib mn muritanya whtl:u nahiyat drea, wtafilalt, wsus, wtadla feam alf wtlata wxmsin. wfeam alf wtnayn wst:in, tht qyadt yusf bn tašfin t:bnat mdint mr:akš, whiya leasima t:anya flmyrib. wmnbed htl:u lmurabitin fas. wmnbed zadu lspanya, whtl:u landalus kima qurtuba wmalaga wyrnata.

wf?aw:l lqrn tnaš , feam alf wmy:a wxmsa wešrin , žaw lmuwh:idin wkanu nas dy:any:in . w?aw:l malik ml:muwh:idin kan huwa bn tumrt . wlmuwh:idin mnbed ma wh:du lmayrib kul:u , htl:u lžaza?ir , wtuns , wlibya . wfhad d:wla hadi dyal lmuwh:idin t:bnaw lmdaris,wlžawamie wlžamieat,whad lhukuma hadi tb:qat lqanun,wkant endhum idara mzyana bz:af, wžiš qwi ktir kadalik .

wmn paham: muluk lmuwh:idin,lmalik abu yusf yequb lmnsur. whuwa km:l lmabani lhapila l:i bdaha b:ah abu yequb yusf,bhal tur has:an fr:bat. wtm:a bnaw ludaya,l:i kant fy:amhum qšla dyal lžiš. wbnaw kadalik msžid lkutuby:a fmrakš.

flwqt l:i kan lžiš dyal lmuwh:idin d°if, fns: lqrn t:lt:aš, tlbu mucawana ml:mriny:in,l:i žaw cndhum mn s:hra w awnuhum bz:af . wlmriny:in cmlu leasima dyalhum f:as . mn muluk lmriny:in lmalik abu lhasan,l:i hkm

Imayrib mn cam alf wtlmy: a w: and wrbcin, ht: a lcam alf wtltmy: a wtscud wrbcin, wkan kaybyi bz: af dloumur dyal lbni, wlhndaza, wlfn: .wfchdu t: bnaw bz: af dlxs: at, wlhm: amat, ws: bitarat, wlqanatir, wbz: af dlmabani xrin flmyrib kul: u .

ml:i deaft d:wla dlmriny:in,žat d:wla dyal s:edy:in . wfehd s:edy:in,lospany:in trdu bz:af dlmslmin mn spanya . wduk lmslmin dxlu weasu flmayrib . wml:muluk s:edy:in lmalik hmd lmnsur,l:i kan meruf bsmy:t lmnsur d:ahabi . fehdu haža mzyana darha , maxl:aš loatrak ydxulu llmyrib flwqt l:i loatrak kanu šb:ru š:rq loawsat wšamal friqy:a .

wfy:am lmnsur, kant leasima hiya mr:akš wtm:a kayn lqbr dyal lwalida dyal lmnsur d:ahabi , lal:a mseuda .

mn qw:t lmašakil dyal s: "dy:in,qlalu ktir, wd afu, wmnb d žat l a lalawy:a wšbr:at lhukm wtbq:u lmxzn mn dak lwqt ht:a ldaba, hadi tlt my:at am . ml:i bdat l a lalawy:a š: b lm ribi, kul: ši n:as, amnu bhad lmmlaka, lawd:aš kul:hum lmuluk lealawy:in kanu muluk dy:any:in, wmhtaramin bz:af ad, mn mulay ršid, l:i huwa aw:l malik alawi ht:a lamir lmuminin mulay lhasan t:ani, l:i huwa malik lmarrib lhali.

mn bed mulay ršid, ža mulay smaeil, fe am alf wstmy:a wtnayn wsbein , wkan huwa ?aw l malik l:i ?as:s: ?aqwa žiš f ?ifriqy:a kul:ha, whuwa l:i bna mknas, wemlha hiya leasima s:maeily:a . wmazal ht:a lloan lqsr dyalu kayn fmknas , qsr eadim . mnbed ma mat mulay smaeil , ža mulay sliman . wfe hdu lmayrib kant dula qwy:a ktir, wmšhura flealam . fe hd lhukuma lmxzany:a kan lmyrib huwa aw al dula l:i etarft blwilayat lmut:ahida loamriky:a kima dula mustaqil:a . whad š:i wqe fe am alf wsbe my:a ws :a wsbein . wkayn wataoiq tarixy:a mn murasalat bin žurž

wašntun, aw:l rapis amiriki, wmulay muhm:d bn obdul:ah lmalik lmayribi fdak lwqt .

mn b°d, žaw muluk °alawy:in xrin, wkan lmayrib fe hdhum dula mustaql:a fd:axl wlxarž. wf?aw:l lqrn l°šrin, kan t:ifaq bin l;urup:awy:in, kima fransa, w?anglatir:a, w?aspanya, w;italya, wblžika baš yhtl:uš:rq l;awst wšamal friqy:a, elawd:aš, b;aw yšb:ru mawaqie tižary:a whrby:a muhim:a. ?anglatir:a htl:t misra ws:udan, w;italya htl:t libya, wfransa htl:t lmayrib. ml:i dxlu lfransy:in llmayrib masm:awhš htilal, walayn:i sm:awh himaya, clawd:aš huma qalu bayl:a huma žaw llmyrib baš yhmiw s:ultan lmyribi fdak lwqt mulay ebd lhfid. wmulay ebd lhfid dar meahum eqd ftlata wešrin mars eam alf wtsemy:a wtnaš.

wf am alf wts my:a wtlata w šrin, wl:at tanža mdina duwaly:a tht lqiyada dyal lfransy:in wl spany:in, wkant mdina tižary:a muhim:a .

w?aw:l qa id fransi kan kayhkum lmrib huwa marišal liyuti .
wbqa flmrib mnam alf wtsamy;a wtnaš, ht:a lam alf wtsamy;a wxmsa
wasrin . wlquy:ad l:i žaw mn badu braw yhtl:u lmrib bqw:a askary:a

wfoam alf wtsomy:a wsboa wosrin t:nsr mulay muhm:d bn yusf batal lstiqlal rahimahul:ah . wkan fomru dak lwqt , tmntašr cam . wmn dak lwqt bda š:ob lmyribi yfk:r flistiqlal dyal bladu . wžbru lmalik huwa bnfsu kayfk:r wkayhtm: bz:af flqady:a dyal lstiqlal . wfosra abril cam alf wtsomy:a wsboa wrboin cml mulay muhm:d lxamis xitab duwali fi tanža wtlb fih lstiqlal t:am mn lfransy:in wloispany:in . wfdak lwqt kan š:ob lmayribi kul:u , wblxas: hizb lstiqlal, mthm:sin lfkrt lstiqlal . walayn:i lhukuma lfransy:a kant dd: had loafkar . wfosrin cušt , cam alf wtsomy:a wtlata wxmsin , lhukuma lfransy:a nfat lmalik muhm:d lxamis lmadagaskar , huwa wloacila dyalu . whad š:i l:i daru lfransy:in šolu

leafiya fš:eb lmyribi kul:u wmnbed kant pidrabat dd: lfransy:in flmayrib kul:u, wmatu bz:af dyal lmayariba walayn:i š:eb lmayribi sm:m el n:sr. wapaxiran kant lhazima llfransy:in. mnbed sbea wešrin šhr dlmnfya lfransy:in mažbru ht:a ši hl: mn yir ržue lmalik lmyribi lbladu. wfst:aš nuwambir eam alf wtsemy:a wxmsa wxmsin yže muh:md lxamis llmayrib. wftnayn mars, wsbea abril, eam alf wtsemy:a wst:a wxmsin etarfat fransa wspanya bstiqlal lmyrib.

wfktubr binfs leam, wl:at tanža mdina mayriby:a wmabqatš mdina duwaly:a.

wmulay muhm:d lxamis kan ?aw:l malik mayribi l:i fk:r fd:stur lmayribi, walakin mea lasaf, mat fs:ta we šrin fbrayr eam alf wtsemy:a wahd wst:in . wlmayrib kul:u kan hazn, wkadalik d:uwal learaby:a kul:ha, elawd:aš huwa kan malik xalis, wbatal eadim .

wmnbedu , ža wldu mulay lhasan t:ani . lmalik lhasan t:ani txlq fr:bat ftseud yulyuz cam alf wtsemy:a wtseud wešrin . wkan talib daki wmužtahid bz:af . lhasan t:ani , t:b:c s:iyasa dyal b:ah , weml dstul llmayrib fsbea dužanbir , cam alf wtsemy:a wtnayn wst:in.

Vocabulary

muxtasar (m) / -t summary
tarix history
xarita (f) /-t map

qrn (m) / qurun century, horn hd: anybody asiya Asia lfiniqy:in Phoenicians lqrtažiny:in Carthaginians qbl lmilad B.C. tižara (f) trade, commerce titwan Tetouan 1 mays Larache (city) r:umany:in Romans htl: to occupy nbi ~ nabi / anbiya prophet žiš (m) / žuyuš Army qa?id (m) / quy:ad leader, commander lqiyada (f) leadership diyana (f) / -t religion t:ahd to unite t:ihad (m) unity Is beasy:in the Abbaside l calawy:in the Alawite calim (m) / culama scholar, learned d:risy:in the Idrisis $\Slh (m) / \Sluh ; \Slha (f) / \Slhat$ Berber š:lha the Berber Language lmurabitin Almoravides tb:q to apply, implement qanun (m) / qawanin law qwi (m) strong, powerful

```
aham:
                                        more or most important
qšla (f) / qšali
                                        fort, fortress
d af
                                        to become weak
deif
                                        weak
lmriny:in
                                        the Merinides
fn: (m) / funun
                                        art
hd (m) / ruhud
                                        reign
xus:a (f) / -t (~ xs:a / -t)
                                        water fountain
qntra (f) / qanatir ~ qnatr
                                        bridge
s: dy:in
                                        the Saadiens
trd
                                        to dismiss
turki
                                        Turk (Nisba)
latrak
                                        the Turks
qw:a (f)
                                        power
qw:t lmašakil
                                        great extent of problems
qlal
                                        to diminish
lmxzn
                                        government, authorities, administrative
                                        government
lmmlaka (f) / -t
                                        kingdom
muhtaram
                                        respectable
as:s:
                                        to establish
                                        most powerful
aqwa
qsr (m) / qusur
                                        palace
%adim (m)
                                        magnificent
mustaqil:
                                        independent
oistiqlal?
                                        independence
                                        happen
watiqa (f) / wata ziq
                                        document
```

```
murasalat
                                        correspondence
t:ifaq (m) / -at
                                        agreement
mwqe (m) / mawaqie
                                        position
hrbi
                                        military (Nisba)
himaya (f) / -t
                                        Protectorate
hma (i)
                                        to protect
eqd (m) / equd
                                        contract, agreement
skari / sasakir
                                        military (Nisba)
ns:r
                                        to crown, make king
tns:r
                                        to be crowned (made king)
hizb (m) / ahzab
                                        party
dd:
                                        against
nfa (i)
                                        to exile
šel
                                        to light, start a fire
leafya (f)
                                        fire
idrab (m)
                                        demonstration
sm:m
                                        to decide, to persist
n:sr
                                        victory
hzm
                                        to defeat
lhazima (f)
                                        defeat
lmnfya (f)
                                        exile
hl:
                                        solution
dstur
                                        constitute
hzn
                                        to mourn
hazn (m)
                                        sad
batal (m) / abtal
                                        hero
tb:c
                                        to follow
siyasa (f) / -t
                                        policy, politics
```

ths:n to improve

mustšfa (f) / mustašfayat hospital

baraž / -at bridge

bnfsu itself, himself

tqd:m to progress

t:aqafa (f) / -t culture

V.1.1

Questions - asaila

- 1. škun huma suk: an lmayrib 1:w:lin ?
- 2. fwqtaš žaw larab llmayrib?
- 3. škun huwa tariq bn zyad ?
- 4. škun hiya d:ula loislamy:a l:w:la flmaγrib ?
- 5. asmit r:avis dyalha?
- 6. škun huma d:uwal 1:i žaw mn bed d:risy:in ?
- 7. šnu smit d:ula lhaly:a flmayrib ?
- 8. škun 1:i htl: lmayrib fbdayt lqrn lešrin ?
- 9. claš lfransy:in nfaw muhm:d lxamis?
- 10. fuqaš xda lmayrib laistiqlal?
- 11. a smit lmalik dyal lmayrib flwqt lhadir ?

* * *

V.2 Countries, Cities and Geographical Areas

lmayrib Morocco
lmayrib Morocco
lmyrib Morocco
lmyrib Morocco

agadir	Agadir
asfi	Safi
drea	Draa
d:ar lbida	Casablanca
fas	Fez
ifni	Ifni
lqnitra	Kenitra
l •rayš	Iarache
midlt	Midelt
mknas	Meknes
mr:akš	Marrakech
r:bat	Rabat
sbta	Sebta, Centa
sidi qasm	Sidi Kacem
sla	Sale
sus	Suss
šawn	Chechaouen
tadla	Tadla
tafilalt	Tafilalt
titwan	Tetouan
tanža	Tangier
ານžda	Oujda
walili	Volubilis
**	**
š:rq	the East
š:rq bawst	the Middle East
d:uwal learaby:a	the Arab world

byrut	Beirut
bγdad	Baghdad
dimašq	Damascus
iran	Iran
lqahira	Cairo
lubnan	Lebanon
lourdun .	Jordan
lxartum	Khartoum
leiraq	Iraq
masr	Egypt
misra	Egypt
r:yad	Riyadh
s:udam	the Sudan
turkya	Turkey
vm:an	Amman

friqy:a	Africa
• **	111 1 100
šamal friqyaa	North Africa
•	
šamal friqyaa	North Africa
šamal friqyaa tuns	North Africa Tunisia, Tunis
šamal fri qya a tuns libya	North Africa Tunisia, Tunis Libya
šamal friqyaa tuns libya trabls	North Africa Tunisia, Tunis Libya Tripoli
šamal friqyaa tuns libya trabls muritanya lžaza; ir	North Africa Tunisia, Tunis Libya Tripoli Mauritania
šamal friqyaa tuns libya trabls muritanya lžaza; ir	North Africa Tunisia, Tunis Libya Tripoli Mauritania Algeria, Algiers
šamal friqyaa tuns libya trabls muritanya lžaza; ir	North Africa Tunisia, Tunis Libya Tripoli Mauritania Algeria, Algiers
šamal friqyaa tuns libya trabls muritanya lžaza; ir	North Africa Tunisia, Tunis Libya Tripoli Mauritania Algeria, Algiers

bariz Paris blžika Belgium fransa France Italy ?iţalya Andalucia lo andalus lizbun Lisbon lundr London lwilayat lmut:ahida America Madagaskar madagaskar madrid Madrid Malaga malaga qurtuba Cordova vurub:a Europe ?urup:a Europe žbl tariq Gilbraltar γmata Granada

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UNIT SIX

VI.1

Two Penniless Friends žuž dyal s:hab *

hada asidi waḥd ž:už dyal s:hab kanu wahd lxtra ma‹ndhumši lflus, wgalsin kaytšawru binathum aš γadi ydiru . (qalu)** "aš γadi ndiru? xs:na daba bl?aw:l baš nmšiw ntγd:aw". bqaw kul: wahd kayfk:r mn žihtu . ši wahd gal l:axr "asahbi,ila bγina ntγd:aw, xs:na ntfarqu, kul: wahd ymši ydb:r ʿla rasu . daba aš γadi ndiru? daba tmši bwhdk, wana nmši bwhdi ." qal:u (laxr) "ʿayn, nmši ana bwhdi ht:a nšuf aš γadi ndir, ila hiya lqady:a dyali ana sdqat, γadi nži ngul:k aš drt, wtmši d:ir bhali ht:a nta ." gal:u "wax:a waʿalih."

iwa gls wahd kayeayn wmša laxr . mša kayql:b , kayql:b whuwa wsl lwahd lmteam . whuwa ygls fwahd t:bla,wey:t llxd:am . gal:u "aži . žib ly:a wahd t:bsil dyal d:žaž ." žablu džaž . "žibly:a hadi ." bqa kaytlb γir dik lmakla mn dak š:i r:fie . iwa šwy:a bqa ht:a ll?axr whuwa ygul:u "baqi fy:a ž:ue . γadi tžib ly:a wahd t:bsil dyal l:ubya ." iwa mša lxd:am wžablu wahd t:bsil dl:ubya , wl:a zema γadi yakul , gls šwy:a hadak s:y:d , whuwa yžbd wahd lfar mn žibu , far

The informant for this text was a twenty-four year old university student and a native of Rabat.

Forms in parentheses are not on the field tape.

my:t, whuwa ydiru fwst l:ubya. whuwa ybqa kayyw:t, wywy:t llxdam wywy:t llmudir dyal lmtwm "was had lmakla hadi ondkum! masi nqy:a! mare dkum fiha muraqaba! whad s:i daba, lfar tayh flmakla! ki yadi ndir daba? ana yadi nmsi ntsk:a bikum, wyadi ndir l:azm." iwa bqa lmudir kaysuf ht:a oya. wsaf lqady:a yadi tsobolih bz:af. iwa whuwa bda ysk:t fr:ažl, gal:u "asidi l:a ysamh. dak s:i l:i klitih si bas makan. wmayadisi txl:su. wdaba yir skut. whak nzidk wahd lbaraka." wotah si flisat. gal:u (laxr) "ola had lhsab, si bas makan. makayn las nfdhkum."

whuwa ymši fhalu . rž° °nd sahbu gal:u "awd:i ha ana aš drt,waš drt, wflazr tawni mazal lflus ." gal:u "bl:ahi qady:a hadi °ndk . ht:a ana γadi nmši ndir bhalk ." gal:u "fin b°da ža had lmţœm ?" iwa °tah n: t wkul: ši , w:r:ah kifaš dar , wxl:ah mša .

aran:a,hadak ml:i mša,ht:a whuwa gls kaytlb mn hna , wytlb wmn hna , wytlb mnhna , ht:a kla mea rasu , šwy:a ml:i sala , whuwa ygul:u "žiblna eafak wahd t:bsil dyal l:ubya " iwa wlaxr gal:u "la , la , axy:i , l:ubya mabqatš . dak š:i l:i bqa xwinah daba ." gal:u "iwa safi! wana! fayn γadi ndir had lfar dyali (daba)?"

Vocabulary

sahb (m) / shab

sahba (f) / shabat

tšawr

•

db:r

ydb:r *la rasu ~ ydb:r r:asu

friend

to consult

to manage

to do something for himself

```
to wait
ayn
                                             to come true
sdq
                                             all right (here)
wasalih
tlb
                                             to ask
                                              to scream, shout
 yw:t
                                              to supervise
raqb
muraqaba (f) / -t
                                              supervision
 muraqib (m) / -in
                                              supervisor
 tsk:a
                                              to complain
 šikaya (f) / -t
                                              complaint
                                              it is necessary
 lazm
 1:azm
                                              the necessary (measures), what
                                              is necessary
                                              to become difficult
 se b
 skt
                                              to become silent, quiet
 sk:t
                                              to make silent
 1:a ysamh
                                              God forgive
 baraka (f) / -t
                                              blessing, gift (here: money)
 hsab (f) / -at
                                              account
 •la had lhsab
                                              in this case, based on this
 fdh
                                              to reveal (shameful secrets)
 fdiha (f) / fdayh
                                              scandal
 beda
                                              first of all, already
 ne:t
                                              to give directions
 net (m) / neut
                                              direction, descriptions
                                              (plural means 'adjectives')
 ° afak
                                              please
```

VI.1.1

Questions - asaila

- 1. claš boaw ž:už ds:hab kayfk:ru ?
- 2. claš tfarqu ?
- 3. fin mša ş:ahb l:w:l ?
- 4. šnu dar t:m:a ?
- 5. šnu ql:u lmudir?
- 6. kif žat had lqş:a lş:ahb t:ani ?
- 7. šnu gal lxd:am lş:ahb t:ani ml:i tlb l:ubya ?
- 8. aš qal ş:ahb t:ani llxd:am?

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VI.2

The Gluttonous Neighbor

z:ar lmukraš *

hada wahd r:ažl smitu hmd huw:a wžaru *bdlqadr . wahd n:har si
*bdlqadr *rd *la hmd lleša . iwa teš:aw žmie kima lqa*ida, wmnb*d
"l:ayhn:ik" . "l:ayhn:ik" . yumayn wl:a tlt y:am mnb*d fwqt
l*ša bd:at dq: hmd flbab *la *bdlqadr . "s:alamu *likum ." qalulu
"wa*alik s:alam ." wmnb*d qalulu " zid t*š:a as:i hmd ." qal:hum " la ,
baraka l:ahu fikum , wl:ahi mafy:a mayt*š:a , daba *ad t*š:it .
walakin *\gammadi nduq m*\sakum ." qalulih "mrhba , tfd:l" . iwa zad
s:y:d . drb , matdrb , ht:a qada dak š:i l:i *ta l:ah , wmnb*d
*\srb \si \suz \sulle katlata dlkisan datay , wkla n:wa , wlhlwa , wlfakya
mn dak \si \strifi* . iwa \sm:r kr\su , wzad xlfa , wm\sa fhalu . aran:a ,
l:a \gammad:a kadalik , neam asidi , wsi hmd wl:a endhum fwqt l*\sa tamaman .
" mslxir *elikum ." qalulu " mslxir asi hmd ." iwa \subrhum *ad bdaw

The source for this (VI.2) and the following text (VI.3) was a twenty-eight year old college graduate and a native of Fez.

kayteš:aw . qalulu "zid , tlq id:k ." qal:hum "la , wal:ahi leadim mafy: a ma yakul ht: a ši haza, šbean mea rasi, daba ead fd:it l?akl ." qalulu "iwa l:i bγit ." qal:hum "aran:a fiha lxir , nduq meakum ši šwy:a . " iwa zad wgls , wbqa kaydrb mn:a , wmn:a ht:a xwa duk l Ytur kul: hum . as aml mul d:ar si abdlqadr ? bqa kaysuf fih ht:a cya , wtrž:b fdak š:i,dawd:aš wladu , wmratu fd:axil mabqalhum mayaklu msakn . iwa s:y:d kima lqacida šrb atay wežbu bz:af , wdik l:ila drb rbca dlkisan datay , mea lhlawi wxrž mea lbab flhin . 1:a yd:a kadalik fnfs lwqt ža daxl endhum tani . "mslxir asyadi , aš xbarkum ? waš ntum bixir ? was mazal matos:itu ? ana dn:it mea bali bayl:a rakum teš:itu beda . baqyin maklitu ? wahli ! ana hadi ši ns: sa a baš t šiit , walayn:i γadi ngls wnduq meakum ši haža qlila , elawd:aš myq:n bayl:a ila maduqtš meakum adi ttql:qu mn žihti . iwa šaf fih si odlqadr wqal:u "zid gls meana ila byiti ." iwa huwa bhal ila žatu ml:žn:ati wn:as . zad wrb: ržlih wbqa kay ti lkršu ht:a sbc . iwa had n:uba hadi tlelu frasu , wtarlu mnžihtu , wqal:u " šuf asi hmd , šuf šnu yadi yžik mlih , mndaba lfuq,bqa d:uq fdarkum , waži teš:a endna . " iwa mndak n:har hmd mru mawl:a yduq wla ytos:a ond obdlqadr . wsafi .

Vocabulary

krš (f) /kruša

mukraš (m)

dq: (-u-)

xlfa(f)/-t

zad xlfa fhalu

tamaman

tlq

flhin

nfs

stomach

gluttonous

to knock

step

he went away

exactly

to release

immediately

same

bal	thought
wahli!	gee!
Ad:u	to be sure
tql:q	to get mad, to become impatient
lžn:a (f)	paradise
žatu ml:žn:ati wn:as	a heavenly-sent gift, an
	unexpected gift
rb: ržlih	he sat crosslegged
tk (1-) [fras-]	to cause great anger to someone
tleli fr:as .	I am fed up with him.
tkli frasi	I am fed up with him.
tar li mnžihtu .	I am mad at him.
tar li mn:u .	I am mad at him.
mlih	g ood

VI.2.1

Questions - paspila

- 1. kifaš kla hmd ml:i erd elih ebdlqadr lmr:a 1:w:la ?
- 2. wqtaš ža hmd and abdlqadr fn:har t:ani ?
- 3. šnu galulu wšnu dar ?
- 4. as wge mnbed?
- 5. claš zef obdloadr cla hmd?
- 6. kifaš ntahat lqş:a ? (ntha ! to come to and !)

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VI.3

The Merchant and His Son

t:ažr wwldu

hada wahd t:ažr fasi bya ymši llhž: . wkant adu bz:af dt:ižara wlmaly:a . wmakan adu Yir wld wahd faru tmntaši am . qbl maysafr

llhz: fk:r mea rasu,dak lmud:a l:i γadi ybqa flhž:, xs:u ši wahd l:i ytiq fih bas yxl:ilu t:izara wlmaly:a kul:ha fid:u . bqa kayfk:r , kayfk:r,wqal m°a rasu bayl:a wldu mazal s ir , wmakaymknluš yqabl had s:i kul:u . wmnbed msa end wahd s:adiq meruf bd:aka dyalu . iwa erd "lih wšrbu atay zmi", wqal:u "l:ayxl:ik , hna asdiqa šhal hadi mn 'am , wkat'rfni wn'rfk , daba 'ndi wahd lmuškila, hiya γadi nmši llhž: wkaterf bayl:a maendi yir wld wahd . wfk:rt bayl:a nxl:ih huwa 1:i yqabl had lamlak, wlmaly:a ela manrze ml:hž: nša al:ah. walayn:i \hat{m} :u daxl:ha fih \hat{s} :k: wdima katdn: bayl:a huwa mazal s γ ir . wdaba byit mn:k tzi endna ld:ar , wtd:akr meah wtšuf lafkar dyalu kifaš dayra . was ymknlu yqum bhad leamal awl:a la ?"iwa qal:u had s:diq hada "l:ah yawd:i , bkul farah . walayn:i byit nsoalk suoal . šnu kaybyi wldk mn akl. qul:i haža l:i huwa kaybYiha ktir ." qal:u dak t:ažr "lhaža l:i kaybyiha wldi bz:af hiya lmluxy:a ." qal:u s:adiq "safi . nhar ž:m«a fl«šy:a wž:dlna l«ša blmluxy:a . wana γadi nkun endkum fwqt lesa nsaal:ah . wdak lwqt ana ndxul lqady:a wnqul:k aš kayn ."

iwa nhar žmea fwqt leša ža dak s.y.d , wglsu žmie , kayd.akru wkaydhku mea bedy:athum , wnaštin ktir , wfrhanin bayl:a s.y.d yadi ymši llhž: nša al:ah . aran:a asidi,ža leša . žabt lmtel:ma tažin dlmluxy:a syir bz:af . aran:a,lwld endu wahd lkly:b syir dima kaygls hdah fwqt leša . iwa ml:i bdaw leakl , ža d:if šaf fd:ri wqal:u "efak "eafak nud šuf waš kat:ih š:ta , awl:a la ?" šaf fih lwld s:yir wqal:u "wax:a neam yasidi . ana yadi nqul:k waš kat:ih š:ta mn daba wahd d:aqiqa wl:a žuž ." iwa lwld drb lklb bžnbu . ža lklb xrž ela br:a wwl:a bz:rba wgls hda mulah . aran:a asidi,lwld s:yir dw:z id:u ela dhr lklb wqal ls:adiq dyal b:ah " makt:ihs š:ta ream asidi ." qal:u d:if " kifaš erfti makat:ih š:ta ?" qal:u lwld " ana qultlkum bayl:a

nilarimago

to ask

makat:ihš š:ta . wila matiqtuš by:a , xržu wšufu r:uskum ." iwa d:if saf ft:azr wtbs:m bd:hk wqal:u " had lwld endk efrit ."

Vocabulary

lhž:

•	prigrimage
haž (m) / huž:až	pilgrim
haz:a (f) / haz:at	
taq (i) (b-) (f-)	to trust
d:aka? ~ d:aka	intelligence
amlak (p)	property
šk:	to doubt
šk: (m)	doubt
saal	to ask

dhk to laugh

kly:b little dog, puppy (dim.)

zrb to hurry

bz:rba hurriedly, quickly

tbs:m to smile

frit (m) / fart devil, very clever

VI.3.1

Questions rasrila

- šhal mn wld kan end t.ažr lfasi ? šhal femru ?
- 2. layn kan bya ymši t:ažr lfasi ?
- 3. škun hiya lmuškila 1:i kant endu ?
- 4. šnu n:adar dyal mratu fwldha?
- 5. aš qal t.ažr ls.adiq dyalu ? wšnu tlb mn.u ?
- 6. šnu hiya lhila faš fk:r s:adiq dyalu ?
- 7. kifaš wr:ahum lwld bayl:a huwa dki ?

UNIT SEVEN

VII.1

The Story of Saint Joseph *

sidna yusf

kan sidna yusf huwa s:ab dyal lw:lad dyal sidna yoqub . wkan oziz ela b:ah bz:af . wkan huwa s:qir fihum . wkanu x:utu kayqiru mn:u . wmnb d wahd n:har, X:utu kanu qadyin ls:id wt:afqu baš yd:iw moahum yusf wbaš yqtluh . wb:ahum mabqaš yxl:ihum yd:iwh . floaxr bqaw kaytlbuh ht:a xl:ah mša moahum . mmbod,mšaw,wd:awh ht:a lwahd lxla whuma drbuh ola rasu wrmawh fwahd lbir . wmnbod,xadu lqamis dyalu,wžabuh lb:ahum wfih d:m:,wgalulih boan:a yusf klah d:ib . mmbod,b:ahum bqa kaybki , kaybki, ht:a oan:ahu mbqaš kayšuf boinih . am:a yusf,fahuwa bqa fdak lbir,ht:a oan:a kanu ši nas žay:in yaxdu lma , wyusf ml:i drbatu lfiqa šd: fdak d:lw dlbir wtlo . whaduk n:as xaduh moahum wd:awh lwahd lmdina. wfdik lmdina bqa ht:a kbr , whaduk n:as l:i kanu xaduh ml:bir d:awh , whdawh ldak lhakm dyal dik lmdina . whadak lhakm bqa xaydu ondu wmkb:ru wdaru bhal wldu . whadak lhakm kan mž:w:ž bwahd lmra zina bz:af whiya smha zulixa wkant hadik z:ulixa ožbha dak yusf,wbqat kattož:b blžamal dyalu , wbloaxlaq dyalu . wfloaxir taht muyrama bih , walakin huwa maqblhaš

The informant was a 22 year old native of Marrakech. She was a college senior at Mohammed V University in Rabat. The story is transcribed in her ideolect except for very minor grammatical changes.

wmabγaš yγdr dak lhakm l:i dayru bhal wldu.wmnbed, wahd n:har hadik zulixa ml:i bqaw kaydhku cliha duk lwasifat dyalha,l?an:aha taht murrama fyusf žabthum wwqfthum fwahd lmrah wetathum t:f:ah wqaltlhum"sy:bu (~/sw:bu/) zema t:f:ah". wmnbed ey:tat lyusf wdw:zatu mn qud:amhum . wtsab bi?an:a bktrt lžamal dyalu duk lwasifat kul:hum qt:eu s:bae dyalhum , w tarfu blžamal dyal yusf . walakin dik zulixa, ma žbhaš dak t:aṣar:uf dyalu, wmšat škat bih ldak lhakm , wt:hmatu boan:ahu tbs:l eliha , wtqb:h fliha . nad hadak lhakm dxl:u ls:žn . wbqa hakdak mnfi fs:žn , mabqaš kayfk:r fih tamaman dak lhakm . wbqa fdak s:ižn kayfs:r lahlam lduk l:i msžunin m ah ht:a an:ahu tšhr btfsir lahlam. wahd lyum dak lhakm dyal dik lblad, kan hlm bæn: ahu šaf flmanam dyalu sbea ds: nbulat xdrin , wsb a ds:nbulat yabsin . wduk s:nbulat lyabsin , kayaklu duk s:nbulat lxdrin . wht:a hd: maqdrš yfs:rlih dak lhlm . wbqa hakdak ht:a wsl laxbar lbod lxud:am dyalu, wgalu lih bian:a wahd r:ažl fs:žn kayfs:r lahlam . wey:t elih . wtsab bian:a hadak r:ažl huwa yusf, wgal lih biran:a hadak lhulm dyalu huwa ran:ahu radi ykun sbea dyal s:anawat mzyanin , wsb a dyal s:anawat fihum lqht . wlihada ænshu baš yd:axar ši mn dak lgmh dyalu lduk s:anawat l:i γadi tkun s ba . whakdak dar dak lmalik, ht:a ?an:a zat duk s:anawat l:i fiha lqht , wetarf bt:fsir dyal yusf , wrd:u kif wldu . am:a dik zulixa,fht:a hiya dx:lha ls:žn . wbqa dak yusf m a dak lmalik ht:a an:ahu wl:a l:i kaysy:r dik lblad . wmnbed Zat dik s:ana dyal lqht, w:l:aw kul: ha n:as l:i flbad kayžiw llqsr dyal lmalik , baš yšriw lgmh . wahd n:har žaw duk x:utu whuwa ml:i erfhum, skt magal walu . mnbed gal lihum ila bγitu lgmh xs:kum teawduly:a hyatkum whyat b:akum . bqaw kay awdu lih wgalulih bi an:a b:ahum ražl bsir, wmakayšufš, wendu yal:ah wahd lwld sγir

Vocabulary

rziz (m) /rzaz
yar (i) (mn)
sy:d
lxla (f)
rma (i)
bir (m) / byar ~ byur
qamis (m) / qmays
drbatu lfiqa
dlw (m) / -at
dib (m) / dyub

to be jealous
to hunt
wilderness
to throw
well
shirt
he woke up
bucket

wolf

```
hakm (m) / huk:am
                                         governor, ruler
xayd (m)
                                         taking
waxd (m)
                                         taking
zin (m) ~ zwin
                                         pretty
t° ≥ :b (b-)
                                         to admire
axlaq (f)
                                         manners
muy ram ~ mayrum (m)
                                        one who is completely in love
Ydr
                                        to betray
wasifa (f) / -t
                                        maid (of a queen)
mrah (m) / mruha
                                        \inftyurtyard
tsab
                                        to occur, to happen, to be found
                                         (impersonal)
tasar:uf / -at
                                        behavior
thm
                                        to accuse
tbs:l (ela)
                                        to be silly, impolite, rude, daring
tqb:h (cla)
                                        to be rude, impolite
fs:r
                                        to explain
mnam (m) / -at
                                        dream
snbula (f) / snabl
                                        ear, spike (of grain)
ybs
                                        to dry
yabs (m)
                                        dry
hlm
                                        to dream
hlma (f) / ahlam
                                        dream
sana (f) / sanawat ~ sinin
                                        year
qh t
                                        famine
nsh (Form I - note the informant
                                      to advise
     used /ansh/ Form IV)
```

d:axr (< tdaxr)	to save
sy:r	to conduct
bsir	blind
ma	blind
· Wr	one-eyed
wasila (f) / wasa?il	means
•br	to measure
ebra (m) / -t ~ ebar	measuring cup, pot
lqsr	the palace
sam	to forgive

VII.1.1

Questions - asaila

- 1. šhal mn wld kan end sidna yequb ? asmit ş: yir fihum ?
- 2. claš kan k:ut yusf kayyiru mn:u ?
- 3. škun hiya lhila l:i fk:ru fiha baš yqtluh ?
- 4. aš daru lyusf ml:i mša mcahum?
- 5. aš wq lb:ah?
- 6. kifaš tļe yusf ml:bir ?
- 7. lmn hdaw haduk n:as sidna yusf ?
- 8. aš wqc lyusf mca zulixa?
- 9. aš eml lhakm lyusf ml:i tšk:at lmra dyalu mn:u ?
- 10. cawdlna kifaš xrž yusf ml.hbs?
- 11. kifaš tlaga yusf mea x:utu mr:a xra?
- 12. šnu tlb mn x:utu ?
- 13. kifaš wl.a b.ah yšuf mr.a kra?
- 14. šnu hiya nhayt lqş:a ?

VII.2 The Story of the Peaceful Man and His Wife qs:t bulman wmartu *

kan yasidi fwahd z:man wahd r:ažl wmartu , kay sišu flγaba , wendhum xima , wlmeiz . wr:ažl kan kaysrh lmeiz wlmra kant katqum bdak š:i dyal d:ar . wahd lxtra waw , vya r:ažl , wvyat lmra,qal:iha r:ažl "siri srhi lm tiz , xl:ini ana nbqa fd:ar , nmxud wnt žn wnnsž . galtlu "wax:a ." mša yasidi r:ažl , wmšat lmra tsrh , xl:at lm iz , wmsat katlq:t duk lhbub dyal adur:u , wkatzy:n bihum rasha . wbqat katšth wmad:athaš flmeiz gae . žaw s:raqa d:aw duk lmeiz , wdbhu letrus lkbir, wxl:aw rasu fuq wahd s:žra . lmra vir katšuf dak letrus lkbir, wshabha kaynin lm iz kul:hum. hak:ak, hak:ak,ht:a ll:il. r:azl ht:a huwa , nad mx:d , why:d s:mn mn š:kwa , wbqa lih šwy:a fid:u, whuwa ydw:z da lhytu . dw:z da lhytu , wmša ynš:f fuq leafya . leafya šd:atlu fl:hya , wšb:rat fih leafya , wmsh flmnsž . šd:at leafya flmnsž, zadt ml:mnsž llxima; thrg kul:ši, ht:a bqa γir lhmar wlbrd a br:a . hiya lmra žat fl:il galtlu " was nta hada !" gal:ha " ana hada ". qal:ha " waš nti hadi!" qaltlu " ana hadi " qaltlu " erfti aš ndiru daba ? yal:ah nmšiw lhbabna ." huma endhum nsabhum , \hat{x} :ut lmra kaysknu fwahd lblasa . iwa nadu , rkb r:ažl el lhmar , dik lbrdva l:i andu mšr:ga wlhwayž l:i andu mšr:gin . nad kayxy:t , shabu kayxy:t hwayzu , whuwa rah kayxy:t lhwayz m'a lbrd a . huma wslu lfum: d:ar whuwa ža ynzl , whuwa ytol:q mn fuq lhmar , qbtatu dik lxyata dyal lbrd a ma lhawyž dyalu , xl:atu mel:q . ši bas makan .

The informant for texts (VII.2 - VII.3) was a 24 year old college student. He was a native speaker of Moroccan Arabic, born to Berber parents who were bilingual. His Moroccan Arabic is typical of many bilingual speakers of Berber in Morocco. The transcription slightly differs from the field tape to maintain correct grammatical constructions.

hbt , frhu bihum asidi darulhum ht:a klaw , wšrbu . mša r:ažl xrž wbqat lmra . nadt mrat nsibhum kathlb , ža mdha r:ažl yshabu martu gal:ha " waš γadin ydirulna mwalin d:ar š:i dbiha had l:ila wl:a la ?" galtlu "Yir dir rb:i fbalk abulman ." huwa 'ad 'rf bayl:a mart nsibu hadik . mša , ši bas makan . fl:il asidi , whuma tos:aw , kant wahd lbgra Yadi twld , galulih "awd:i Yadi tqabl dik lbgra ." gal:hum "wax:a " nad huwa wsaf lbyla kattmr: y, yshabu lbgra . nad , dbh lbyla , wxl:a lbgra ht:a matt . •aq bdak š:i kul:u , nad gal:ha lmrtu " yal:ahi nmšiw, rani drt wahd lfdiha ." wgal:ha " xsn:a manaklu γ d:a nša 21:ah ". mša kayql:b da wahd lxabya dyal s:mn , dx:l fiha id:u wmatlatš id:u tqdr txruž . šaf nsibu flgmra , rah r:as dyalu sle , kan qre, kaybrg flgmra whuwa mša hr:s lih dik lxabya, shabu hžra qtlu, wmša hrb huwa wmrtu . mšaw wslu lwahd lmude, fih s:dra; kayduzu lynm mn tm:aya , s:dra katqbt s:uf dyalhum wthbsha . gal:ha "iwa γadyin nlq:tu daba had s:uf wndiru qtifa, wγadi nbicuha , wγadi nšriw bgra, nrbtu lbgra hnaya , wnrbtu lezl hnaya ." galtlih hiya "la , hna nrbtu lbgra hna ." hak:k , klam mn:ha , wklam mn:u , nad drbha qtlha . mša zad whdu , zad lwahd tšr , lqa wahd lmra hž:ala tm:aya , maendhaš r:ažl, dxl andha, qal:ha "awd:i byit neiš meak, wana nxdm, wdak š:i l:i nrbhu ntma šu bih " galtlih " iwa yd:a nša l:ah, wž:d rask baš tmši ls:uq:, tšrilna bgra . Yadi netik lflus nša?l:ah, wtmši ". gal:ha "ila kayn lflus,gar bla nša?l:ah ." galtlu iwa "matgulš dak š:i ". 1:a Yd:a asidi,dartlih lftira , darha flqub: , dar lflus fid:u , zad kayakul dik lftira ht:a salaha , wdr:u letš, whuwa lqa wahd lbir , dar lflus flqub: baš yhni yšrb mlbir . whuwa hna, tahu lflus daxl lbir . hy:d hwayžu whot baš yžib lflus . žaw dazu lxt:ar hz:ulu lhwayž . whuwa the malqa la flus, la hwayz, la walu . rze end dik lmra . txb:a

wra lbab hda lewad . hiya žat thz: lewad galtlu "waš nta hada!" gal:ha "ana hada , mšit mn hna brb:i , wdr:n:i letš brb:i , whdrt baš nšrb lma brb:i , wtahu ly:a lflus brb:i, wdaba hani brb:i . "iwa whya tzeku wmša fhalatu , kaydur . whada huwa , l:i smenah ml:w:lin kaneawduh lt:alin . wsafi .

Vocabulary

. bu- (m)

12aman

bulman

zman ~ zaman

martu ~ mratu

 γ aba (f) / -t

xima (f) / xyam

meza (f) / meiz

srh

mxd

۴žn

nsž

lq:t

adur:u (Berber)

nbg

sr:aq / sr:aqa

etrus (m) / e tars

shab (1-)

shabli , shablu , shablha

shablna , shablkum , shablhum

škwa (f) / -t

of (pertaining to), owner of

trust, safety, peacefulness

the peaceful man

long ago, in the past

his wife

forest

tent

goat

to pasture

to churn (milk)

to knead

to weave

to pick up

plant used for face makeup

plant used for face makeup

thief

billy goat

to seem, think (in the perfect)

I think, he thinks, she thinks

a leather bag in which milk is churned

```
mnsž (m) / mnasž
                                        loom
brdea (f) / -t ~ brade
                                        saddle pack
hbab
                                        parents, relatives
šr:g
                                        to tear, rip
mšr:g
                                        torn
                                        to sew
xy:ţ
xyata (f) / -t
                                        sewing
fum: d:ar
                                        in front of the door
ši bas makan
                                        Don't worry, it is all right
hlb
                                        to milk (a cow)
dir rb:i fbalk
                                        believe in God, don't worry, trust
                                        God.
                                        to wallow
tmr:~
eaq (b-)
                                        to be aware of
faq(b-)
                                        to be aware of
xabya / -t
                xwabi
                                         jar
lgmra (f)
                                         the moon
sle ~ qre
                                         bald
                                         to glitter
brg
sdra
                                         thorny plant
Ynm
                                         sheep
sufa (fp) ~ suf
                                         wool
                                         to stop, block
hòs
                                         to tie
rbt
qtifa (f) / qtayf ~ qtifat
                                         blanket
ři (m) / řul
                                         calf
                                         to kill
qtl
tšr (m) / tšur
                                         village
```

hž:ala (f) / -t	wiaow
tmarš	to live, to live on
ftira	light breakfast
qub: (m) / qbub	hood of a djellaba
hna (i) xt:ar ~ xut:ar ~ xt:ar	to bend passer-by
txb:a	to hide oneself
rud (m) / rwad	wood (plural means 'pieces of wood')
hdr	to bend
z°k VII.2.1	to dismiss

Questions - paspila

- 1. aš kan bulman wmṛtu kaydiru fl:w:l ?
- 2. claš tafqu ydiru ?
- 3. aš wqe lṛ:ažl waš wqe llmra ?
- 4. ašnu daru mn bed had š:i ?
- 5. cawdlna lfdayh 1:i darhum bulman end nsabu ?
- 6. clas qtl mrtu?
- 7. ašnu dar mn bod had š:i ?
- 8. sawdlna šnu wqs ml:i mša yšri lbgra fs:uq ?
- 9. baš ntahat lqş:a ?

VII.3

The Hard-Headed Wife

lmra lmek:sa

hada wahd r:ažl wmartu , b yaw yqt u wahd lwad . wdak lwad kan haml . r:ažl qt l:w:l , wdaz . lmra žat ttb u d:atha lhmla . nad r:azl kayql:b eliha , tle mea lwad . žaw n:as qalulu "awd:i elaš katql:b?" gal:ihum " kanql:b ela mrti ." galulih " iwa hbt ltht mea lwad baš

tlqaha ". gal:hum " la , hadi mrti kan rfha , dima kad:ir l ks , wax:a lwad yhbt:ha , hiya radi ttle ."

Vocabulary

l eks

opposite

mek:s (m)

one who always does the reverse

of what is normal

haml (m)

flooded

hmla

flood

VII.3.1

Question - sural

VII.4

At the Customs (A Joke) wahd n:ukta*

hadi wahd n:ukta , hada wahd r:ažl sakn fwahd lblad qriba ml:hdada dyal wahd lblad xra . wkayži el bšklita whaz: murah wahd lxnša . kayži ld:iwana , kaygululih "aš dak š:i fdik lxnša ?" kaygul:hum "r:mla ". kayshabuh kayt:fl:a elihum,kayhz:u lxnša , kayxwiwha , kaylqawha baš eamra ? br:mla , r:mla bwhdha , kaygululih "duz ". kayduz . kayži mr:a xra rakb ela bšklit:u , whaz: mn wrah dik lxnša dyal r:mla . "aš dak š:i ?" "r:mla , ila ma ty:qtuniš , eawd tani , šufu aš fiha ." kayxwiw dak š:i , kaylqaw yir r:mla . yal:ah yasidi , hk:ak , hk:ak,dima kayžihum bxnštu dyal r:mla kul xtra , wkul xtra . šk:u fih,walayn:i maerfu maydiru . malqaw elih ht:a ši sb:a , wl:a ši

The informant for texts VII.4 - 5 was a 24 year old college student in Rabat. He was born to Berber parents, was bilingual, and spoke Moroccan Arabic as a native language.

huž:a . iwa yasidi žat ly:am wfat: , wahd n:har whuwa mea wahd mn duk mwalin d:iwana , wahd mn duk dyal d:iwana qbt lantrit , mabqaš diwani , tlaqa meah fši qhwa . gal:ih " daxlt elik bl:ah , ila matgul:y:a aš huwa S:ir: dyalk . aš kunti kad:ir ? aš γadi thr:b fr:mla ? waš kunti kad:ir t:rafik dyal r:mla ? had š:i lxdma dyal lhbal ." gallih " la . kunt kanhr:b lbšklitat ."

Vocabulary

nukta (f) / -t .joke hdada borders diwana customs rmla (;ml) sand tfl:a to joke, jest tfl:a cla to make fun of ty:q to believe, trust sb:a (f) / -t blame, cause, reason huž:a (f) / -t proof lantrit retirement (< Fr. retraite) daxlt clik bl:ah Tell me (by God). sir: (m) / asrar secret trafik traffic, smuggling (< Fr.) hbil (m) / hbal idiot, fool hbal folly, madness

VII.4.1

Questions - vasvila

- 1. aš kan kayd:i meah had s:y:d kul: xtra ml:i kayduz lhdada ?
- 2. šnu kanu kaylqaw endu fd:iwana ?
- 3. waš faqu bhadak š:i 1:i kaydir ?
- 4. šnu huwa s:ir dyalu ?

VII.5

In a High Class Restaurant (A Joke)

nukta xra

hadi nukta Rra , hada wahd r:ažl maqariš l:u vat l zažnaby:a wmša baš ytγd:a fwahd lmteam. iwa yasidi, taht cinih cla wahd lmteam dyal n:sara . kul:ši mktub fih blfransawy:a . iwa yasidi msa gls , za endu lgarsun , gal:ih "aš byiti ?" ht: lih dik lwrqa dyal lminu, wgal:ih "aš bγiti ?" hadak s:y:d makayqraš lfransawy:a whadik lwrqa mktuba blfransawy:a , hz: sbeu el:ah, whuwa yht:u fuq wahd lklma tm:a . gal:ih lgarsun " wax:a ." aš mša žablih? žablīh lods . asidi bqa kayakul , kayakul fdik leds, whuwa ygul:ih" al:ah yawd:i,xl:ina leds fd:ar, wžina wlqina leds hna ." iwa yasidi bqa kayakul , yal:ah , yal:ah yahafid . fink awahd n:srani gals hdah , fwahd t:bla hdah , kayakul džaž bš:ry:a . kayakul , kayakul ht:a sala , whuwa ydrb fid:ih,whuwa yey:t llgarsun, gal:ih "ankur "wlgarsun gal:u "wax:a "ldak n:srani . wmša cawd tani žablih džaž mea š:ery:a . yal:ah yasidi,dak s:id l:i gals kayakul leds gal mea rasu " ah nimiru wahd had ankur 1:i kayakul had n:srani , cažiba "iwa, whuwa cy:t cllgarsun wgal:ih "ankur ". mša lgarsun wžab lih tbsil axr dleds . gal:ih " awd:i aš kad:ir ? elah leankur dyali maši bhal lankur dyal had n:srani ?"

Vocabulary

nşrani (m) / nşara

Christian, European, French, non-Arab, non-Islamic

garsun

ht: (-u-)

lminu

klma (f) / klam

waiter (< Fr.)

put

menu (< Fr.)

word

klam

speech

yahafid

goodness!

ankur

again (< Fr.) (here: another one)

VII.5.1

Questions - asaila

- 1. waš xy:na hada qari 1:uya lfaransy:a ?
- 2. baš kan mktub lminu ?
- 3. kifaš tlb had s:y:d lmakla dyalu ?
- 4. ašnu žablu lgarsun ?
- 5. aš qal ml:i šaf leds ?
- 6. aš kan kayakul n. srani l.i kan gals hdah ?
- 7. ml:i sala n:şrani lmakla dyalu šnu qal llgarşun ? šnu žablih lgarşun ?
- 8. šnu fhm xy:na mn had š:i ?
- 9. kifaš ntahat lqş:a ?

*** *** ***

UNIT EIGHT

VIII.1 The Story of the Orphan and the Princess hkaya dyal wahd s:ab: ytim mskin*

kan wahd r:ažl fblad bγdad ondu zuž dyal lwlad , bnt w:ld . wahd n:har, mskin, hadak r:ažl mrd, wšrf, wmakayqdšay ymši. whuwa ymut wxl:a lwladu bit wtlata dyal lxrfan . lwld kan kayqum bs:rha dyal lxrfan , mn:i katšrq š:mš , ht:a katyrb , wkayruh fhalu llbit end xtu, kaylqaha, mskina, mwz:dalih lmakla. kaytes:a wynes.wfs:bah kayfiq mn: as , wkaytwd:a , wysl:i salat ş:ubh, wymši ll amal dyalu kif lada . mšat y:am, wžat y:am, w:ahd n:har kant š:mš har:a bz:af wetšulih lxrfan whuwa ymsi lwahd lein bas ysr:bhum . whuwa ylqa wahd r:ažl gals cla wahd lhžra, whdah tlata dyal lklab . lwld šr:b lxrfan , wbya ykm:l s:rha dyalu . ha huwa ysme hadak r:ažl kayey:t elih , wkayqul:ih " was byiti t:badl meaya ? netik lklab wtetini lxrfan ?" lwld bda kaydhk wgallih "waš nta hmq yaražl ? wl:a katql:b mathm:q ?" gallih r:ažl " ana beqli, wkaneml ln:as lequl . katerf bi an:a had lklb s:γir kayqt: hdid blsanu . whad lmtws:t kayhr:s ž:až, wlxšb, wlqsb . wlkbir, ila titih tra dn:as, yqtulhum . wila matiqtisiy, žr:b ." lwld qal mta rasu " hadi fikra , ana γadi nxruž mn had lblad , ara ntbadl m ah ,

The informant for the texts of this unit (VIII.1 - 2) was a 19 year old native of Rabat who was a member of a dramatic study group. His experience in dramatics is clearly reflected in the narration of this story on the field tape.

lxrfan ht:a wahd mayadi yšrihum mn:i flqbila clahq:aš dcaf bz:af ." whuwa ygul ldak r:ažl "wax:a, ara lklab, hak lxrfan." n:as tbadlu body:athum . lwld mardaš ymši lond lqbila dyalu wkm:l ellxruž dyalu mn hadik lblad dyal b γ dad , wkaydur mn blad lblad ht:a wsl lwahd lmdina, fiha wahd lwhš, kayakl bnt fleam . aran:a yasidi, tqadaw lbnat mn hadik lmdina bqat bnt whda , whiya bnt s:ltan . whiya l:i fiha n:uba bas yakulha lwhs . lwld daz mn hda dak lyar , whuwa ylqa bnt s:ltan katbki qud:am lyar wžnbha lebd dyalha, mtk:i ela learaby:a faš žat rakba . lwld bqat fih hadik lbnt, whuwa kayqul liha "albnt ? malki katbki ? aš žra lik ?" lbnt sktat bed d:qayq, wqalt lih "elah maerfti walu ?" qal:iha "ašnu ?" galtlih "fhad lyar, wahd lwhš, kayakul bnt fleam . whad leam, žatni n:uba baš yakulni ." lwld mskin, hz:at fih hadik lbnt, lin:aha kant zwina, wš rha twil khl wydrb ela hd: qdamha . whuwa kaygul liha "hy:di mn had lyar alal:a. ana yadi nqtul had lwhš, nša al:ah." lbnt madn:atuš waš š:i l:i kayqul liha shih . nad lebd kayqul lih ".sir fhalk elina yahad lhd:awi , žur: clina klabk ". lwld bya yntagm mn lwhš . lwhš faq, wtm: xarz ml: yar, casa ylqa had z:rda l:i kattsn:ah whuwa Zican, wkayxr:ž l afya mn fum:u . lwld qal llklb s:γir " sir llwhš , bγitik tqtlu ." lklb s:γir mša, wbdat lmubara qayma mabin lwhs wlklb s;γir . aran:a lklb s:γir mad:aši mn lwhš walu . wlwld cawd tani sift lklb lkbir llwhs.wmadazt ht:a si ns: saea ht:a qdaw duk lklab ela lwhs wqtluh . lwld žaza lklab dyalu . wqalt lih lmalika " yal:ah meaya bas ysufk baba yzazik *la had l ihsan hada l:i emlti fy:a ." qalliha lwld "baraka l:ahu fik , mn daba wahd tlt y:am, cad radi nzi ". twadcu bcdhum . nad l°bd qalliha " ila maqultiši lb:ak ana huwa l:i qtl lwhš, γadi nqtlk ." lbnt mskina xaft . wqalt lih " wax:a". wsl lebd wlbnt llmdina ,

wbda kayqul " ana huwa 1:i qtlt lwhš ." lmalik šaf bntu baqya hy:a, whuwa kayqul fnfsu " maymknš . ara nmši llγar ." felan mša llγar . whuwa ylqa lwhš my:t,mtruh mskin elloard . wqal lmalik ln:as baš yemlu lhfali , wlmwasm li an:a fhadak n:har s:ultan bya yžw:ž bntu llebd . lbnt mab Yatsay . qalt lb:aha "ht:a llYd: lih , cad ykun z:waž ." wsl n:har baš Yadya t:zw:ž blobd, whiya katqul lb:aha biran:aha mrida; ht:a llyd: lih sawd tani . ht:a wsl n:har faš yadi yži lwld š:užas lḥaqiqi , l:i qtl lwhš, wdxl lmdina wbda yqul " ana huwa l:i qtlt lwhš ". wkaydur mskin mnhda lhfali, wn:as kaytarduh wkayržmuh blhžr . whuma kayqbtuh lmxazny:a dyal s:ultan,wdx:luh llhbs huwa wklabu . qal mskin llklb l:i kayqt:e lhdid " qt:e had s:rzm, wsir end lmalika . raha γadi tšufk wtži lendi , wgw:dha nta ellhbs l:i ana fih ." lklb mša lend lmalika . lmalika šaftu whiya terfu , qalt lb:aha " šfti had lklb , mulah huwa 1:i qtl had lwhs . mulah huwa s:uzar lhaqiqi . am:a lebd Yir thd:d dy:a blqtl wxft wmab itsay ngul lhaqiqa , in:ani xft la yqtlni." hadik s:aca arsal s:ultan llobd bas yqtluh . wsift "la š:uža" whda lih kul: ma ndu . wsbh lwld malik, wtžw: z blbnt . wqs: cla lmalik kul: ma žra lih, wžab xtu mn lqbila l:i kan kayciš fiha mn qbl, w aš tiša s rida m a xtu , wzužtu wlmalik . ws:alam .

Vocabulary

šab: (m) / **šub**:an

youth

šab:a (f) / šab:at

šayb (m)

old (grey-haired)

ytim (m)

orphan

šrf

to get old

šarf

old

qd:

to be able to

xruf (m) / xrfan	little lamb
srha	tending sheep
mn:i (< mn l:i < ml:i)	when, from when
šrq	to rise (sun)
Lip	to set (sun)
camal (m) / acmal	work
°tš	to be thirsty
tbadl	to trade in, change
<pre>%ql (m) / %qul</pre>	mind
<pre>caql (m) /-in</pre>	wise, intelligent
mtws:t (m)	middle
hr:s	to smash, break
ž:až	glass (pane)
qsba (f) / qsb	reed
žr:b	to try
rda (a)	to accept, agree
whš (m) / whuš	dragon, monster, wild animal
ş:lţan ~ ş:ulţan	Sultan
nuba (f) / -t	turn
Yar (m) /Yiran	cave
tk:a (a)	to lean against
mtk:i (m)	leaning
<pre>raraby:a (f) / -t</pre>	cart, Royal Carriage
bqa (f-)	to affect, impress
hz:	to affect, shock
hd:awi (m)	member of a religious group known
	as Heddawa (here: bum)

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žr: (-u-)
                                         to drag
ntaqm
                                         to take revenge
e asa
                                         on the hope of
zrda (f) / -t ~ zradi
                                         good meal, feast, party with good
                                         meal
žar (u)
                                         to be hungry
žur
                                         hunger
zican (m)
                                         hungry
mubara (f) / -t
                                         game
nfs
                                         self
felan
                                         indeed
trh
                                         to spread, throw on the floor
musm (m) / mwasm
                                         celebration of an event
cbd (m)/cbid
                                         slave
šužar (m) / šžran
                                         brave
haqiqi (m)
                                         real
tard
                                         to chase
ržm
                                         to throw stones at
hd:d
                                         to threaten
thd:d (ela-)
                                         to threaten
lhaqiqa
                                         the truth
arsl (Form IV - rare)
                                         to send
٩iša
                                         living
VIII.1.1
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Questions asailá

- 1. ml.i mat r.ažl šhal xl.a dd.rari ?
- 2. aš xl:alhum ?

- 3. aš kan kaydir lwld kul: nhar?
- 4. claš bd:l lxrfan dyalu blklab ?
- 5. fin mša huwa wklabu ?
- 6. snu kaywqe fhadik lblad ?
- 7. cawdlna kifaš qtl lwhš?
- 8. ašnu qal lebd lbnt ş:ultan ?
- 9. kifaš htafl ş.ultan ml.i lqa bntu mazal hy.a ?
- 10. kifaš dar lytim baš yxruž ml:hbs ?
- 11. qul:na n:haya dlqş:a ?

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VIII.2 Enjoying the Hospitality of a Rich Man dyafa dyal wahd r:ažl mayribi whuwa yani

ana bnfsi kunt ond wahd r:ažl yani , fasi , fmdint fas , wmšit ondu . aw:l maqr:bt llbab dyal lqsr dyalu , šuft wahd lbab kbir bz:l:iž wr:xam l'asili . whad lbab yasidi,kant mktuba thin ayat qur'any:a blgbs . mn:i dxlt mn lbab lqit rasi fwst wahd lmrah kbir mfr:š bz:rabi dyal zm:ur wdr:bat , wdayr blhit dhad lmrah bed z:rabi t:urky:at . mn bed , xržt ml:mrah wdxlt ls:twan l:i fih lbyut dyal n:eas,ws:alat ntae d:yafa. qbl ma dxlt ls:ala,l:i ana yadi nkun fiha m erud , kunt kanmši fuq bed lhsayr s:lawy:in , wši zwaq fhaduk lhsayr , zwaq zwin wežib . šwy:a whadak lyani kayrh:b by:a baš ndxul s:ala . felan , dxlt lhnak wana ngls ela wahd lmdr:ba dyal s:uf . l:ah,šhal rtba had lmdr:ba,wmaši yir mdr:ba whda , kanu bz:af , wmlm:tin bši tlamt dyal lhrir kaysm:uhum bed lmyarba lmwb:ra . whad lmdr:bat mhtutin fuq t:wabl, had t:wabl msbu yin blbrniz wržlin t:wabl kanu bn:has . wfwst had s:ala wahd t:bla kbira,mnquša,wmktub eliha bed l:ayat lqur'any:a,wkan dayr biha strny:at dyal ž:ld,wmsw:r fihum ž:mal,wm:xl . el:it eini llfuq dyal

s:ala, wana nšuf wahd t:ry:a kbira, mel:qa fs:qf . had t:ry:a kant fina mqdar xmsin bula . kul:ha ša da, wfkul: bula fiha xursat dyal lbl:ar . šwy:a vyaw ly:a viny:a bow:t š:uf dyal had t:ry:a . hdrt viny:a mn had z:waq, wana nšuf sahbi lyani žay, wmeah wahd lmtel:m haz: bin id:ih wahd s:iny:a dyal lfd:a, fiha zuž dyal z:layf mzw:qin, wqd:mhum ly:a lmt:el:m; zlafa fiha lhlib, w:hda fiha t:m:r . klit mn had t:m:r wlhlib, whuwa yhz: s:iny:a wmsa fhalu . makm:l ht:a daqiqa , ht:a tm: zay lmtrl:m , whaz: fid:ih tbsil kbir dyal lbdi. had t:bsil kant fih lbstila . lbstila ila sftiha bhal si xubza . ?aw:l maqt: t blmus lqit fwstha l:uz wlgrga . mdgug . klit l:uz wlgrga , wana nlqa wahd lqšra, ftht hadik lqšra , wana nlqa džaž mhm:r , neam asidi , wklit mn:u (yir) šwy:a dyal džaž loan: ani kunt mghum, clahq: as klit l:uz wlgrga c . wbdit kandw:z džaž beasir luz . wmnbed lbstila, žab ly:a lmtel:m wahd tažin mγribi fih yasidi l:hm lγlmi blbrquq,wlbid,wz:bib,wlbsla,wmatiša,wlqsbur, wlmednus . klit mn:u, whuw:a dak lyani amrni bas nmsi meah lbit atay . dxlt lbit atay, wana nlqa hadak lbit mfr: yir bz:rabi wlmxad: dyal s:uf, wfwst lbit wahd t:abla fuqha wahd s:iny:a fiha br:ad , wkisan wtlata dyal r:baye dlfd:a phea fiha s:uk:ar, w:hda fiha n:enae, wlxra fiha atay . whda had s:iny:a , kayn wahd lbabur dyal n:has lhmr w clih wahd lmqraž dyal n:has lsfr . Swy:a lyani qd:m ly:a s:iny:a, wgal ly:a bas nem:r atay . qultlih " wax:a ana eziz ely:a atay . nem:ru ." žab ly:a lmtel:m lmqraž fih lma tayb . qbt: šwy:a dyal atay mn r:bie a wemltu flbr:ad, wamart lmtel:m baš ykub: lma flbr:ad . lmtel:m eml bhadak š:i l:i gult lih . šwy:a hr:kt lbr:ad wxwit t:šlila flkas dyal t: slila . mnbed qbt: n:enae ws:uk:ar, wemlthum flbr:ad, wamrt lmtel:m ykub: lma flbr:ad . qam bš:i l:i qultu lih, wana nsd: lbr:ad.bqit zuž

dyal d:qayq blkalam mea lyani . mn bed, kub:it atay fwahd lkas syir, baš nduqu . kan atay mzyan whlu . šrbna atay . šwy:a wana nšuf bed n:as labsin žlalb buyd, wtrabš humr, whaz:in lkamanžat wle ud . bdaw kayyn:iw , wahd lyunya dyal šmš leaši . wbed lyunyat makuntšay nerfhum . salaw . wana nuxruž ntžw:l wntsara fž:rda . šwy:a wkanduz mnqwas kbar bz:af wealyin . wkanduz mn hda lbyut wlhm:amat wlkuzinat . wxržt ml:qwas wana ndxul lr:y:ad fih xus:a kbira dyal lma ,wfiha lhut hmr.wsfr, wela žmie lealwan . wz:hr wlyasmin wt:yur wlesafr katyr:d wtyn:i . had lqsr l:i end had r:ažl kbir fih ešrin bit , wst:a dlhm:amat wrb:a dlkuzinat wkul:u mfr:š wmzw:q . l:ah, šhal ežib . kun yir endi bhalu ! ws:alam .

Vocabulary

dy:f to host dyafa hospitality bnfsi myself zl:iž mosaic rxam marble asili (m) real lgbs gypsum zm:ur the Zemmour tribes dayr surrounding stwan (m) / stawn hallway sala (f) / -thall zw:q to make designs zwaq (m) / -at designs, ornamentation rh:b (b-) to welcome felan indeed, in fact, naturally

mdr:ba	mattress
lm:t	to wrap up
tlmit / tlamt	cover (for bed or sofa)
mwb:ra	velvet
lbrniz	varnish
strny:a (f) / -t	hassock
strmy:a (f) / starm	hassock
žml (m) / žmal	camel
nxla (f) / nxl	palm tree
try:a (f) / -t	chandelier
sqf (m) / squfa	ceiling
xursa (f) / -t ~ %rasi	earring , door handle
mqdar	amount (of)
bula (f) / -t	light bulb
bl:ar	crystal
h dr	to bend
bdic	decorated baked clay
aw:1 ma	when, as soon as
dg:	to grind
mdgug	ground
qšra (f) / -t ~ qšur	rind, crust, bark
ghm	to fill up, take away the appetite,
	surfeit, cloy
mghum	satiated with food
cașir	juice
rbica (f) / rbaye	a small container for tea, sugar, min
tšlila	the water with which tea leaves are
	washed

kamanža (f) / -t violin eud (m) / eidan lute (Oriental musical instrument) šmš leši Sunset (a song) tžw:l to wander around qus (m) / qwas arch ryad (m) / -at a (domestic) flower garden zhŗ orange blossom yasmin jasmine tir (m) / tyur bird rsfur (m) / rsafr swallow, bird 77:d chirp

VIII.2.1

Questions - vasvila

- 1. wşflna bab lqşr dmil d:yafa ?
- 2. aš kayn flmrah dlqşr ?
- 3. mn brd ma xrž ml:mrah fayn dxl?
- 4. šnu qd:mlu lmtel:m fl:w:l ? wmbed ?
- 5. kifaš žbr lbstila ?
- 6. tkl:mlna ela t:ažin lmayribi l:i kla mn:u d:if ?
- 7. škun 1:i °m; r atay ? wkifaš daru ?
- 8. aš dar diff wmul lqşr mn bed leša ?

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UNIT NINE

IX.1

The Story of the Bald Man

qs:t lqre *

hada wahd lqr qbl ma ymut b:ah ws:ah cla wahd lbit cndhum fd:ar bas mayhl:us. wahd n:har dak lqr nad whuwa yhl: dak lbit, sab fih wahd s:bsi w:ahd t:rbus whidura. xda s:bsi wmsa qud:am lqsr dlmalik, wgls kaycm:r fs:basa; cm:r lw:l, wqir huwa sqt t:fya whiya t:ih lih kura dlkif, taht lih kura dyal d:hb (lkura dlkif wl:at kura dd:hb) **

"m:r t:ani, awd tani sqt kura dyal d:hb whda xra. talt, cawd tani sqt kura dyal d:hb whda xra. talt, cawd tani sqt kura dyal d:hb whda xra. bnt lmalik, kant fwahd s:ržm flqsr katšuf fih. "dak xy:na aš kaydir?" siftatlih wahd s:t:a dyal lcbid, wgaltlihum "siru cy:tu cla dak lqrcl:i waqf tm:a." žaw end lqrcduk lcbid, galulih "duz tkl:m lbnt lmalik". gal lihum "wax:a".

mša cnd bnt lmalik,dxl endha llbit gal:ha "aš bqiti?" galtlih "aš

The informant for texts IX.1 and IX.2 was a Jbli. The Jbala are speakers of Moroccan Arabic who live in an area that lies between the town of Ouezzane and the city of Fez. The word Jbli is related to Arabic /Zabal/ 'mountain'. The informant was a 25 year old native of Ouezzane.

Sentences, phrases or words in parentheses are not on the field tape.

dak š:i ? aš kunti katdir adak lqre ?" gal:ha "alal:a , endi vir had s:bsi , ml:i kanem:ru blkif wnkmi kansqt , kat:ih kura dlkif , (wkatwl:i mnb d) kura dyal d:hb . galtlih " ara nšuflk ." šd:at bnt lmalik s:bsi , em:ratu blkif , kmat mea rasha , ml:i žat tsqt t:fya , taht kura dyal d:hb . galtlih " ah had lqady:a mzyana ." xržat ela br:a , ey:tat ela duk lebid dyalha , wgaltlihum " šd:u had xy:na , wšb: uh sa , wxr: žuh ely:a mnhna ." šd:u lqre saru elih blesa ht:a rd:ulu dhru rtb mn kršu , wxr:zuh ela br:a . ht:uh , lqre nad bedamu mdgdgin , wtm: yadi fhalu llbit dyalu . lhg llbit hz: dak t:rbuš . Yir huwa daru fuq rasu , mtlaš kayban . tm: xarž yadi end bnt lmalik . dxl end bnt lmalik llqsr bla ma šafu ht:a wahd, ht:a lendha llbit, why:d t:rbus. galtlih "lqre!" gal:ha "neam." galtlih " kifaš drti ht:a žiti ?" gal:ha " alal:a , Indi had t:rbuš wml:i kandiru fuq rasi makanbqas nban ." galtlih "y:ih! ara nsuf . iwa makdbtiš ?" gal:ha "la makdbtšay alal:a . haki šufih ." *taha t:rbuš, d:at t:rbuš, dartu fuq rasha, mabqatš katban. xržat end lebid dyalha galtlihum "ažiw lhna ." žaw lebid , galtihum "šd:u ly:a had xy:na , had lqre , wsb: wh esa eawd tani wxr: zuh ela br:a ." šd:u lqre eawd tani , darulih aktr ml:xtra lw:la . xr:žuh ela br:a whuma yhut:uh . lqre eawd tani nad bedamu msalyin , makayqdrš ymši . tm: yadi mwz:h ldaru, ht:a lhg ld:ar, wdxl lbit, gal "daba erft as yadi ndir mearasi , yadi ntwd:a , wyadi nbda nsl:i , wnxl:i dak š:i ." lqr twd:a , ža baš ysl:i , Yir gls fuq lhidura , whuwa yuqf hdah wahd lefrit . gal:ih " byiti mal šr:q yžik , byiti mal lyrb yžik ." gal:ih " yadi thz:ni daba wtd:ini lbnt lmalik ." hz:u lefrit wd:ah end bnt lmalik . dx:lu and bnt lmalik ht:a llbit . galtlih " awd tani nta

alqre žiti . " gal:ha " y:ih ana eawd tani žit . " galtlih " kifaš drti ht:a dxlti ?" gal:ha " endi had lhidura kangls fuqha , kayuqf wahd ž:n:, l:i gultlih, kaydiru." galtlih "wmakdbtiš?" gal:ha "makdbtš". bnt lmalik glsat fuq hadik lhidura , whuwa yuqf hdaha lefrit gal:ha "byiti mal š:rq yžik , byiti mal lyrb yžik ". galtlih "yadi thz: ely:a had lqre wtbe:du el:qsr ". lefrit hz: lqre . d:ah be:du el:qsr . wht:u . iwa lqre lqa rasu yir flxla bwhdih . yir fwst s:zr , yadi *la ržlih . šwy:a whuwa ylqa wahd š:žr , fihum š:žr l:i kaydiru fihum lkrmus lbyd , wfihum l:i dyal lkrmus lkhl . dik s:a a makans wqt lkrmus . wfduk s:žr kayn lkrmus . qt: wahd žuž lkrmusat buyd , whuwa yakulhum . γ ir klahum , whuma ynudulu žuž dyal lgrun fug rasu . wl:a bhal ši etrus . gal " ·žuba . klit had ž:už dlkrmusat buyd naduly:a lqrun fug rasi ." tm: yadi mša ldik š:žra dyal lkrmus lkhl . qt: e žuž krin mn dak lkrmus lkhl , klahum whuma ythy:dulu lgrun mn fuq rasu . gal " had lqady:a mzyana lbnt lmalik , waqila yad nntaqm mn:ha ." nad whuwa yhy:d st:a mn dak lkrmus lbyd , wst:a ml:krmus lkhl , wtm: yadi , eawd tani , raze ldar lmalik ht:a lhg lqud:am d:ar , whuwa ylqa wahd les:as flbab . gal:ih " hak had lkrmusat s:t:a lbuyd , yadi tmši wtetihum lmrat lmalik ." wxl:a lkrmusat lkuhl endu . dak les:as mša whuwa yd:ihum lmrat lmalik . galt " wah , lkrmus fhad lwqt , mae mrni šuft lkrmus fhad lwqt ". klat žuž, wetat lražlha žuž, wetat lbntha žuž. kul:hum klaw duk lkrmusat dyalhum , wl:aw bgrunhum , wl:aw bhal letars . iwa lmalik tlf matla orf maydir. makayqdrš yxruž ela br:a . xaf la eibad 1:ah ysufuh blgrun , tlq lbr:ah fz:nqa . gallihum l:i yqdr ydawini wyhy:dli had lgrun vadi nynih wnetih bnti ytžw:ž biha ". cibad 1:ah cyaw ma yžiw , vyaw ma yžiw . ht:a wahd maqdr yhy:d lih duk lgrun . aran:a

lqre tm: radi dxl llqsr gal llmalik " ana daba radi ndawik wnhy:dlk had lgrun l:i ela rask ." gal:ih " rak ila mahy:dtihumši ly:a , rah rask radi nqteu ". gal:ih " ila mahy:dtlkši duk lgrun , rasi qteu ". gal:ih " wdaba qbl manbdaw flxdma , radi yxs:k takul wahd r:bein dyal lesa ". šd: lmalik wasar elih blesa ht:a km:l duk r:bein . whuwa yetih žuž dlkrmusat mn duk lkuhl klahum . rir huwa klahum , whuma thy:dulu lgrun ela rasu . ah ! gal " daba hada emrni mašuft bhalu ". mša end bnt lmalik , ht:a hiya , gal:ihum " hadi xs:ha my:a dyal lesa ". šd:uha žuž ebid sa ru eliha kaybt:nu fiha , kaybt:nu fiha , ht:a km:lu liha dik my:a dyal lesa . etaha žuž krmusat . thy:dulha duk lgrun mn fug rasha . mša end mrat lmalik ht:a hiya etaha rbein dyal lesa , wetaha žuž krmusat wthy:du liha lgrun mn fug rasha . wlqre tžw:ž bnt lmalik wrd:at lih dak s:bsi dyalu , wt:rbuš dyalu wlhidura .

Vocabulary

ws:a (*la)
sab (i)
sbsi (m) / sbasa
trbuš (m) / trabš
trbuš hmr
šašy:a (f) / -t ~ šwaši
tagy:a (f)/ -t twagi
hidura / -t ~ hyadr
sqt
tfya

to advise

to find

smoking pipe

hat

Fez

cap

woolen hat

tinted sheep skin used as a rug to make fall off or out of ashes (of a cigarette)

```
dhb (m)
                                   gold
xy:na
                                   our friend
šb:e
                                   to fill up with food
•sa (f) / •si
                                   stick
rtab
                                   to get or become soft, tender
dgdg
                                   to pound, to grind
lhg (1-)
                                   to arrive (at)
tla (a)
                                   to become
msali (m)
                                   finished
wž:h (1-)
                                   to go in the direction of
mal (m)
                                   money, wealth
be :d
                                   to draw back, take away
wst
                                   middle
grn (m) / grun
                                   horn (of animal)
* žuba
                                   strange (thing) !
tm:
                                   to go on doing something
waqila
                                   maybe, perhaps
tlf
                                   to be lost
tlq
                                   to release, let go
br:h
                                   to announce
br:ah (m) / br:aha
                                   town crier
qdr
                                   to be able to
bt:n
                                   to skin (a sheep)
btana (f) / -t ~ btayn
                                   sheep skin
tbtin (m) / tbatn
                                   lining (of a coat)
```

* * *

IX.1.1

Questions - ?as?ila

- 1. was tb: clqrc dak š:i bas ws: ah b: ah?
- 2. ašnu žbr lqre ml:i hl: lbit ?
- 3. šnu dar bs:bsi ?
- 4. ml:i kma lqre šnu wqe?
- 5. šnu dart bnt lmalik ml:i šaftu ykmi?
- 6. ml:i mša lqr endha llbit šnu dartlu ?
- 7. vawdlna šnu dar lqrv bţ:rbuš ? wšn dartlu bnt lmalik had lxţra ?
- 8. kifaš qdr lqre ywsl lend bnt lmalik flmr:a t:alta ?
- 9. ml:i lefrit lah lqre flxla , šnu žbr lqre , wšnu dar , wšnu tralih ?
- 10. ml:i rže lqre llmdina šnu žab meah ?
- 11. cawdlna qş:t lqrc mca lmalik wmartu wbntu ?

*** *** ***

IX.2

Jeha and the Roosters

žha wlfr:už

hada žha wlfr:už. wahd n:har fl:il mša žha ldw:ar baš ysrq ši džaž. sava vir ht: id:u vla wahd lfr:už, whuwa ysy:h. smvu wahd mn mwalin d:w:ar,whuwa yiži vndu, gal:u "ažha, aš had ši katdir?" qal:u "ši baš makayn, vir kan lfr:už kifaš yvn:i ".

Vocabulary

fr:už (m) / frarž sa α γir ...

sy:h

cock, rooster

the moment (he)..., as soon as to cry, howl (dog), crow (rooster)

IX.2.1

Question - sural

cawdln lqs:a dyal žha wlfr:už ?

*** *** ***

IX.3

Jeha and the Beggar

žha wtl:ab *

daba Yadi neawdlkum wahd lhkaya dyal žha . Žha wahd n:har kan gals fdaru , wdaru calya bz:af , whuwa ysme ltht wahd r:ažl kayey:t .
" asi muhm:d,hw:d l:ah yrhm waldik , hw:d ." žha tm: hw:ad mn lfuq ht:a ltht . ml:i hw:d gal:ih dak r:ažl , " ctina ši sadaqa l:a yxl:ik ".
ža žha gal:ih " iwa tbeni ". tm: tale , tale ht:a wsl ld:ar lfuq , gal:ih " l:ah ysh:l axuya ".

Vocabulary

tl:ab (m) / tl:aba	beggar ·
tl:aba (f) / -t	
hkaya / -t	story
l:a yrhm waldik ~ l:a yrhm lwalidin	please (lit: May God have mercy on
	your parents.)
l:a yxl:ik	please (lit: May God save you.)
sh:l	to make easy
l:a ysh:l	May God help you. (lit: May God
	make it easy for you.)

IX.3.1

Question - sural

clas žha qal lt:lab bas ytbou llfuq ?

The informant for this story was a 24 year old native speaker of Casablanca and a college graduate.

IX.4

Jeha Helps His Neighbor žha wžaru *

hada žha kan endu žaru . whad ž:ar kan kayšrb bz:af . wžha kan kayerf bayl:a žaru skayri dlxla . wkul: nhar ml:i kayšufu daxl ld:ar dyalu bš:rab kaymši endu žha wyqul:u "awd:i l:a yhdik t:aqa l:ah,had š:i l:i kateml eib elik; katšrb bz:af, ši nhar yadi tmrd, wdaba qte had š:rab yadi tkun labas elik ". iwa aš kayqul:u žaru ? kayqul:u "safi, hadi hiya lxtra t:alya . emrni maneawd ". iwa wahd n:har s:y:d daxl ld:ar blqrea dš:rab dyalu tht ž:l:aba . aran:a asidi tlaqa bih žha flbab, wqal:u "aš dak š:i endk tht ž:l:aba ?" qal:u "awd:i yir qrea dlhlib ". qal:u žha "ara nšuf ". qal:u žaru "la,makayn laš . gulnalk awd:i yir lhlib wsafi ". gal:u " wl:ahi asidi wbšarafk ht:a nšuf had lhlib kif dayr ". wxtflu žha lqrea mn tht ž:l:aba , wqal:u " waš huwa hada lhlib ?" qal:u žaru "y:ih, rah hlib hada, yir ml:i šafk hšm mn:k, w:l:a hmr."

Vocabulary

šrb

skayri dlxla

t:aqa

eib (m) / e yub ~ euyub

lxtra t:alya

qrea (f) / qraei

šaraf

xtf

to drink (here: drink liquor)

a great drunkard

to fear God, to be honest

shame, shameful action

the last time

bottle

honor

to grab

^{*} The informant for text IX.4 was a 28 year old college graduate and a native of Fez.

IX.4.1

Questions - paspila

- 1. aš kan kaydir žar žha kul: nhar ?
- 2. baš nsh žha žaru ?
- 3. aš qal:u ž:ar ?
- 4. waš ž:ar tb: n:asiha dyal žha ?
- 5. aš kan lžwab dyal ž:ar ml:i lqa žha endu lqrea dš:rab ?

*** *** ***

. UNIT TEN

X.1

Ashura

cašura

eašura katkun fn:har leašr fšhr muhar:m. fhad š:hr hada eibad l:ah kul:hum kayxr:žu lešur. šnu huwa lešur ? lešur haža meluma fš:ariea leislamy:a. nhar easura lmuslmin kul:hum xs:hum yetiw lešur ml:maly:a dyalhum awl:a lmurabaha dyalhum. kifaš had lešur kaytfr:q ela lmusakin awl:a lžawamie awl:a dar lxiry:a ? aw:ala mr:a , xs:na nerfu bayl:a kayn bed n:as l:i kayxr:ž lešur zre , awl:a ksiba , awl:a ksawi , awl:a maly:a , awl:a hwayž xrin . nhar eašura fs:bah n:as kul:hum kaymšiw ls:uq , dak n:har kayqdiw ši mqdy:a kbira wblxas: ld:rari s:γar bnat wwlad . hadi qeida flmyrib d:rari s:γar kul:hum kayntadru eašura . dak n:har kayšriwlhum leavilat dyalhum agwalat , wtearž , wbnadr , wkwabs,wdr:ažat , wtsawr , wkurat , wzm:arat . wnf:axat . wmleubat xrin dyal d:rari , wbz:af dlhlawi kima š:uklat , wš:wingam , awl:a kima ysmiwha bed n:as lmska .

dak n:har d:rari kaykunu naštin bz:af , wkaytžameu fd:ruba , wfz:naqi , wybqaw ylebu mea bedy:athum bduk lhwayž l:i kayšriwlhum leazilat dyalhum .

The informant for the texts of Unit x was a 28 year old college graduate and a native of Fez.

leyalat fdak n:har qbl d:hur , kaymšiw llmqabr baš ysd:qu ela leahl dyalhum l:i matu , awl:a yd:iw ši bxur wšme ls:adat l:i kayeamnu bihum . wr:žal kadalik ht:a huma , kaytžameu bedy:athum . kayn l:i kaymšiw ls:inima , wl:a kaymšiw ytsaraw ela br:a,wl:a ymšiw llqhawi ylebu lkarta wyd:akru žmie . dak n:har dyal eašura n:as kaykunu labsin mzyan,wwaklin šarbin,wnaštin wmuhm:d elih s:alam .

Vocabulary

cašura

lešur

ntadr

agwal (m) / -at

teriža (f) / tearž

bndir (m) / bnadr

kabus (m) / kwabs

dr:aža (f) / -t

zm:ara (f) / -t

nf:axa (f) / -t

mleuba (f) -t

mqbara

mqabr

muhm:d clih s:alam

the tenth day of the Moslem month

of Muharram

tithe (1/10)

to wait for, look forward to

kind of long drum open at one end

kind of long clay drum open at one

end

a flat round North African drum with

one head

pistol

a wheel pushed by kids (toy), bicycle

a small horn (toy)

balloon

a plaything, toy

cemetary

graves

Mohamed the Prophet (upon him be

peace)

X.1.1

Questions - vasvila

- 1. fwqtas katkun casura ?
- 2. šnu huma lešur ?
- 3. lmn kaytetaw lešur ?
- 4. kif kaymkn llwahd yxr: ž lešur?
- 5. aš kayšriw n:as lwladhum?
- 6. kifaš kaykunu d:rari foid cašura ?
- 7. aš kaydiru leyalat , waš kaydiru r:žal fhad leid ?

የተ

X.2

Greater Bairam

le id lkbir

ml:i kaydxul š:hr dleid lkbir , n:har t:ase fhad š:hr huwa eara at . dak n:har n:as kul:hum kaykunu mwž:din . fdik l:ila dyal earafat leyalat kayemlu lhn:a , whadik l:ila hiya lilt leid lkbir . l:a γd:a fs:bah , kaymšiw n:as llmsl:a . wdak n:har , l:i huwa nhar leid , kul:ši n:as kaykunu ela bal.wkul: wahd kaydbh lhawli dyalu ila huwa kan mzw:ž wendu leazila . mnbed d:biha kayslxu lhwala wkayel:quhum , wkayfs:luhum .

kayn bz:af dlea?ilat l:i kayty:bu r:as blksksu , wybdaw bhad š:i n:har lw:l . wkayn ea?ilat l:i kaybdaw blkrša , awl:a lkware, wlkbda , wlqlb . l:hm makaybdaw bih ht:a l:a rd:a , wkayfs:luh bltraf . kayn bz:af dyal n:as l:i kayxl:euh , wkayn nas xrin l:i kaydiru mn:u twažn . wkayn n:as l:i kaysd:quh el musakin . l:a rd:a , bz:af dlea?ilat kayerdu ela bedy:athum , wkayqs:ru žmie, wši kayzur ši , wkayteš:aw žmie . wkul: ši n:as dak n:har kaykunu labsin mzyan . ht:a ši wahd makayxdm . wl?idarat kaykunu sad:in fleid lkbir .

leid lkbir kaysm:iwh n:as eid d:hy:a . d:hy:a hiya n:as kaydhiw blhwla dyalhum kima kan erfu kul:na lqs:a dyal sidna brahim,elih s:alatu ws:alam,kan bya ydh:i bwldu walayn:i l:ah subhanahu wtrala , şift lih wahd lhawli bas ydbhu fmude wldu . iwa asidi , bqat had lqaeida end lmslmin žami an ht:a llyum . iwa nam asid, had ši l:i eta l:ah . Vocabulary

arafat

name of a mountain east of Mecca where the Mecca pilgrims spend the 9th day of the Moslem month of Zualhijja

l:a yd:a lmsl:a

the next day, the following day open air place where Moslems gather in large numbers for praying

e la bal

attentive, on the alert to skin

slx

fs:1

to cut and trim (here: meat)

krša (f) / -t

tripe (organ)

kre / krean

foot or lower part of a hoofed

animal's leg

xl:°

to preserve meat

xlic

preserved meat (Moroccan way)

rq:d

to can pickles, preserve meat, etc.

dh:a

to sacrifice

X.2.1

Questions - paspila

- 1. fwqtaš katkun carafat ?
- 2. fin kaymšiw n.as fşbah nhar leid lktir ?
- 3. aš kaydiru n:as ml:i yržeu ml:msl:a?

- 4. as kayty: bu bed n:as fn:har lw:1 dleid lkbir?
- 5. šnu huwa lxlie?
- 6. waš lmslmin yşd:qu floid lkbir ? aš kayşd:qu ?
- 7. waš loidarat kaykunu xd:amin floid lkbir ?
- 8. aš kaydiru leavilat flmayrib nhar leid lkbir ?
- 9. šnu hiya los:a dyal sidna brahim clih s:alatu ws:alam ?

*** *** ***

X.3

Jeha Visits His Sister

žha wxtu

had žha kan bya ymši yzur žtu wahd n:har, elawd:aš kan mašafhaš ši mud:a twila . iwa žtu mzw:ža wendha sbea dlwlad . whiya kant kayskun fši mdina beida . awal:a mr:a, hadi eada endna flmayrib , ml:i lwahd kaykun msafr baš yzur ši hd: mn leapila dyalu , labd: mayd:i meah ši haža , wbloaxas: ila kant leapila endha drari syar .

iwa asidi, žha wsl ldik lmdina , whuwa ža fayt qud:am mul lfakaya , wgal mea rasu "hadi muškila ! ma endi ht:a frnk ! whšuma baš nži daxl bd:y:a xawyin !" wqf tm:a wbqa kayšuf fdik lfakya , kayšuf , kayšuf , wkaytmn:a ykunu endu ši flus , walakin rb:ana xalqtana . bqa kima dak š:i kayšuf flfakya , wežbatu bz:af , wqal mea rasu "taht wžbrnaha ". ža wdxl ldar xtu, wžaw endu d:rari wfrhu bih bz:af, wbqaw kayfw:tu blfrha wygulu "ha huwa ža hbibna žha ". wxtu ht:a hiya kant frhana bz:af , wbqat katbus fih blfrha elawd:aš mašaftuš ši mud:a twila .

iwa wmnb°d galulu "gls "wžabulu atay, wglsu meah . iwa whuwa dar fxtu wqal:ha " rfti aš kunt γadi ndir ?" galtlu xtu "la . marrftš ." gal:ha γir daba daba , ana fayt qud:am mul: lfakiya , wdxlt rndu wšuft dik lfakya wežbtni bz:af , wqult mea rasi "labd: ma nšri ši haža

lwlad xti . xṣ:ni rb în kilu dt:f:ah , wtlatin kilu dl:imun , wši xmstašr kilu dt:mr , wxmsa w šrin , awl:a tlatin kilu dn:wa w ..."
žat x̂tu qaltlu " laš bγiti had š:i kul:u ?" gal:ha " kunt bγit nžiblkum had š:i m aya ". galtlih x̂tu " iwa bz:af elina had š:i ". ža žḥa qal:ha , " xl:i d:rari yaklu m a rashum . aš xasra nti ?"

Vocabulary

blaxas:

rb:ana xalqtana

taht wžbrnaha vir daba daba

xsr

xasr (m)

X.3.1

especially, particularly
to have no money. (lit:as God created
us, i.e. 'naked')
the problem is solved
a little while ago
to lose, be out of order

losing, out of order

Questions - ?as?ila

- claš bγa žha ymši yzur xtu ?
- 2. was kant endu bz:af dlflus ?
- 3. Shal mn wld end xtu?
- 4. ml:i ybyi mayribi yzur ši cacila xra, aš kayd:i mcah?
- 5. ašnu eml žha ml:i daz qud:am mul lfakya ?
- 6. waš d:a meah ši hdy:a lwlad xtu?
- 7. aš emlat xtu wwladha ml:i dxl lendhum ld:ar?
- 8. škun hiya lhila faš fk:r žha?

*** *** ***

PART THREE

APPENDIX A

VERB TABLES

PHO-MANUFACTURE PROPERTY.	
eman bedought	
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	
) AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN NAMED IN COLU	
- Annual	

APPENDIX A

VERB TABLES

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Table	9	Quadriliteral	/ţŗžm/	'to translate'
Table	10	Form I Medial Weak	/xaf/(a)	'to be afraid'
Table		Form I Medial Weak		
Table	12	Form I Medial Weak	/sam/(u)	'to fast'
Table	13	Form I Final Weak	/bda/(a)	'to begin'
Table	14	Form I Final Weak	/?ta/(i)	'to give'
Table	15	Form I Final Weak	/xda/(u)	'to take'
Table	16	Doubled	/ḥb:/	'to like, love'
Table		Doubled	/dq:/(-u-)	
Table		Biradical Weak		
Table	19	Biradical Weak	/d:a/	'to take along'
Table	20	Form II Final Weak	/yn:a/	'to sing'
Table	21	Form II Medial Weak	/nw:d/	'to cause to get up or wake up'
Table	22	Form II Medial Weak	/xw:f/	'to frighten'
Table	23	Form II Medial Weak	/fy:q/	'to wake someone up'
Table	24	Form VIII Final Weak	/tsš:a/	'to eat dinner'

APPENDIX A

Introduction

Appendix A consists of twenty-four Verb Tables representing all verb forms and structures (Sound, Weak, Doubled, etc.). Forms IV and IX are not included since they are rare in occurrence and regular in conjugation, i.e. like any other Sound Form (III or X for example). The Perfect (or past) tense forms are listed first, followed by Imperfect forms with the Frequentative Particle /ka-/ (for some speakers: $ta- \sim da-$). The Imperative forms follow the Imperfect forms. The forms used in this Appendix are the same forms used throughout the book.

The participles are inflected for gender and number. Transitive (tr.) Form I Verbs have an Active (AP) and a Passive (PP) participle. Intransitive Form I verbs have AP's only. Forms II - X have one participle that may function both as AP and as PP if the verb is transitive, and as AP if the verb is intransitive. The AP can be translated as "one who..." thus serving as an "actor", e.g. /ktb/ 'to write', /katb/ 'writer, one who writes'. The PP is the same as in English, e.g. /ktb/ 'to write', /mktub/ 'written'.

The Verbal Noun has the same translation as the English gerund, e.g. /ktb/ 'to write' /ktaba/ 'writing'; /sam/ 'to fast' /syam/ 'fasting'.

Table 1

Form I Sound

ktb 'to write' (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	ktbt	kanktb		
nta	ktbti	katktb	ktb	
nti	ktbti	katktbi	ktbi	
huwa	ktb	kayktb		
hiya	ktbat	katktb		
ḥna	ktbna	kanktbu		
ntuma	ktbtu	katktbu	ktbu	
huma	ktbu	kayktbu		
Participle	es ms	fs	πр	fp
Active:	katb	katba	katbin	katbat
Passive;	mktub	mktuba	mktubin	mktubat

<u>Verbal Noun*</u> kitaba

^{*}Other Verbal Nouns of Form I Sound are formed on the following patterns:

φip	'to hit'	φ ι ρ	'hitting'	
¥ S İ	'to wash'	rsil	'washing'	
d×1	'to enter'	d×ul	'entering'	
ņsb	'to count'	ḥsab	'counting,	arithmetic'

Table 2

Form II Sound

bd: | 'to change' (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	bd:It	kanbd:I		
nta	bd:lti	katbd:I	bd:l	
nti	bd:Iti	katbd:li	bd:li	
huwa	bd:I	kaybd:l		
hiya	bd:lat	katbd:l		
ђпа	bd:Ina	kanbd:lu		
ntuma	bd:Itu	katbd:lu	bd:lu	
huma	bd:lu	kaybd:lu		
Particip1	es ms	fs	mp	fp
	mbd:1	mbd:la	mbd:lin	mbd:lat

<u>Verbal Noun</u> tbdil ~ tbdal

Table 3

Form III Sound

samh 'to forgive someone' (tr.)

	Perfect	<u>Imperfect</u>	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	samņt	kansamḥ		
nta	samḥti	katsamņ	samh	
nti	samḥti	katsamhi	samḥi	
huwa	samh	kaysamh		
hiya	samḥat	katsamḥ		
фпа	samḥna	kansamhu		
ntuma	samhtu	katsamņu	samhu	
huma	samhu .	kaysamhu		
Participle	s ms	fs	mp	fp
	msamh	msamḥa	msamhin	msamḥat

<u>Verbal Noun</u>* msamha ~ musamaha

*Other Verbal Noun patterns for Form III Sound are here listed:

Sanq 'to hug' m⊊anqa 'hugging' safŗ 'to travel' 'travelling' safar saîd 'to help' 'helping' musa⊊ada 'to compete with' γand Sinad ~ 'competing' γnad

Table 4

Form V Sound

til:m 'to learn' (tr.)

	Per	fect	Im	perfect	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	t۲۱	:mt	ka	ıntςl:m		
nta	t٢١	:mti	kа	attSI:m	t 🕻 l : m	
nti	t٩١	:mti	kε	ittς :mi	t S l : m i	
huma	t۶۱	: m	kа	aytςI:m		
hiya	t٢١	:mat	kε	attSI:m		
ḥnа	t٢١	:mna	kε	antΩl:mu		
ntuma	t٢١	:mtu	kε	attSI:mu	tSI:mu	•
huma	t٢١	:mu	kε	aytîl:mu		
<u>Participles</u>	<u> </u>	ms		fs	тр	fp
		mt SI:m		mt 🕻 l : ma	mt fl:min	mt 🕻 l : mat

Verbal Noun

Table 5

Form VI Sound tfahm 'to understand each other' (intr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	tfahmt	kantfahm		
nta	tfahmti	kattfahm	tfahm	
nti	tfahmti	kattfahmi	tfahmi	
huwa	tfahm	kaytfahm '		
hiya	tfahmat	kattfahm		
ḥna	tfahmna	kantfahmu		
ntuma	tfahmtu	kattfahmu .	tfahmu	
huma	tfahmu	kaytfahmu		
				
<u>Participle</u>	<u>s</u> ms	fs	mp	fp
	mtfahm	mtfahma	mtfahmin	mtfahmat

Verbal Noun

Form VI Sound has no Verbal Noun of its own. The Verbal Noun of the corresponding Form III is used instead, e.g.

/Sanq/ 'to hug' III and /tSanq/ 'to hug one another' VI /mSanqa/ 'hugging' (VN of III and VI)

Table 6

Form VII Sound

tdrb 'to be beaten'* (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	<pre>Imperative**</pre>
ana	t.drbt	kantḍṛb	
nta	tdrbti	kattdrbi (∍katdrbi)	
nti	tḍṛbti	kattdrbi (₃ktdrbi)	
huwa	tḍṛb	kaytḍṛb	
hiya	·tdrbat	kattḍṛb (∍kat:ḍṛb)	
ḥna	tḍr̞bna	kantdrbu	
ntuma	tạrbtu	kattḍṛbu (∍kat∶ḍṛbu)	
huma	tạrbu	kaytdrbu	

Participles

No Participles for Form VII Verbs. Since Form VII is the passive of Form I; the passive participles of Form I are used instead, e.g.

ms	İS	mp	±р
wqiup	mḍṛuba	mḍrubin	mḍrubat

Verbal Noun

Form VII has no Verbal Noun of its own. The Verbal Noun of the corresponding Form I is used instead, e.g.

/drb/ 'to beat I /tdrb/ 'to be beaten' VII /drb/ 'beating, hitting' (VN of I and VII)

^{*}Notice the variant forms /t:drb/ and /ndrb/ for some speakers.

^{**}Does not exist for this verb. Theoretically /tdrb , tdrbi , tdrbu/

Table 7

From VIII Sound

htarm 'to respect' (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	ḥṭaṛmt	kanḥṭaṛm		
nta	ḥṭaṛmti	kathtarm	hṭaṛm	
nti	ḥṭaṛmti	kathtarmi	ḥṭaṛmi	
huwa	hṭaṛm	kayhtarm		
hiya	ḥṭaṛmat	kathtarm		
ḥna	hţaŗmna	kanḥṭaṛmu		
ntuma	hṭarmtu	kathtarmu	ḥṭaṛmu	
huma	μţarmu	kayhtarmu		
Participle Participle	es ms	fs	mp	fp
	mḥṭaṛm	mḥṭaṛma	mḥṭarmin	mḥṭaṛmat
Verbal Not	<u>un</u> ḥtiṛam			

Table 8

Verbal Noun

sti⊊mal

Form X Sound

st?ml 'to use' (tr.)

	Perfect	<u>Imperfect</u>	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	st?mlt	kanst îm l		
nta	stΩmlti	katst⊊m∣	stîmi	
nti	stîmlti	katst⊊m∣i	st?mli	
huwa	st îm l	katst?ml		
hiya	st?mlat	katst⊊m∣		
ḥna	st⊊m∣na	kanstîmlu		
ntuma	stîmitu	katst?mlu	st?mlu	
huma	stγmlu	kaystΩmlu		
<u>Participles</u>	s ms	fs	mp	fp
	mst?ml	mstîmla	mstγmlin	mst?mlat

Table 9

Quadriliteral Verb

tṛžm 'to translate' (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	ţŗžmt	kanţŗžm		
nta	ţŗžmti	kattržm	ţŗžm	
nti	ţŗžmti	kattržmi	t ržmi	
huwa	ţŗžm	kaytržm	••	
hiya	ţŗžmat	kattržm		
ḥna	ţŗžmna	kantržmu		
ntuma	ţŗžmtu	katţŗžmu	ţŗžmu	
huma	ţŗžmu	kaytržmu	••	
<u>Participle</u>	s ms	fs	mp	fp
	mţŗžm	mţŗžma	mţŗžmin	mţŗžmat

Verbal Noun tržama

N.B. Reduplicatives (e.g. /řržr 'to drag') are conjugated same as quadriliterals. Their participles are also formed on the same pattern as those of the quadriliterals, e.g.

ms	fs	mp	fp
mžŗžŗ	mžržra	mžŗžŗin	mžŗžŗat

Verbal Noun mostly on the pattern $/\text{t}\check{z}$ r \check{z} ir/ ($>\text{d}\check{z}$ r \check{z} ir)

Table 10

Form I Medial Weak

xaf (a) 'to be afraid' (intr.)

•	Perfect	Imperfect	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	xft	kanxaf		
nta	×fti	kat×af	xaf	
nti	×fti	katxafi	xafi	
huwa	×af	kayxaf		
hiya	×aft	katxaf		
ḥna	×fna	kanxafu		
ntuma	×ftu	katxafu	xafu	
huma	xafu	kayxafu		
<u>Participle</u>	s ms	fs	mp	fp
Active:	×ayf	×ay fa	xayfin	xayfat
Verbal Nou	<u>n</u> xuf			

Table 11

Form I Medial Weak

bas (i) 'to sell' (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	bst	kanbi⊊		
nta	bsti	katbis	bis	
nti	bsti	katbisi	biçi	
huwa	baγ	kaybiς		
hiya	ba⊊t	katbiς		
ḥna	b⊊na	kanbi⊊u		
ntuma	bstu	katbi⊊u	bişu	
huma	baîu	kaybi⊊u		
Participle Participle	s ms	fs	mp	fp
Active:	bay?	bayʕa	baySin	baySat
Passive:	mbyu?	mbyusa	mbyuʕīn	mbyuʕat
Verbal Nov	ın biç			

Table 12

Form I Medial Weak

sam 'to fast' (intr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	şumt	kanşum		
nta	şumti	katşum	şum	
nti	şumti	katşumi	şumi	
huwa	şam	kayşum		
hiya	şamt	katşum		
ḥna	sumna	kanşumu		
ntuma	şumtu	katşumu	şumu	
huma	şamu	kayşumu		
<u>Participle</u>	es ms	fs	ш́Ъ	fp
Active:	şaym	şayma	şaymin	şaymat
Verbal Nou	ın svam ~ su	m		

Table 13

Form I Final Weak

bda (a) 'to begin' (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	bdit	kanbda		
nta	bditi	katbda	bda	
nti	bditi	katbday	bday	
huwa	bda	kaybda		
hiya	bdat	katbda		
ђпа	bdina	kanbdaw		
ntuma	bditu	katbdaw	bdaw	
huma	bdaw	kaybdaw		
Participle	s ms .	fs	mp	fp
Active:	badi	badya	badyin	badyat
Passive:	mbdi	mbdy:a	mbdy:in	mbdy:at
Verbal Nou	<u>n</u> bidaya			

Table 14.

Form I Final Weak

sta (i) 'to give' (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	sţit	kansţi	•	
nta	<u>sțiti</u>	kat⊊ţi	٢ţi	
nti	Stiti	katstiy	<u>St</u> iy	
huwa	ςţa	kayʕt̞i		
hiya	\tat	kat St i		
h na	Stina	kanSţiw		
ntuma	Stitu	kat⊊ţiw	ςţiw	
huma	۲ţaw	kayîţiw		
Participl	es ms	fs	mp	fp
Active:	Saţi	Satya	Satyin	Satyat
Passive	_	mʕty:a	mîţy:in	mʕt̞y:at
Verbal No	oun Sți			

Table 15

Form I Final Weak

xda (éu) 'to take' (tr.)

	Рe	rfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	×d	it	kanaxud		
nta	×d	iti	kataxud	×ud	
nti	×d	iti	kataxdi	×udi	
huwa	×d	а	kayaxud		
hiya	×d	at	kataxud		
ḥna	×d	ina	kanaxdu		
ntuma	×d	itu	kataxdu	×udu	
huma	×d	aw	kayaxdu		
<u>Participle</u>	s	ms	fs	mp	fp
Active:		×ayd	×ayda	xaydin	xaydat
	~	waxd	waxda	waxdin	waxdat
Passive:		muxud	mu×uda	muxudin	muxudat
Verbal Nou	n	?axd ~ wxi	d (rare)		

Table 16

Doubled Verbs

hb: 'to like, love' (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	ņb:it	kanḥb:		
nta	ḥb:iti	katḥb:	ņь:	
nti	ḥb:iti	katņb:i	ђb:i	
huwa	ņb:	kaynb:		
hiya	ḥb∶at	katḥb:		
ḥna	ḥb:ina	kanḥb:u		
ntuma	ḥb:itu	katḥb:u	∱p:n	
huma	դ Ե :ս	kayhb:u		
Participle	s* ms	fs	mp	fp
Passive:	mþbub	mḥbuba	mḥbubin .	mḥbubat
Verbal Nou	<u>ın</u> hub:			
*Not comm	nonly used AP			
	ḥab:	ḥab:a	ḥab:in	ḥab:at

Table 17

Doubled Verbs

dq: (-u-) 'to knock' (tr. and intr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	dq:it	kanduq:		
nta	dq:iti	katduq:	duq:	
		(>kad:uq:)		
nti	dq:iti	katduq:i	duq:i	
		(,kad:uq:i)		
huwa	dq:	kayduq:		
hiya	dq:at	katduq:		
•		(
ḥnа	dq:ina	kanduq:u		
ntuma	dq:itu	katduq:u	duq:u	
		(>kad:uq:u)	•	
huma	dq:u	kayduq:u		
<u>Participle</u>	s ms	fs	mp	fp
Active:	daq:	daq:a	daq:in	daq:at
Passive:	*pupbm	apupbm	mdquqin	mdquqat
Verbal Nou	<u>n</u> dq: ~ duq	: ~ dq:an		

^{*}crushed, grounded

Table 18

Biradical Weak Verb

ža 'to come' (intr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	žit	kanži		
nta	žiti	katži	aži	
		(»kadži)		
nti	žiti	katžiy	ažiy	
		(₃kadžiy)		
huwa	ža	kayži		
hiya	žat	katži		
		(∍kadži)		
ḥna	žina	kanžiw		
ntuma	žitu	katžiw	ažiw	
		(₃kadžiw)		
huma	žaw	kayžiw		
Participle Participle	es ms	fs	mp	fp
Active	maži	mažya	mažyin	mažyat
	~ žay:	žay:a	žay:in	žay:at
Verbal Nov	un mži			

Table 19

Biradical Weak Verb

d:a 'to take along' (tr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	d:it	kand:i		
nta	d:iti	katd:i	d:i	
nti	d:iti	katd:iy	d:iy	
huwa	d:a	kayd:i		
hiya	d:at	katd:i		
ḥnа	d:ina	kand:iw		
ntuma	d:itu	katd:iw	d:iw	
huma	d:aw	kayd:iw		
Particip	<u>les</u> ms	fs	mp .	fp
Active	: md:i	md:y:a	md:y:in	md:y:at

Verbal Noun

It was not possible to elicit Verbal Noun for this verb, nor did it occur on the field taped materials.

Table 20

Form II Final Weak

rn:a 'to sing' (tr. and intr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	rn:it	kanın:i		
nta	¥n:iti	kat rn: i	¥n;i	
nti	xn:iti	katın:iy	rn:iy	
huwa	rn:a	kayın: i		
hiya	rn:at	kat rn:i		
ḥna	rn:ina	kanın:iw		
ntuma	rn:itu	kat xn:iw	xn:iw	
huma	Yn:aw	kayın:iw		
Participle	s ms	fs	mp	fp
·	m x n : i	mrn:y:a	mxn:y:in	mrn:y:at

Verbal Noun ?na

. Table 21

Form II Medial Weak

mw:d 'to cause to get up or wake up' (tr. and intr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	nw:dt (>nw:t:)	knw:d		
nta	nw:dti (>nw:t:i)	ktnw:d	nw:d	
nti	nw:dti (>nw:t:i)	katnw:di	nw:di	
huwa	nw:d	kaynw:d		
hiya	nw:dat	katnw:d		
ḥna	nw:dna	kannw:du (>kn:w:du)		
ntuma	mw:dtu (>nw:t:u)	katnw:du	nw:du	
huma	nw:du	kaynw:du		
Participles	<u>s</u> ms	fs	mp	fp
	mnw:d	mnw:da	mnw:din	mnw:dat

Verbal Noun tnwid ~ tnwad

Table 22

Form II Medial Weak

xw:f 'to frighten' (tr.)

[Corresponding Form I xaf (a) 'to be afraid' (intr.)]

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	xw:ft	kanxw:f		
nta	xw:fti	kat×w:f	xw:f	
nti	xw:fti	kat×w:fi	xw:fi	
huwa	xw:f	kay×w:f		
hiya	xw:fat	kat×w:f		
ḥna	xw:fna	kanxw:fu		
ntuma	xw:ftu	kat×w:fu	xw:fu	
huma	xw:fu	kayxw:fu		
Particip	les ms	fs	mp	fp
	m×w:f	mxw:fa	m×w:fin	m×w:fat
Verbal N	Our type f			٠

<u>Verbal Noun</u> txwaf

Table 23

Form II Medial Weak

fy:q 'to wake someone up' (tr.)

[Corresponding Form I faq (i) 'to wake up' (tr. and intr.)]

	Perfect	Imperfect	<u>Imperative</u>	
ana	fy:qt	kanfy:q		
nta	fy:qti	katfy:q	fy:q	
nti	fy:qti	katfy:qi	fy:qi	
huwa	fy:q	kayfy:qu		
hiya	fy:qat	katfy:q		
ḥпа	fy:qna	kanfy:qu		
ntuma	fy:qtu	`katfy:qu	fy:qu	
huma	fy:qu	kayfy:qu		
<u>Participle</u>	s ms	fs	mp	fp
	mfy:q	mfy:qa	mfy:qin	mfy:qat
Verbal Nou	<u>n</u> tfyaq			

Table 24

Form VIII Final Weak

tsš:a 'to eat dinner' (intr.)

	Perfect	Imperfect	Imperative	
ana	tsš:it	kant∫š:a		
nta	tsš:iti	katt ⊊š: a	t ⊊š: a	
nti	tsš:iti	katt ⊊š: ay	tγ š: ay	
huwa	t °š∶ a	kayt ⊊š: a	·	
hiya	t ⊊š: at	katt ?š: a		
ḥna	t⊊š∶ina	kant ?š: aw		
ntuma	ts š: itu	katt ?š: aw	t⊊š∶aw	
huma	t ?š:aw	kaytʕš:aw		
Participle	<u>s</u> ms	fs	mр	fp
	mt Sš:i	mtγš:y:a	mtςš:y:in	mtſš:y:at

Verbal Noun* Sša

tfl:a 'to joke, jest' tflya Verbal Noun

^{*}Other Verbal Noun patterns:

PART FOUR

APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY

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TECHNICAL AND GRAMMATICAL TERMINOLOGY

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APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY OF TECHNICAL AND GRAMMATICAL TERMINOLOGY

- Adjective A word which limits, qualifies or describes a noun or a pronoun. In the majority of cases, Moroccan Arabic adjectives are basic (c.f. basic noun) words. Most Moroccan Arabic adjectives have the structure CCiC, e.g. /kbir/ 'big', /srir/ 'small', /zwin/ 'nice', /mrid/ 'sick'. Also see Adjectives of Color and Defect, Diminutive and Modifier.
- Adverb A word or phrase used to modify a verb, an adjective, or another adverb. Examples of Moroccan Arabic adverbs are /hna/ 'here', /tm:a/ 'there', /bz:rba/ 'immediately, quickly', /bz:af/ 'much, very', /bš:wy:a/ 'slowly, softly'.
- Affix A term used to refer to prefixes, e.g. /#ka-/ in /kayktb/'he is
 writing', infixes, e.g. /-a-/ in /ktab/ 'a book' and suffixes, e.g.
 /-u#/ in /kl:mu/ 'talk to him!'.
- Afro-Asiatic A language stock consisting of five families of languages:

 Semitic (e.g. Arabic and Hebrew), Egyptian (e.g. Ancient Egyptian and Coptic), Berber (q.v.), Cushitic (e.g. Somali and Galla) and Chaddic (e.g. West Africa: Hausa).
- Allomorph A positional variant of a morpheme (q.v.) occurring in a specific environment. English has a noun plural morpheme /Z/ that has the phonologically conditioned allomorphs /s ~ z ~ Iz/ as in "cats", "dogs", "kisses". In Moroccan Arabic the connector /W/ "and" has the allomorphs /w/ after a vowel and /u/ between two consonants, e.g. ža wmša 'he came and left'

šaf lwid ulbnt 'He saw the boy and the girl.

- Allophone A positional variant of a phoneme (q.v.), occurring in specific environments and not causing semantic differentiation, e.g. English initial [k] in "kay" and [k] following /s/ in "ski" are both members of one and the same phoneme /k/. The only difference between them is that the first is aspirated whereas the second is unaspirated (see Aspiration). In Moroccan Arabic /a/ has the allophones [a] as in English 'fat' and [a] as in English 'father' in the environments of non-emphatic (q.v.) and emphatic consonants respectively, e.g. /tab/ = [tab] 'to repent' and [tab] = [tab] 'to be cooked'.
- Arabic The most important Semitic (q.v.) language now spoken. It is the official language of Algeria, Bohrain, Egypt, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Lybia, Morocco, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sharja, the Sudan, Syria, Tunis, Yemen, Dubai, Abu Dhabi, Muscat and Oman. Arabic is spoken by 100 million people. It is the religious language of 650 million Moslems.

Arabic is both a modern language and an ancient one, going back over 2,000 years. Classical Arabic was the language of the Koran and the vehicle of Arabic literature. It is still universally acknowledge as the Standard Form of the language and is used in writing and speeches. Modern Standard Arabic is standardized all over the Arab World and is the language of education, the press, radio and TV as well as public lectures. In addition, an Arabic dialect is spoken in each of the Arab countries and varies to some extent from one Arab country to another. Arabists recognize two major dialect groups "Western" and "Eastern"; the Western includes the Arab countries of North Africa through Libya and the Eastern includes Egypt and all the Arab countries of the East.

- Aspectual Temporal Forms The categories of tense and aspect are so closely interconnected in Arabic that, in many cases, it is not possible to separate the aspectual meaning of the verb, i.e. whether the action is completed or not, from its temporal reference. See Imperfect and Perfect for more information on these two categories.
- Aspiration The puff of breath after a consonant, e.g. /t/ in English "top", is aspirated where that of English "stop" is unaspirated; e.g. Moroccan Arabic /*ta/ 'a cover' and /*t:a/ 'to cover' where /t/ of

the second example is aspirated.

- Assimilation A phonetic process whereby two adjacent phonemes acquire common characteristics or become identical. One important instance of assimilation in Moroccan Arabic is with the phonemes /t t d d r r s s z z š ž n l/ after the definite article /l-/; e.g. /ražl/ 'man', /l-ražl/ / r:ažl / 'the man'. Another instance is with verbs, e.g. /wž:d/ 'to prepare, /wž:d-t/ / wž:t:/ 'I prepared'; /duq:/ 'knock!', /ka-t-duq:/ --> /kad:uq:/ 'you are knocking'.
- <u>Auxiliaries</u> An auxiliary is a verb used before another verb to elaborate the temperal or aspectual meaning of the main verb; e.g. English "will" in "he will write a letter" or Moroccan Arabic / radi/ in / huwa radi yktb bra/ 'he will write a letter'. Examples of Moroccan Arabic Auxiliary Verbs:

 - 2. /kan/ 'be' + perfect, imperfect, frequentative, and active
 participle (q.v.)
 kan mša He had gone.
 kunt kanšṛb atay fṣ:baḥ I used to drink tea, in the morning.
 kant xaṛža fdak lwqt She was leaving at that time.
 - 3. /xṣ:/ 'it's necessary' + pronominal endings
 xṣ:ni nqṛa had !ʕšy:a I have to study this evening.
 - 4. /bxa/ 'to want' + imperfect
 bxit nmši daba I want to leave now.
 - 5. /bda/ 'to begin' + imperfect or frequentative bdat thdr hdra xawya She began talking nonsense.
 - 6. /bqa/ 'to remain, keep on' + imperfect or active participle
 bqina kanaklu ht:a fd:ina kul:ši We kept eating until we
 finished everything.
 bqa gals bwhdu He remained sitting all by himself.
- Base Form The simple or basic form of a word to which inflections (q.v.), and affixes (q.v.) are added to derive other forms (See <u>Derivation</u>); e.g. Moroccan Arabic / Sml/ 'to do' is Simple Form I and /st Sml/ (Form X) 'to use' is derived from it by prefix /st-/.

- Basic and Derived Verb Stems (also Forms) Forms II X of the verb (q.v.) are referred to as Derived Verb Forms, or Stems. Thus, /ws!/Basic Form or Form I? 'to arrive' and /ws:!/ (Derived Form II) 'to cause to reach'; /Sm!/ (Basic Form or Form I) 'to do' and /stSm!/ (Derived Form X) 'to use'; /baS/ (Basic I) 'to sell' and /tbaS/ (Derived VIII) 'to be sold'; /mša/ (Basic I) 'to go, walk' and /tmš:a/ (Derived VIII) 'to take a walk'.
- Basic Noun A noun that has no relation to any verb or verb stem (q.v.) from which it could be derived (see <u>Derivation</u>); e.g. /ktb/ 'to wirte' has /ktab/ 'book' as a derived noun. However, in the case of /hdid/ 'iron' and /hd:ad/ 'blacksmith', /hdid/ is a basic noun and /hd:ad/ is derived from it.
- Berber A closely related family of languages spoken by approximately 10,000,000 people in North Africa and in the countries of the open Sahara. The Berber Dialects spoken in Morocco are (a) Tamazight (Middle Atlas), (b) Tashelhit or Shilha (High and Anti Atlas and the Sous Valley in Southern Morocco), (c) Rifian Zenatya (in the Rif Northern and Northeastern Morocco).
- Biradical Stem A verb stem (q.v.) consisting of two radicals (q.v.), e.g. /ža/ 'to come', /d:a/ 'to take along', /hb:/ 'to love' (c.f. doubled).
- Broken Plural (Noun) A plural formed from the singular by internal change. Broken plurals are not predictable. Examples:

 - dr:i (s) drari (p) boy
- Collective Noun In Moroccan Arabic this is a class of nouns that designates a group of things or a general category, e.g.'onions are good for you.' The singular or Noun of Unit is formed by adding the femine ending suffix /-a/ to the Collective Noun which itself is masculine singular. In Moroccan Arabic, e.g.
 - bs! onions bs!a an onion

Ibs! mzyan Onions are good.

bsla kbira a big onion

bid eggs bida an egg

nmi ants nmla an ant

The regular plural is formed form the singular by adding the plural morpheme (q.v.) /-t/, e.g.

bs! onions bs!a an onion tlata dibs!at three onions

Comparative - This is the adjectival form that corresponds to English "bigger" derived from the adjective "big". In Moroccan Arabic: /kbir/ 'big' , /akbr/ ~ /kbr/ 'bigger'. There are several patterns for the Comparative in Moroccan Arabic of which /akbr/ ~ /kbr/ is the most common. Other examples are:

Adjective		Comparat	Comparative		
qwi	strong	aqwa ~ qwa	stronger		
γali	high	a⊊la ~ ⊊la	higher		
рÀф	white	abyd ~ byd	whiter		
џmq	crazy	aḥmq ~ ḥmq	crazier		
xfif	light	axf: ~ xf:	lighter		

Notice the following structures:

- 1. wldi akbr mn wldk My son is bigger than your son.
- 2. wldi akbr wld My son is the biggest boy.

Note that /akbr/ is the same form used for Comparative 'bigger' and $\underline{\text{Superlative}}$ 'biggest'. This is true of all Comparatives and Superlatives.

<u>Conjunction</u> - A particle (q.v.) having the function of joining sentences, clauses, phrases or words. Some Moroccan Arabic conjunctions are here listed:

ima	either	im:a···awl:a···	eitheror
im;a	either	w ∼ ù	and
aw	or	lakin	but
wl:a	or	lakn:	but
awl:a	or	biḥq:	but
im:a···aw···	eitheror	walakin	but
im:a···wl:a···	eitheror	walayn:i	but

îla wd∶aš	because ·	wax:a	even if, although
ſla ḥq∶aš	because	lukan	if (contrary to
ḥit	because, since		fact
Sla qibal	because	kun	if (contrary to fact)
ml:i	since, when, as	škun ma	whoever
mnin	since, when	faynm:a	wherever
ht:a	until		-
baš	so that,	laynm:a	to wherever
	in order to	mninm:a	from wherever, whenever
maḥd:w	the morethe more	kul:ma	whenever
1:i	who, which, that	kif ma	however
x i r	as soon as.	kima	however
	no sooner than	wqtm:a	whenever
îla ḥq∶	because	šḥalm:a	however much
Sla xatr	because	qd: ma	to the extent that
îla wd:	because	qbl ma	before
<pre>\$\lamsb:a</pre>	because of	bîd ma	after
Sla sabab	because of, on account of	bla ma	without
		ašm:a	whatever
		aw: ma	as, when

<u>Consonant Clusters</u> - A sequence of two or more consonants pronounced without an intervening vowel, e.g. /st/ or /hl/ in /stahl/ 'to deserve'.

<u>Correlative Particle</u> - This particle is the equivalent of English "that, which, what" in such expressions as "it is necessary that...".

had š:i ma kan Th

That is it.

Lit: "That thing is that which was."

labd: ma tzurni You have to visit me.

Lit: "It is necessary, that you visit me."

It also occurs in connection with such particles as /qb!/ 'before' /b \footnote{off} 'after', e.g. /qb \footnote{off} /b \footnote{off} dma/

Definite Article - In Moroccan Arabic / I-/ is the definite article. It is prefixed to nouns and adjectives, e.g. /wid/ 'boy', /iwid/ 'the boy'. If the noun or adjective begins with one of the following consonants, /r r n I ! s s š z z ž t t d d/, the

definite article assimilates to this consonant, i.e. it becomes like it; e.g.

ŗažl the man a man r:azl dr:i a boy d:r:i the boy

Demonstratives - The following demonstratives occur in Moroccan Arabic and must be followed by an indefinite noun:

<u>I</u>	Proximi	ty	Remoteness			
hada	(m)	this	hadak	(m)	that	
hadi	(f)	this	hadik	(f)	that	
hadu	(p)	these	haduk	(g)	those	

Examples:

hada wid mzyan This is a nice boy. hadak wid mzyan

In addition, we have the invariable proximity demonstrative /had/ 'this, these' as well as the remoteness demonstrative /dak, dik , duk/ 'that (m), that (f)', and 'those' respectivelly, all of which must be followed by a definite noun.

That is a nice boy.

had lwld mzyan This boy is nice. had Ibnt mzyana This girl is nice. had n:as mzyanin These people are nice. dik Ibnt mzyana That girl is nice.

Derivation - The formation of a word from another word or base by the means of affixes (q.v.), i.e. a prefix (e.g. English 'un' in "unemployed") or a suffix (e.g. English '-er' in "teacher") or an infix (e.g. Moroccan Arabic -a- in /ktab/ 'book' derived from /ktb/ 'to write'). Examples from Moroccan Arabic:

> prefix: /Sml/ 'to do' - Form I Verb (q.v.) /st?mi/ 'to use' - Form X Verb (q.v.) suffix: /limun/ 'lemons' - Collective Noun (q.v.) /limuna/ 'a lemon' - Noun of Unit (q.v.) infix: /nss/ 'to sleep' /nsas/ '(act of) sleeping' - Verbal Noun (q.v.)

Derived Nouns and Modifiers - In Moroccan Arabic, the verbal noun (q.v.), the nisba (q.v.), the noun of character and profession (q.v.) and the diminutive of nouns (q.v.) are among the most common derived nouns.

Examples:

YSI	to wash	xsil	washing	<u>Verbal Noun</u>	
×bz	to bake	xb:az	baker	Noun of Profession	
mzşŗ	Egypt	mașŗi	Egyptian (ms)	Nisba	
wld	boy	wlid	little boy	Diminutive	

The active participle (q.v.), the passive participle (q.v.) and the diminutive of adjectives (q.v.) are among the most common derived modifiers.

Examples:

n⊊s	to sleep	naîs	sleeping	Active Participle
bhḍ	to amaze	mhbuḍ	amazed	Passive Participle
şxir	small	şxiwr	tiny	Diminutive

<u>Diminutive</u> - A noun of modifier derived from another noun or modifier.

The pattern is not predictable.

Base		Diminutive
bnt	girl	bnita
bŗa	letter	bṛy:a
wld	boy	wlid
şvir	smal1	š xi m L
.klb	dog	klib

<u>Discontinuous Morpheme</u> - See <u>Morpheme</u>.

Doubled Verb - A verb form (q.v.), the second radical of which is tense, e.g. /šd:/ 'to close', /hb:/ 'to love'. (Notice that /b/ is lax and that /b:/ is its tense counterpart; tense /b:/ has double the duration of lax /b/ and is produced with stronger articulation and greater tension on the muscles of the articulator.)

Dual - Certain nouns in Moroccan have forms denoting the dual, e.g.

alf	one thousand	alfayn	two thousand
yum	one day	yumayn	two days
saʕa	one hour	sa⊊tayn	two hours
९am	one year	Samayn	two years
nuba	once	nubtayn	twice

Durative - See Frequentative.

Emphatic - An emphatic consonant (also <u>Flat</u> or <u>Velarized</u>) is one which is produced by pressing the blade of the tongue against the palate so that the articulation is velarized or alveolarized rather than just dental. /t/ is the emphatic counterpart of plain /t/, e.g. /tab/ 'to be cooked' and /tab/ 'to repent'.

Moroccan Arabic has the following primary emphatic consonants: $/ t \neq z \neq r /$.

Exhortative Particle - The exhortative particle /yal:ah/ 'let's' is used in constructions before imperfect forms (without /ka-/) to denote a first person encouraging structure of the type 'let's (do such and such)'.

yal:ah nmšiw Let's go.
yal:ah nimšiw nšrbu kas atay žmi? Let's go drink a cup of tea together.

<u>Final Weak</u> - A verb (q.v.) which has a vowel as its final radical (q.v.), e.g. /hda/ (i) 'to present', is called weak because of the change that occurs in that owwel in the imperfect, /yhdi/ 'he presents', and in the imperative, /hdi/ 'present (ms)!',for certain members of this sub-class of verbs. Compare:

mha (i) to erase xda (-u) to take to remain, seem bqa (a) mha he erased xda he took bqa he remained kaymhi he erases kaybqa kayaxud he takes he remains mhi erase! xud take! bqa remain!

Flat - See Emphatic.

Fortes - See Tenseness.

Frequentative Form - Consists of the imperfect (q.v.) form plus the frequentative prefix /ka-/. It expresses a habitual repeated action, e.g. /kanmši | s:uq ku|: sbaḥ/ 'I go to the market every morning.' /kunt kanmši | s:uq ku|: sbaḥ/ 'I used to go to the market every morning.'

 $\underline{\text{or}}$ an action which is simultaneous with regard to the time of speech (progressive) or another definite moment,

e.g. /kayakul daba/ 'He is eating now.'

/kan kayakul ml:i žit/ 'When I came in, he was <u>eating</u>.'
With certain verbs of motion, e.g. /maša/ 'to go' the Frequentative

never has a progressive meaning,
e.g./kaymši mn daru Ilmdrasa kul: sbah/ 'He walks from his home to
school every morning.'

The Frequentative is also referred to as the Durative.

- Frequentative Particle /ka-/, the frequentative particle, is prefixed to the imperfect (q.v.) to derive the frequentative form (q.v.).

 This particle has the following variant forms: /ka-/ ~ /ta-/ ~ /da-/ ~ /la-/.
- Grapheme The smallest meaningful unit of the writing system of a language that distinguishes one lexeme (q.v.) or word from another, e.g. English b and t in "boy" and "toy"; Moroccan Arabic باب المال ا
- Imperfect The imperfect is formed by prefixes and suffixes.
 /ktb/ 'to write', /nktb/ 'I write', /nktbu/ 'we write', /yktb/
 'he writes', /yktbu/ 'they write'
 Notice that the prefix denotes person and gender and the suffix denotes number. The temporal and aspectual ranges of meaning expressed by the Imperfect form are here listed in terms of corresponding English equivalents.
 - The prefixation of /ka-/ to the imperfect structures gives the frequentative form (q.v.), e.g. katmši Is:uq: kul: sban She goes to the market every morning.
 - 2. Structures with /radi/ or /maši/ plus imperfect are future

structures.

vadi nmši Ibariz vd:a I'll go to Paris tomorrow.

- 3. Negative Imperative Structures are formed from second person imperfect with the use of the negative morpheme /ma...\$/ matmšis Don't go! (ms)
- 4. Exhortative (q.v.) Structures yal:ah nmšiw Let's go.
- 5. Optative (q.v.) Structures
 !:ah ybark fik God bless you.
- 6. Future (unspecified)
 ml:i tšufu qulhalih When you see him, say it to him.
- 7. Present (unspecified)
 ana nfrf nhdr lfaraby:a I know how to speak Arabic.

Indefinite Article - This is the equivalent of English "a", "an". In
 Moroccan Arabic we have /ši/ 'some, a' /waḥd/ 'one, a, an'. Note
 in particular the structures

/wahd žuž/ 'a couple'

/waḥd ž:masa dn:as/ 'a group of people'

Unlike English, it is perfectly acceptable to use nothing at all, e.g. /bida/ 'an egg' as in /klit bida had s:bah/ 'I ate an egg this morning.' Also note the construction/ši wahd/ 'someone'.

<u>Indefinite Pronoun</u> - Moroccan Arabic has the following indefinite pronouns:

/ši/ 'some' which occurs in /ši bnadm/ 'somebody'

/ši waḥd/ 'someone'

/ši haža/ 'something'

/ši nhar/ 'someday'

/ši nas/ 'some people'

/kul: ši/ 'everything, everybody'.

<u>Inflection</u> - The affixation of certain morphemes to the base of a word to denote person, number, gender, tense/aspect and/or mood of a verb;

Interrogative Particles - A word or a phrase used in asking questions.

The most common interrogative adverbs in Moroccan Arabic are:

a	what?	aš	what?
fayn	where?	šḥal	how much, how many?
layn	to where?	šņal mn kilumtr	how long (distance)?
mnin	from where?	šņal mn sa?a	how long (time)?
laš	why, what for?	kif	how?
îmta	when?	kifaš	how?
Şlaš	why?	fuqaš	when?
škun	who? which?	wqtaš	when?
šnu	what? which?	nhaŗaš	what (when) day?
dmn:	whose?	waš	Did, will ? type
dyal mn:	whose?		question particle

<u>Isolating Particle</u> - /xir/ 'only, except, but' zidni xir ši šwy:a Give me just a little bit.

<u>Labialization</u> - Moroccan Arabic has a set of labialized consonants transcribed $/\hat{b}$ \widehat{m} \widehat{f} \widehat{k} \widehat{q} \widehat{x} \widehat{f} \widehat{h} . Labialization is manifested as simultaneous lip-rounding when producing any of the above consonants. Thus, $/\widehat{b}$ is pronounced as $[b^W]$ or [bW].

Lax - (Also Lenis) See Tenseness.

<u>Lexeme</u> - Also referred to as Lexical Item or Lexical Form or <u>Word</u> or <u>Vocabulary Item</u>.

Lexicon - A list of (all or certain) words in a language.

Masdar - A term used by Arab grammarians to refer to the Verbal Noun (q.v.).

Medial Weak - A verb stem (q.v.) which has a vowel as its middle radical (q.v.), e.g. /ba?/ (i) 'to sell'. It is called weak because of the change that occurs to that vowel in the imperfect /bi?/ and in the

imperative /bi?/ for certain members of this sub-class of verbs.
Compare:

```
bas (i) to sell
                      qal (u)
                               to say
                                           xaf (a)
                                                    to be afraid
baγ
         he sold
                      qal
                               he said
                                                    he was afraid
                                           xaf
         he sells
kaybis
                      kayqul
                               he says
                                           kayxaf
                                                    he is afraid
biς
         sell!
                      aul
                               say!
                                           xaf
                                                    have fear!
```

Minimal Pair - See Phoneme.

Modifier - A word used to modify, describe, limit or qualify the meaning of a noun or a pronoun. In Moroccan Arabic this class of modifiers consists of (a) adjectives and (b) participles.

Examples:

- (a) wid kbir a big boy
 bint kbira a big girl
 wlad kbar big boys
 Notice number/gender agreement.
- (b) dar mhlula an open house

Note that participles (q.v.) are derived from verbs whereas in the majority of cases, adjectives are not. More important, adjectives have the form CCiC, e.g.

kbir big svir small zwin nice mrid sick

Morpheme - The minimal meaningful unit of speech in any language; it may be a word or part of a word, e.g. Moroccan Arabic /ktb/ 'to write' has one morpheme, /ktb-t/ 'I wrote' has two and /ma-ktb-t-š/ "I did not write" has three. Notice that /ma...š/, the negative morpheme, is a Discontinuous Morpheme. Also note that /-/ is referred to as a Morpheme Boundary.

Morphophoneme - A class of phonemes (q.v.) belonging to one and the same morpheme (q.v.), e.g. English $/s \sim z \sim iz/$ as in "cats", "dogs", "kisses" which are all morphophonemic allomorphs (q.v.) of the noun plural morpheme (q.v.) whose form is governed by the phonetic environment. In Moroccan Arabic /w/ and /u/ are morphophonemic allomorphs of the

connector "and" conditioned by the occurrence of the first before or after a vowel and the second following a consonant, e.g.

ža wmša He came and left.

šaf lwld ulbnt He saw the boy and the girl.

<u>Negative Particles</u> - In Moroccan Arabic we get the following negative particles:

/ma...š/ and /ma...šay/ used mainly with verbs

maktbš He did not write.

/maši/ + adjective, participle, adverb, particles

maši kbir He is not big.

maši frhan He is not happy.

/ma...walu/ 'not at all'

ma syir walu It is not small at all.

/ma...?mr/ 'never, ever'

masmṛni smst bhad š:i I never heard of this thing.

Nisba - A noun ending in /-i/ in its (ms) form. The term Nisba means 'pertaining to', e.g.

dhb gold dhbi golden

fas Fez fasi native to Fez

zitun olives zituni olive green color

Noun of Character - A word (derived in most cases from a verb (q.v.)) that refers to a characteristic of a person or his profession. They are formed on the pattern (q.v.) CC:aC, e.g.

kdb to tell lies

kd:ab liar

nsa to forget

ns:ay forgetful

Noun of Profession - A derived noun (derived in most cases from a verb) that denotes a profession, e.g.

xbz to bake

xb:az baker

bna to build

bn:ay mason

xt: hand writing

xt:at calligrapher

hdid iron

nd:ad blacksmith

Noun of Unit - See Collective Noun.

Nouns and Adjectives - In Moroccan Arabic, nouns and adjectives show two genders, masculine and feminine, and two numbers, singular and plural. Very few forms show a dual (q.v.), e.g.

wld boy bnt girl
wlad boys bnat girls
kbir (ms), kbira (fs), kbar (mp), kbarat (fp) big

Optative Structures - Moroccan Arabic has a number of optative structures expressing a wish or a desire, e.g. "May God bless you." These structures all refer to the present and future whether they have perfect or imperfect forms, e.g.

Imalik muḥm:d lxamis raḥimahu l:ah King Mohamed, May God have mercy on his soul.

Stini ktabk !:a yṛḥm Iwalidin Give me your book <u>please</u> (=May God have mercy on your parents.)

!:a ybark fik May God bless you.=Please
!:a yx!:ik May God keep you (preserve you).=Please

Participles - Adjectives derived from verbs and inflected for gender and number. Transitive Form I verbs have active (AP) and passive (PP) participles. Intransitive Form I Verbs (q.v.) have AP's only. Forms II - X (q.v.) have one participle that functions both as AP and as PP if the verb is transitive, and as AP if the verb is intransitive.

Examples: ΑP PΡ Form I kfr (intr) kafr to get irritated fs! (tr) fasi mfşul to separate Participle bd:1 Form II mbd:1 to change III şawb mşawb to fix V tsl:m mt 1: m to learn tfahm mtfahm VT to reach mutual understanding AIII pijaiu mhtarm to respect st?m! mst ml Х to use

<u>Particle</u> - A word, usually uninflected and invariable, used to indicate syntactical relationships. In Moroccan Arabic, particles are adverbs (q.v.), conjunctions (q.v.), the correlative (q.v.), the

isolating particle (q.v.), presentational particles (q.v.), pronouns (q.v.) the reinforcing particle (q.v.) and the vocative particle (q.v.). One thing to remember is that no Moroccan Arabic particle is exactly the equivalent of any given gloss in English.

Pattern - Vowels and/or consonants added to the root (q.v.) to form a stem (q.v.). Examples:

Root: ktb (denotes writing)

Pattern -a- infix between C2 and C3: ktab 'book'

Pattern m- prefix: mktb 'office'

Pattern #m- prefix and -a# suffix: mktba 'desk' Also see Word Structure.

- Perfect The Perfect Form in Moroccan Arabic is formed by suffixation;
 e.g. /ktb/ 'to write' /ktbt/ 'I wrote'. The perfect expresses the
 following aspectual-temporal ranges of meanings in terms of
 corresponding English equivalents:
 - 1. Past

ža Ibarn He came yesterday.

mšina Is:inima žmi? wxl:ina d:rari fd:ar We went to the movies

together and left the kids at home.

2. Present Reference

fhmt I understand.

ila ža, qullih ygls hna If he comes, tell him to stay here.
ha huma žaw Here they come; here, they have come. (Present Perfect)

- 4. Future Reference

ila taht š:ta, maradiš nmši If it rains, I will not go.

- 5. No Specific Time mainly in proverbs
 qal:u aš xṣ:k al?ryan , qal:u lxwatm amulay
 For those who have nothing, luxuries are more important than necessities. (an idiomatic translation)
- <u>Phoneme</u> The minimal unit of distinctive sound in a spoken language; e.g. English "till" and "dill" differ in only one phoneme. Likewise Moroccan Arabic /tab/ 'he repented' and /dab/ 'it melted' differ in

one phoneme. Such words are referred to as a $\underline{\text{Minimal Pair}}$. A phoneme may have positionally conditioned $\underline{\text{allophones}}$ (q.v.).

Plural (Sound/Broken) - Nouns and adjectives have plurals. Plurals can
be either Sound (q.v.), e.g. /frḥan/ (ms), /frḥanin/ (mp) 'happy'
or Broken (q.v.), e.g. /ktab/ (ms), /ktub/ (mp) 'book'. Many nouns
have both sound and broken plurals which occur as variant forms, e.g.
/msd:a/ 'pillow' (s), /mxd:at/ sound plural and /msad: / ~ /mxdyd/
broken plurals.

Preposition - A word used with a noun or a pronoun to show the relation of the noun or pronoun to some other word or words in the sentence.

Some Moroccan Arabic prepositions and prepositional phrases are here listed:

b- ~ bi	with, by (instr.)		on
1- ~ 1 i	to, for	mn	from, of ('than' in
f- ~ fi	in		comparative structures)
d -	of (belonging)	fuq	above, over
tht	under, below	nta⊊ ~ mta⊊	of (belonging)
qud:am	in front of	dyal	of (belonging)
•	after, behind	ql:	<pre>except for (telling time)</pre>
mur.	•	\ ir	except for (telling time)
ŵ;nî	from behind	^ ht:a	until (up to)
muŗa	after, behind	bžnb	along
wra	after, behind		J
hdа	near, at one's	wy:a	with
•	place	bin	between
qb I	before	binat	between
b?d	after	γnd	at (Fr. 'chez'), in the
mγa	with		possession of

Presentational Particle - Moroccan Arabic has two presentational particles (q.v.), /ha/ and /ra-/ 'here is, here are'.

Pronoun - A word used to replace a proper name or a noun, or to refer to the person, object, idea, etc. designated by a noun. The following are sets of pronouns and pronominal suffixes occurring in Moroccan Arabic:

a) Independent Subject Pronouns

```
ana
         Ι
                       hna
                                  we
nta
        you (ms)
                        ntuma
                                  you (p)
nti
        you (fs)
huwa
        he
                        huma
                                  they
hiya
        she
```

b) Pronominal Suffixes associated with nouns, particles, verbs and prepositions ending in consonants:

```
ktab – i
             my book
                                  dyal
                                        - i
                                               mine
ktab - k
             your (s) book
                                 dyal
                                       -k
                                               yours
ktab - u
             his book
                                  dyal
                                       – u
                                               his
ktab - ha
             her book
                                 dyai
                                       -ha
                                               her
ktab - na
             our book
                                 dyal
                                       -na
                                               ours
ktab - kum
             your (p) book
                                 dyal
                                       -kum
                                               yours
ktab - hum
             their book
                                 dyai
                                      -hum
                                               theirs
```

c) Direct Object pronominal endings suffixed to transitive verbs and the preposition /mn/ 'of, from'

```
zar -ni
           he visited me
                                  mn:i
                                           from me
           he visited you (s)
zar −k
                                  mn:k
                                           from you (s)
zar −u
           he visited him
                                  mn:u
                                           from him
           he visited her
zar −ha
                                  mn:ha
                                           from her
zar -na
           he visited us
                                  mn:na
                                           from us
zar -kum
           he visited you (p)
                                  mn:kum
                                           from you (p)
zar -hum
           he visited them
                                  mn:hum
                                           from them
```

d) Pronominal Suffixes added to the preposition /|i/ 'to' (also /fi/ 'in', /bi/ 'with'). Suffixed to the preposition / Γ |a/ 'on'.

```
ly:a
           to me
                              Sly:a
                                        on me
lik
           to you (s)
                              Slik
                                        on you (s)
lu ~ lih
           to him
                              dil?
                                        on him
liha
           to her
                              ſliha
                                        on her
lina
           to us
                              ſlina
                                        on us
likum
           to you (p)
                              Slikum
                                        on you (p)
lihum
           to them
                              lihum
                                        on them
```

e) Pronominal Suffixes added to verbs ending in /-a#/, and presentational particle /ra/ 'here is/are'

- he showed me wr:a -ni ra -ni here I am wr:a he showed you (s) ra -k here you (s) are wr:a - h he showed him ra -h here he is wr:a -ha he showed her ra -ha here she is wr:a -na he showed us ra -na here we are he showed you (p) wr:a -kum ra -kum here you (p) are wr:a -hum he showed them ra -hum here they are
- f) Pronominal Suffixes added to the preposition /msa/ 'with' are the same as in e) above except for first person (s) /msaya/ 'with me'.
- Quadriradical Verb (also Quadriliteral) A verb (q.v.) having four radicals (q.v.) or constituent elements, e.g. /tržm/ 'to translate', /sqsa/ 'to ask, inquire', /fff/ 'to shake' (reduplicative q.v.).
- Radical One of a set of elements that constitutes a verb stem. It can be either a vowel or a consonant. /ktb/ 'to write' has three constituent consonants or radicals; /ba?/ 'to sell' has a medial (middle) vocalic radical (i.e. vowel) and /mša/ 'to go' has a final vocalic radical.
- Reduplicative Verb A quadriliteral verb (q.v.) in which the last two radicals (consonants) are a repetition of the first two, e.g. /ffff/ 'to shake'.
- Reinforcing Particle /iwa/ 'well' is the reinforcing particle in Moroccan Arabic. Its occurrence is as frequent as English "well" in the corresponding translations below.
 - iwa ml:i šuftu kan kayaku! Well, when I saw him, he was eating.
 iwa , had š:i ma kan Well, that is it.
- Root A term used for the core of a word in Arabic and in other Afro-Asiatic languages (q.v.). Most Moroccan words consist of a tri-consonantal (c.f. also triradical and triliteral (q.v.)) root.

 Biradical (also biliteral) roots are less frequent and consist of two consonants. Roots with four consonants (quadriliteral or quadriradical) occur in Moroccan Arabic but rarely. A root usually

occurs in patterns (q.v.). A pattern can be either vocalic and/or consonantal. The root normally has a certain meaning attached to it. The basic meaning of the root is modified by the pattern. Examples:

- (the root/srq/has the concept of 'theft, stealing, robbing') to steal
 - srq
 - theft srqa
 - thefts srqat
 - sarq stealing
 - stolen (notice the/m-/here is a non-root consonant; msruq it belongs to the pattern)
 - thief, robber sr:aq
- 2. (the root/hb:/has the concept of 'love, friendship')
 - to love
 - love (romantic) hub:
 - mhb:a affection, close friendship
- 3. (the root/tržm/has the concept of 'translation') tržmna we translated tržama translation
- Semitic A family of languages constituting a branch of the Afro-Asiatic (q.v.) language stock. It includes Akkadian, Arabic, Hebrew, Ethiopic, Aramaic and Ugaritic sharing certain common characteristics; e.g. a root (q.v.) and pattern (q.v.) structure, a set of derived verb forms, a set of back consonants $/q \times v \stackrel{h}{\cdot} ?/$, a set of emphatic (q.v.)consonants (e.g. $/ t \neq s /)$, a tense formed by prefixation and another by suffixation, grammatical gender, feminine formative /t/ ,two-way plural noun formation: Sound plural (q.v.) and Broken plural (q.v.). The adjective "Semitic" was brought into use by A. L. Schlözer in 1781 on the basis of Genesis X and XI. Before Schlözer, the
- Sound Plural A plural formed from the singular by the addition of a suffix without any changes, i.e. singular + /-in/ (mp), singular + /-at/ (fp)

Semitic languages were referred to as "Oriental languages".

mzyan (ms), mzyanin (mp), mzyana (fs), mzyanat (fp) good, nice

- Stem A stem is a root (q.v.) in combination with a pattern (q.v.), to which inflections (q.v.) are added.
- Strong Stem A verb stem whose radicals (q.v.) are all consonants, e.g. /ktb/ 'to write', /tržm/ 'to translate', /hb:/ 'to love'.

Superlative - See Comparative.

Tenseness - A tense (also fortis) consonant in general is produced with more force than its lax (also lenis) counterpart. Tense here refers to two identical consonants with no intervening vowel pronounced with stronger articulation and greater tension on the muscles of the articulator and, usually, aspiration. Lax refers to a single consonant pronounced with lesser muscle tension and weaker, laxer articulation.

A tense consonant has precisely twice the duration of a single consonant.

The intensity and aspiration (q.v.) which are characteristic of the tense consonants give them a syllabic quality (i.e. maximum degree of sonority in the syllable) so that tense /b:/ is heard as /ab/ or /ab/.

Triradical Stem - (also triliteral) A stem (q.v.) having three constituent radicals (q.v.), e.g. /ktb/ 'to write', /ba?/ 'to sell', /mša/ 'to go', /wr:a/ 'to show'.

<u>Velarized</u> - See <u>Emphatic</u>.

Verb - In Moroccan Arabic, verbs are classified and discussed in terms of ten forms, of which Form I is referred to as Basic Form (q.v.) and Forms II - X are referred to as "Derived Forms" (q.v.). Another major dimension involved in the discussion of verbs in Moroccan Arabic is Sound (q.v.) vs. Weak (q.v.). The third major dimension is triradical (q.v.), quadriradical (q.v.) or biradical (q.v.) and doubled.

Following are examples of verbs in Moroccan Arabic:

a) Sound Triradical (this is the richest group of verbs in terms of derivations)

Form	Form			
Basic	I	ktb	to write	$c_1c_2c_3$
Derived	II	? 1 ∶ m	to teach	$c_1 c_2 : c_3$
	III	şawb	to fix	$C_1aC_2C_3$
	IV	arsl	to send (RARE)	${^{aC}}{^{C}}{^{C}}{^{C}}{^{C}}{^{C}}{^{C}}{^{C}}$
	V	tsl:m	to learn	$tc_1c_2:c_3$
	VI	tṣawb	to be fixed	tC_1aC_2C_3
	VII	tḥṛq	to be burned	${}^{t C_1 C_2 C_3}$
	~	t:ḥṛq		$t: C_1 C_2 C_3$
	~	uļid		$^{\mathrm{nC_1C_2C_3}}$
	VIII	hţarm	to respect	$C_1^taC_2C_3$
	IX	ḥmaṛ	to become red	$C_1C_2^aC_3$
	X	st?m!	to use	$\operatorname{stC}_1^{\operatorname{C}}_2^{\operatorname{C}}_3$

b) Medial Weak

	Form		
Basic	I	bas (i)	to sell
		qal (u)	to say
		xaf (a)	to be afraid
Derived	(Example	s)	
	I	by:?	to cause to sell
		xw:f	to cause to be afraid
	V	tky:I	to be measured (e.g. grain)
		t×w∶ḍ	to be made muddy
	VII	tbas	to be sold

c) Final Weak

Form

Basic I mša (i) to go

xda (+u) to take

bqa (a) to remain

Derived (Examples)

II mš:a to give a walk

III laga to meet

V tmš:a to meet (reciprocal)

X st?fa to resign

d) Doubled and Biradical

Form I hb: to love (doubled)

dq: (-u-) to knock (doubled)

((-u-) refers to the vowel of the imperfect and the imperative, e.g. /dq:/ 'he knocked', /kayduq:/ 'he

knocks', /duq:/ 'knock!'.

Derived VII thb: to be loved

d:q: (<tdq:) to be pounded

Biradical ža to come

d:a to take along

e) Quadriliteral and Reduplicative

Sound

Basic I tržm to translate

ffff to shake (reduplicative)

Weak I sift to send

sqsa to ask

Derived VIII t:ržm <ttržm to be translated

tffff to be shaken

Verbal Noun - A noun derived from a verb, e.g. /*si/ 'to wash' /*sil/
'washing'. It denotes the activity, state, or result indicated by
the verb. The Verbal Noun (VN) /zyara/ 'a visit' is an example of
the result of the verb /zar/ 'to visit'; it can also mean 'visiting'
which denotes an action. It is not possible to predict verbal
nouns of Form I verbs (q.v.). In the case of the other verb forms
II - X (q.v.), i.e. derived verb stems, it is possible to predict
the form of the verbal noun.

Examples:

т т				
Form I				
YSI	I	to wash	rsil	washing
blx	I	to reach puberty	blux	puberty
bka	I	to cry	bka	crying
bŗa	I	to recover	bryan	recovery
bna	I	to build	bni	building
ktb	I	to write	ktaba	writing
hsb	I	to count	ḥsab	counting
q i p	I	to hit	φůρ	hitting
Forms I	I - X			
žd:d	II	to renew	tždid	renewal
şawb	III .	to fix	mşawba	fixing
tsl:m	V	to learn	tSlim	learning, education
tṣawb	VI	to be fixed	mşawba	fixing
tạrb	VII	to be beaten	qip	beating
htarm	VIII	to respect	hţiram	respect
stîmr	Х	to colonize	sti?mar	colonization

Notice how Forms V, VI and VII have no VN's of their own and the VN's of corresponding Forms II, III and I are respectively used instead.

Quadriliterals

frg?	to	explode	tfrgis	explosion
ţŗžm	to	translate	tŗžma	translation

Vocative Particle - A particle introducing a noun of the person addressed.

There is one such particle in Moroccan Arabic: /a-/ ~ /ya-/ 'hey you...'

amuḥm:d Hey Mohammed! awd:i Dear!

asi ~ asidi Mr.!

 $\underline{\text{Weak Verb}}$ - A verb (q.v.) which has a vowel as one of its radicals (q.v.), e.g.

bas to sell

ža to come

sqsa to ask, inquire

mša to go

wr:a to show

(c.f.) Final Weak and Medial Weak)

word Structure - The Arab grammarians use the root /fsi/ to do' to describe the various noun or verb patterns (q.v.). This designation and symbolization of word structure is followed in every grammar of Classical or Modern Standard Arabic. In applying this to Moroccan Arabic it is seen that the Active Participle (see Participles) of Form I (q.v.) verb /ktb/ 'to write' which is /katb/ 'writer, writing' is said to be of the/fas!/pattern. Likewise the Verbal Noun (q.v.) of Form II (q.v.) verb /bd:1/ 'to change' is /tbdi!/ 'changing' which is said to be of the /tfsi!/ pattern.

Writing System - Classical Arabic is written and read from right to left. There are twenty-eight letters (or twenty-nine if we count the /hamzan/ $oldsymbol{\mathcal{F}}$ or the glottal stop) in the alphabet,of which three are used for the vowels, /a, u, i/. The unconnected letters differ in form from the connected ones which, in turn, may vary in form, depending upon whether they are initial, medial or final. Arabic dialects (whether Eastern, e.g. Egyptian and Lebanese, or Western, e.g. Moroccan) may be written in this alphabet. It should be noted that the written script differs to some extent from the printed. There is a substantial difference between the Western and Eastern handwriting which makes it somewhat difficult for some Eastern Arabs to read Western manuscripts. There used to be slight differences between the Eastern and Western printed forms, e.g. the place and number of the dots in the letters that represent f and q, e.g. (/q/ ق ر /f/ ف Written and printed Eastern Arabic have: Written and printed Moroccan Arabic: في / ﴿ ﴿ فِي ﴿ ﴿ ﴿ إِنِّ اللَّهِ الللَّا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللّ 19 /q/ ·

Now, however, both Eastern and Western Arabic printing shops use the same letter type for the printing of Modern Standard Arabic. Also,

Western handwriting is trending towards a greater conformity with the Eastern style. Following is a sample of Moroccan Arabic script written by a Moroccan college graduate. The text is transcribed and translated for the convenience of the user.

- جحد وعقو-مدا واحد السيد جَد عِنه جعد قلاو، آندعم، عندو سمنيد و تسعين علم". قالو جعد محيف والو تمنيد و تسعين عدم. اندعم، لو كان راه عدد عايش محلن راه عندو ميد و تسعين عدم.

žha wîm:u

hada waḥd s:y:d ža ʕnd žḥa qal:u "ana ʕm:i ʕndu tmnya wtsʕin ʕam " qal:u žḥa "kif walu tmnya wtsʕin ʕam . ana ʕm:i lukan ṛah ʕad ʕayš kan ṛah ʕndu my:a wtsʕin ʕam " .

Vocabulary

kif walu it is nothing (i.e., not very impressive) lukan rah Sad Says if he were alive

Semi-Literal Translation

Jeha and His Uncle

This is one man, he came to Jeha and said to him, "My uncle is 89 years old". Jeha told him, "89 years is nothing; if my uncle were alive, he would have been 190 years old".

PART FIVE

LEXICON

ARABIC - ENGLISH

ENGLISH - ARABIC

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- Carrier and Carr	
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-100G20020000	
postpoor	
Delication of the Control of the Con	

-	
- Control of the Cont	
- The second second	
i	
1	

LEXICONS

The alphabetical order in which the Arabic words appear in the Arabic-English Lexicon is the following:

```
? a b b: b b: d d: d d: d d: f f: f f: g g: h h: h h: h h: h h: i k k: k k: l l: l+l: m m: m m: m m: m m: m m: n n n: q q: d d: r r: r r: s s: s s: š š: t t: t t: u w w: x x: x x: y y: z z: z z: ž ž: s s: x x: x
```

With few exceptions, nouns appear with the singular form given first, the gender marked in parentheses, and a slash, (/), followed by the plural form. It should be noted that, while most nouns appear without the definite article /I-/, the article has been retained in the case of nouns that are always used with the definite article, e.g. /Imxzn/'the authorities', /Imaxrib/ 'Morocco', /Iqahira/ 'Cairo'.

The following abbreviations are used in the lexicons:

B.P.	broken plural
br	brother
Coll	collective noun
C.S.	construct state of the noun
comp	comparative
da	daughter
def	definite
dim	diminutive
f	feminine
fa	father
fp	feminine plural
Fr	French
fs	feminine singular
indef	indefinite
intr.	intransitive verb

masculine mother mo masculine plural mp masculine singular ms noun n.u noun of unit recip reciprocal si sister so son 5.0 someone sound plural s.p s.th something super superlative tr. transitive verb verb precedes a variant form

precedes an equivalent or additional form

LEXICON

Arabic - English

а

a interrogative particle "what?" a vocative particle abadan never abadn never abril April ab: / aba? father adab (m) politeness, manners, literature adabi literary adur:u (m) plant used for face make-up agadir Agadir agwal (m) / -at kind of long drum open at one end aham: more, most important ahl (m) family (extended) ahl lmra in-laws (the wife's family) ahl ŗ:ažl in-laws (the husband's family) ahln hello ahln wa sahln hello ansn best, better akl (m) ~ makla (f) food aktr more alf one thousand alfayn two thousand aman safety amir (m) / umara price amir 1mu?minin Prince of the believers amirika America amiriki (m) / amiriky:in American amlak (p) property amn to believe amr to order am: a as for, but ana I anglatir:a England

aqaly:a (f) minority aqwa most powerful arsl (IV - rare) to send ara give! (ms) aran:a ~ aralna when, as for, suppose that ard (f) land asfi Safi ashl easier, easiest asiya (f) Asia as:s: to establish așili (m) real, original asl (m) origin as what? ašm:a whatever atar (m) /-at ruins (historical)
atay (m) tea (no def. art.) avril April aw or awl:a or aw:ala mṛ:a first of all aw:1 (m) / -in first (indef) aw:1 ma as, when aw:la (f) / -t first (indef) axlaq (f) manners, morals, ethics
ax: / x̄:ut ~ ixwan brother axr (m) / xrin other aya (f) / -t verse of the Holy Koran or of the Holy Bible aži come (ms)
ažiy come! (fs)
ažiw come! (p)
ažnabi (m) / ažanib foreigner
ažnaby:a (f) / -t foreigner asla higher, highest

b

b- ~ bi with, by (instrumental)

bab (m) / biban door babur (m) / -at samovar, ship, boat bakalurya (f) high school certificate baky:a (f) / -t package bal (m) attention, idea, mind bali (m) / balyin old ban (a) to appear banana (n.u-f) / -t; banan (coll) banka (always pronounced /banka/ bank baqi remaining bariz Paris baraka (f) / -t blessing baraž (m) /-at bridge bas (u) to kiss so that, in order to, that, that with which, to (before infinitive) bat (a) to spend the night bat (m) / bitan armpit batal (m) / abtal hero bayl:a that bas (i) to sell bda (a) to begin bdis baked clay bdnžala (n.u-f); bdnžal (coll) eggplant bd:at precisely
bd:1 to change
bd:1 (1-) to change clothes for s.o; to change s.th for s.o bgri (m) beef bhd to amaze, astonish bhal like, such as bhal bhal the same, alike bhr (m) / bhur sea bht (m) / abhat ~ buhut research. investigation bidaya / -t beginning
bida (n.u-f) / -t ; bid (coll)
bin between, among binat between binaya (f) / -t building bir (m) / byur well (of water) bir:a (f) beer biru (m) / biruyat ~ biruwat office bit (m) / byut room bit d:yaf salon, living room bit 1ma restroom bit n: Sas bedroom bitrul (m) kerosene bka (i) to cry, weep bkri early bkul: farah with great pleasure bla without

bla (b-) without (b- must be followed by personal pron. ending) bla ma without (conjunction) blad (f) / -at ~ bladn country bl?aql: at least blaš gratis, don't worry bl?axs: specially blbhr by sea bldi (m) native, home grown blhq: but bliya (f) / bly:at bad habit, vice blxs: specially blya (f) / -t bad habit, misfortune, vice blžika Belgium blžw: by air blva (f) / blavi North African slippers or shoes bl:ati wait! (invariable expression), slowly, in a low voice bl: r to make something reach, to cause to reach, deliver blasa (f) / -t ~ blays place bl:ar (m) crystal bn / wlad son bn ?m:i / wlad ?m:i my cousin (fa br so) bna (i) to build bnat bnt xalti second cousin (daughters of my maternal aunt's daughter) bndir (m) / bnadr a flat, round North African drum with one head bnfsi myself bnt / bnat girl, daughter (of) bnt bnt ?m:ti second cousin (daughter of my paternal aunt's daughter) bnt wld xali second cousin (daughter of my maternal uncle's son) bnt wld xalti second cousin (daughter of my maternal aunt's bnt wld ?m:i second cousin (daughter of my paternal uncle's son) bnt wld ?m:ti second cousin (daughter of my paternal aunt's bnt xal b:a second cousin (daughter of my father's maternal uncle) bnt fm: B:a second cousin (daughter of my father's paternal uncle) bnt fm:i / bnat fm:i my cousin

(fa br da)

```
bnt Sm:ti / bnat Sm:ti my cousin
   (fa si da)
bnt *zala a pretty girl (gazelle-
   like girl)
bnti / bnati my daughter
bn:ar (m) crystal
bn:fs precisely
bn:?man poppy seeds
bqa (a) to remain
bqa (f-) to affect, impress
bqraž (m) / bqarž kettle
brd cold
brdasa (f) / -t
                   brad? saddle
   pack
brniz (m)
           varnish
br:ad (m) / brard teapot
br:ah (m) / br:aha town crier
br:h to announce
bra (f) / brawat ~ bry:at letter
brbari (m) Berber
brbsa the four of us, them
bril April
brg to glitter
briwa (n.u-f) / -t; briwat (coll)
   a pastry made with almonds and
   dipped in honey
brka (f) / brkat duck
brquqa (n.u-f) / -t ; brquq (coll)
   plum
br:a outside
bṛ:ani (m) stranger
bs:lama goodbye bsir blind
bsla (n.u-f) / -t; bsl (coll)
bstila (f) / -t ~ bsatl a pie made
   with chicken or pigeon giblets
   and almonds
bs:ah is that true?, true, correct
btida?i (m) elementary (Nisba)
btida?y:a (f) elementary (Nisba)
bt:ixa (n.u-f) / -t; bt:ix (coll)
   melon (not including watermelon)
btana (f) / -t _ btayn sheepskin
btata (n.u-f) / -t; btata ~
   batata (coll) potatoes
bt:any:a (f) / -t blanket
bt:n to skin (a sheep)
bu- (m) of, having
bulis (m) police
bulisi (m) / bulis policeman
bula (f) / -t light bulb
butagaz / -at butane gase, butane
   gas range
buswida (f) (s & coll) pear
bwzh in a manner
bx:r to burn incense
byd ~ bid (m) white
```

byrut Beirut by:t to keep overnight bz: mn in spite of, unwillingly bz:af much
bz:af fad very much, too much bz:rba hurriedly, quickly
bz:ula (f) / bzazl breast (for females) bzar (m) black pepper
bztam (m) / bzatm wallet bžnb along, in addition bid after bid id:a the day after tomorrow b?dma after bîd some bsid (m) far bs:d to move away bra (i) to want, like brdad Baghdad bil (m) / bial mule birira (f) / birir variety of pancake

b

b:a my father

ď

d- of (belonging to) daba now daba daba right now dak (m) that (demonstrative) daka intelligence daka? intelligence daki (m) intelligent dam (u) to last daq (u) to taste daqiqa (f) / -t ~ dqayq minute dar (i) to do dariža (f) / -t dialect, colloquial daraža (f) / -t degree (temperature) daxili (m) inside (Nisba) dax1 (m) inside dayr doing daz (u) to pass dbh to slaughter dbiha (f) / dbayh sacrifice dbliž (m) / dbalz bracelet sacrifice dfina (f) / dfayn a kaftan type of dress

dfn to bury df? to pay dgdg to pound, grind to grind dg: dhb (m) gold dhbi (m) golden (Nisba) dik (f) that (demonstrative) dima always dimašą Damascus din (m) / dyun debt din (m) / adyan religion diwana (f) custom diyana (f) / -t religion diw (m) / -at bucket dl:aḥa (n.u-f) / -t ; dl:aḥ (coll) watermelon dmliž (m) / dmalž bracelet
dmn whose? dm: (m) blood dnb (m) / dnub ~ dunub sin dnžala (n.u-f) ; dnžal (coll) eggplant dqiqa (f) / -t minute dqn (m) / dqun ~ dquna chin dq: (u-) to knock
drb (m) / druba street (alley)
dr:aža (f) / -t a wheel pushed by kids dr:i (m) / drari boy (also means kids) drhm (m) / drahm odrs (m) / dras arm dirham drça Draa dstur (m) constitution
duk those dula (f) / duwal nation duq (m) taste duwali (m) international dužambir ~ disambr December dwa (m) / -yat ~ ?adwiya medicine dw:z to cause to pass dxl (kaydxul) to enter dyal belonging to, of, (belonging) dyal mn whose? dy:ani (m) pious (Nisba) džaž (m) chicken džaž mhm:r (m) roasted chicken džaž mqli (m) fried chicken dyya quickly
d:a to take along d:ariža lmarriby:a Moroccan Arabic d:ariža r:aqiya elevated dialect d:axil inside, interior, local d:axr (tdaxr) to save d:1:ah watermelon d:nya the world d:risy:in the Idrisis d:uwal 19araby:a the Arab world

ď

damir (m) conscience dar (u) to turn, turn around dar (f) / dyur house day? (m) lost da? (i) to be lost db:r to manage ₫₫: against dfr (m) / dfar fingernail dhr to appear, seem dhr (m) / dhur back dhr lyd: (m) the back of the hand dhk to laugh dhk (msa) to kid someone dhk (sla) to laugh (at), mock, make fun of dḥ:a to sacrifice (religious) dif (m) / dyaf ~ dyuf guest difa (f) / -t guest dl: to remain dim to oppress disa (f) / dlus dn: to think dra (f) corn, maize to hit, beat dŗ drs (m) / durus lesson drsa (f) / drus back tooth drst l?ql (f) wisdom tooth druk now dr: to give pain° dw:ar (m) / dwawr village dw:r to make something round dyafa hospitality dy:f to host dy:۲ to lose to become weak dγaf weak dγif d:aḥk (tdaḥk) to joke, laugh (recip) d:akr(< tdakr) to discuss</pre> d:akr (msa) to converse (with) d:arb msa (< tdarb) to fight (recip) d:ar lbida Casablanca d:hur noontime

f

f- ~ fi in
fakiya (f) / -t ~ fawakih fruit
 (also dried fruit)
faq (i) to wake up
far (m) / firan rat, mouse

```
farmasyan (m)
                  drugstore,
   pharmacist
 fas Fez
faš in which
fat (u) to pass
fayn ~ fin where?
faynm:a wherever
fayq awake
fbrayr February fdh to reveal (shameful secrets)
fdiha (f) / fdayh scandal
fdl (m) merit
fd:a to finish
fd:a (f) white alloy (like silver)
fd:1 to prefer
fg:isa (n.u-f) / -t; fg:as (coll)
   mushroom
fg:usa (n.u-f / -t ; fg:us (coll)
   cucumber
fhm to understand
fh:m to cause to understand
fi sas immediately
fibali to myself
filaha (f) agriculture
filați (m) agricultural
fin ~ fayn where?
firaq (m) difference
fkra (f) / afkar idea
fk: (m) / fkak lower jaw
fk:r to think
flfla (n.u-f) / -t; flfl (coll)
    red pepper
flfla xdra (f) green pepper
flhadr now, at the present time
flhin immediately
flmadi in the past
flmy:a percent
flq to split
fluka (f) / flayk boat
flus money
fn: (m) / funun art
fn:an (m) / -a ~ fn:anin artist
fqih (m) / fuqaha ~ fuqaha?
   religious teacher, Koranic
    teacher
frh to be happy
frhan .frhan (m)
                    happy
fransa France
fraš (m) / -at furniture
frg? to explode, to blast
frh ~ frh to be happy
frh (m) joy, happiness
friqi (m) African (Nisba)
friqy:a Africa
frq (m) / furuq difference
fršita (f) / -t ~ frašt table fork
frumaž rumi (m) imported cheese
frs (m) / furus branch
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```
fr:q to distribute, split
fr:s to furnish
fr: s to furnish
fr: už (m) / frarž cock, rooster
fsad (m) corruption, rottenness
fs:r to explain
fsl to separate (tr)
fs:l to cut and trim
ft:ali finally
ft: s to look for, search
ftira (f) light breakfast
ftr to breakfast
ftra alms giving at the end of
   Ramadan
ftur (m) breakfast
fula (n.u-f) / -t ; ful (coll)
   fava bean
fum: (m) / fwam mouth
fuq on, above, upon
fuqaš when?
futa (f) / futat ~ fwati
                             towel
fwad (mp) viscera
fw:t to pass (cause to)
fxd(m) / fxad thigh
fy:q to wake someone up
fžla (n.u-f) ; fžl (coll)
                              radish
     to move, shake
ffff
f ? lan indeed
f ? ln
       indeed, in fact, naturally
```

g

```
gal (u) ~ qal (u) to say, tell
garsun waiter (Fr.)
gar:u (m) / -yat cigarette
gaz (m) kerosene
gas all, at all (in negative con-
   structions)
gbd to hold
gbs (m) gypsum
gdra (f) / gdur clay pot
ghm to fill up or satiate, to
   surfeit
gls to sit, sit down, stay (in a
   place)
glsa(f)/-t
                   glasi public bath
dressing room
gl:as (m) / -a public bath
attendant or manager (male)
gl:asa (f) / -t public bath
   attendant or manager (female)
gmh (m) wheat
gm:t to wrap a baby, put a diaper
   on a baby
gnbri (m) stringed musical instru-
   ment like a guitar
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grga? walnuts
griwša (n.u-f) / -t ; griwš (coll)
 small round cookie
grn (m) / grun horn (of animal)
gr?a (n.u-f) / -t ; gr? (coll)
 squash
gud:am in front of
gulsa (f) / -t ~ glasi public
 bath dressing room
gwd to direct, guide, lead
gz:ar (m) / -a butcher

h

ha here is, here are, here presentational particle) had s:i makan that's all there is hada (ms) this hadak (m) that (demonstrative) hadi (f) this hadik (f) that (demonstrative) hadu these haduk those ha?il (m) excellent hakdk thus hazima (f) defeat hbil (m) hbal fool hbl to lose one's mind hbt to descend hda (i) to give a present, guide (to the right way) hdy:a (f) / -t gift hd:awi (m) member of a religious group known as Heddawa hd:d to threaten hdr to talk hidura / -t ~ hyadr tinted sheepskin used as a rug hiya she, it (f) hiya hadi , hiya hadik that is it (fs) hm: (m) / hmum ~ humum trouble, worry hndasa ~ hndaza (f) engineering hn:a to give peace hr:s to smash, break hrb (mn) to escape (from), run away, flee hr:b to smuggle, help to escape, cause to run away htm: to pay attention, be concerned huma they (m,f) huma hadu , huma haduk that is they, it (p)

huwa he, it
huwa hada , huwa hadak that is it
(m)
hw:d to dismount, descend, go down
hzm to defeat
hz: to carry, pick up
hz: (f) to affect, shock
hžry:a of the Hijra
hž:ala (f) / -t widow

ħ

ḥadiqa (f) / -t ~ ḥadayiq garden hadit Moslem Tradition hadš (m) - hdaš eleventh (indef) hala madany:a civil state (registration) hakm (m) / huk:am governor hala (f) / t state (=condition) hamda (n.u f) / -t; hamd (coll) lemon haml flooded, carrying hamla (f) / -t pregnant hanut (m) / hwant shop haqiq is that so? haqiqa (f) truth ḥaqiqi real harara (f) heat hawl to try hayk (m) / huy:ak heavy shawl hayat (f) life hazn (m) sad haža (f) / hwayž thing, something (plural also means 'clothes') haža sahla something easy hažb (m) / hwažb eyebrow haž: (m) / huž:až pilgrim haž:a (f) / -t pilgrim hbab parents, relatives hbib (m) / hbayb uncle (maternal) hbs to stop, block hbs (m) prison hb: to love hb: lmluk (m) cherries hb:a (f) / hbub ~ hb: grain (e.g. of wheat) hda near, next to hdada (f) border hdid (m) iron hdr to bend, descend hd: (m) anybody hd: (m) / hdud limit hd:ad (m) / -a blacksmith hd:r to cause to bend hda (i) to watch over

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hdaš (m) ~ hadš eleventh (indef)
hfla (f) / -t ~ hfali party
   (celebration)
hila (f) / -t trick
himaya (f) / -t Protectorate
hit since, because
hit (m) / hyut wall
hizb (m) / ahzab party (political)
hka (i) to narrate
hkaya (f) / -t story
hlawi (mp) cookies, pastries
hlb to milk (a cow)
hlib (m) milk
hlm to dream
hlma (f) / ahlam dream
hlq (m) / hluq throat (internal)
hlqa (f) / hlaqi circle or ring
   of people
hlw sweet
hlwa (fs & p) sweets (candy)
hlwa (f) / -t ~ hlawi pastry
hl: to open, solve
h1:
     solution
hma (i) to protect
      to become red
hmar
hmar (m) / hmir donkey
hmd to praise, glorify (God)
hml to carry, become pregnant,
   flood, rise (as a river)
hmla (f) flood
hmq (m) / humq foolish
hmr red
hm:al (m) / hm:ala porter, carrier
   (=porter)
hm:am (m) / -at bathroom
hm:m to give a bath
hm:sa (f); hum:us (coll) chick
   pea
hm:si pink
hna we
hna (i) to bend
hnk (m) / hnuk jaw
hns (m) / hnusa ~ hnas snake
hrir silk
hrira (f) Moroccan soup
hram forbidden by religion
hrbi military (Nisba)
hrm to prevent, forbid, deprive
hrq to burn
hr:m to cause to be forbidden
    (religious)
hsab (m) / -at account,
   mathematics
hsb to count, calculate
hs:n to shave
hṣiṛa (f) / hṣayṛ mat
hil to get trapped, get stuck, be
   caught up
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```
hs:1 to catch, capture, trap
hsiša (f) marijuana
hšm to be ashamed
hš: to mow
htafl to celebrate
htl: to occupy
ht:a until, even, also
ht:a 1- until (up to)
htarm to respect
ht: (-u-) put
huk: (m) / hkak small box
huma (f) / -t quarter, section of
   a town or city
huta (n.u-f) / -t; hut (col1)
   fish
huta dr:ž1 (f) calf of the leg
huž:a (f) / -t proof
hwayž (mp) clothes
hya modesty, shyness, decency
hy: quarter, section of town
hy:r to puzzle, cause trouble hzn to mourn
hžab (m) / -at amulet, charm, veil
hžb to seclude oneself for privacy
hžra (f) / hžr stone, rock
hž: (m) pilgrimage
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i

ibra (f) / ibari ~ ybari needle, injection ibril April ibzar (m) black pepper id: (f) / yd:in~ id:in hand idara (f) / -t administration idrab (m) / -at demonstration ifni Ifni ifriqi (m) African (Nisba) ila if (possible, probably action) ila 1:iqa? goodbye (until we meet again) ilažat fla xatrk please (if it pleases you) ima either imam (m) / -at religious leader imta when? im:a mother im:a either im:a... aw... either...or... im:a awl:a either...or... im:a... wl:a... either...or... insan person (man, human) in:ama but iqama green mint iran Iran

islam Islam
italya Italy
iwa well,... (then,...)
izar (m) / izur bedsheet
izaza (f) / -t diploma

k

kabus (m) / kwabs pistol kadalik also, likewise kamanža (f) / -t violin kamun (m) cumin kamuni brownish-green kamyun (m) / -at truck kan (u) to be karim holy (as in Holy Bible, Holy Koran) kar (m) / kiran bus karta (f) / -t card kas (m) / kisan glass kawkaw peanuts karit (m) / kwart a piece of paper kbda (f) / -t ~ kbad liver (also refers to affection) kbir (ms) / kbar big kb: (-u-) to pour (liquids) kdb (Sla) to lie kd:ab (m) / -in liar kfr to get irritated kebab (made of ground kfta (f) meat) kf:a (f) / -t palm kf:f to clap khka (n.u-f) / -t ; khk (coll) aring-shaped pastry stuffed with nuts khl (m) black kh:1 to put mascara on ki (shortened form of /kima/ or /kif/ like kif how? kif kif the same, alike kif walu it's nothing kif ža...? how is it? kifaš how? kima as, however kla (u) to eat klam (m) what is said klb (m) / klab dog klma (f) / klam word klwa (f) / klawi kidney kly:b (m) little dog, puppy (Dim) kma (i) to smoke km:1 to finish, complete
km:s to wrap

knz to treasure knz (m) / knuz treasure kra (i) to rent kra (m) rent krh to hate krš (f) / kruš stomach
krša (f) / -t tripe kr? (m) / kwar? ~ kra?an foot or lower part of a hoofed animal's leg krafs (m) celery
krfs to botch up, maltreat
krm to honor kṛmuṣa (n.u-f) / -t ; kṛmuṣ (coll) fig krumb - krum cabbage ksa (i) to clothe ksiba breeding animals (cattle, sheep) ksksu (m) couscous kslan (m) lazy kswa (f) / ksawi dress ks:al (m) / ks:ala masseur ks:ala (f) / -t masseuse ks:1 to massage kš:ina (f) / -t kitchen kš:t to rob ktab (m) / ktub book ktar many ktb to write ktf (m) / ktaf shoulder ktir much, many, a lot ktubr October kt:an linen kuka (f) Coca Cola kul eat! kul: every kul:ma whenever kul:ši everything, everybody kul:y:a (f) / -t college kul:yat lfilaḥa Faculty of Agriculture kul:y:at lhquq Faculty of Law kun... if (contrary to fact)
kun:aš (m) / knanš notebook
kursi (m) / krasa chair
kura (f) / -t ~ kwari ball
kuš:ina (f) / -t kitchen
kuzina (f) / -t kitchen
kwayfi (m) / kwayfy:a ~ ky:afa
one who smokes marijuana one who smokes marijuana ky:al (m) / -a one who measures out grain ky:1 to measure (grain) kîb îzal a sweet cookie like a gazelle horn filled with dates, almonds and honey

 \hat{k}

kbar (mp) big
knanš (mp) notebooks
knfitur ~ kunfitur (m) jam
krasa (m) chairs
krnita (f) / -t bugle
kš:ina (f) / -t kitchen

1

1- ~ li to, for la no labas fine (greeting)
labd: it is necessary (must) labd:a it is necessary
labd:ma it is necessary that... 1?adab literature lagar train station (Fr) laglas (m) ice cream lahi the family (of) 1?ahl the family (of) lah (u) to throw away lakin but 1?akl (m) food (generic)
1akn: but 1?almany:a German language lal:a (f) lal:y:at madam, lady 1?aman trust, safety, peacefulness 1?an now l?andalus Andalusia lantrit retirement (Fr) laqa to meet lard (f) the earth 1?aspany:a Spanish language las why, for what, what for latrak the Turks layn to where?, where to? laynm:a to wherever lazm it is necessary lbalady:a (f) municipality lbarid post office lbarh yesterday lbas 1bs clothing lbn (m) buttermilk 1bnani (m) Lebanese lbrtqizy: Portuguese language lbs to wear, put on lburanži French bread (Fr) lbusta post office (Fr) lbzar black pepper lfaransy:a French language lfatha ~ lfatiha first Koranic Sura lfiniqy:in Phoenicians

lflsafa philosophy lfransy:a (f) French language
lfsad (m) corruption, rottenness lfta (n.u-f); lft (coll) turnip lftra alms given at the end of Ramadan lfusha (f) classical Arabic lfžr ~ lfžr (m) dawn lgmra (f) the moon lgriky:a Greek language lhndaza ~ lhndasa (f) engineering, geometry
lhža (f) / -t dialect
lhaf (m) / lhayf long, narrow mattress shaped like a couch lhal the weather, situation, state lhala lmadany:a civil state or registration lhaqiqa (f) the lharara (f) heat the truth lhayat (f) life lhg (1-) to catch up with lhifa (f) / lhayf long, narrow mattress shaped like a couch lhm (m) meat lhm dlbgri (m) beef
lhm dlvlmi (m) mutton, lamb
lhm mthun (m) ground meat
lhmdu ll:ah thank God
lhmdu ll:ah thank God lhsab arithmetic lhšiša (f) pot (drug), marijuana lhya (f) / -t ~ lhi ~ lhy beard lhž: (m) pilgrimage li?an:a because libya Libya lil (m) / lyali night lila sasida good night lilat lqadr the night of the 27th of Ramadan; it is the night in which, according to Sura 97, the Koran was revealed limun m?sur (m) orange juice
limuna (n.u-f) / -t ; limun (col1) orange (in Rabat region); lemon limunad (m) lemonade limuni (m) pale yellow l?inglizy:a (f) English language l?inžil Holy Bible li?n:a because liqama (f) green mint (used in making tea) 1?islam (m) Islam liztun Lisbon lkarta (f) playing cards lkra (f) rent lmašina the train lmarrib ~ lmrrib Morocco

lmarrib ~ lmrrib Morocco lmdina downtown lmnfya (f) the exile lmriny:in the Merinides lmšwi grilled lamb lmurabitin Almoravides
lmustaqbal the future
lmuwh:idin Almohades lmxzn authorities, government, administration lm?zun (m) kif paste
lm*rib ~ lm*rib Morocco lmrrb sunset prayer, Morocco lmxrib Morocco
lm:t to wrap up lngliza English language Inglizy: a English language lqa (a) to meet, find lqahira Cairo lqmr gambling
lqnitra Kenitra
lqraya studying, reading
lqur?an the Koran lqur?an lkarim Holy Koran lṛḍ the earth lsan (m) / lsun tongue ltšina (n.u-f) / -t; ltšin (coll) lubnan Lebanon lubya (f) green beans
lukan if (contrary to fact)
lun (m) / ?alwan ~ lwan ~ alwan color lundr London 1?urdun Jordan lus (m) / lwas ~lways brother-inlaw (husband's brother)
lusa / -t ~ lways sister-in-law (husband's sister) 1?usbu? 1madi 1ast week 1?usbu? 1maži next week 1?usbu? 1mustaqb1 next week luz (m) almonds
lura (f) / -t language
lwahd one (=a person)
lwalid father lwalid dyali my father lwalida mother lwalida dlmra dyali my mother-inlaw (my wife's mother) lwalida dyali my mother lwalidin parents lwilayat lmut:ahida America, U.S.A. lw:1 (m) / -in first (def)
lw:la (f) / -at first (def) lxariž outside, exterior, abroad lxartum Khartoum lxatr (m) desire, wish

lxla (f) wilderness lxlas placenta lxrif autumn lymn right, the right (side)
lysr the left (side)
lyum today lyum flosiy:a tonight lžaz?ir Algeria, Algiers lžn:a (f) paradise lžw: (m) the weather lsb to play
lsb play, playing
lsalam (m) the world
lsalawy:in the Alawites lçaraby:a (f) Arabic language lsb:asy:in the Abbasides lsilaqat d:wly:a international relations lçiraq Iraq loks the opposite 1;ilm (m) learning, science lçrays Larache liruby: a country (as opposed to city) losa dinner time lçšur (m) tithe lvaliba (f) the majority lvaliby: a (f) the majority lvd: the next day larb the west 1:à no 1:azm the necessary (measures) 1:i which, that, who

ļ

lq:t to pick up
i:a yhn:ik goodbye
i:a yxl:ik please
i:ah God
i:ah yawd:i certainly, sure
i:ah yclm ~ 1:ah wclm God knows
i:ur the rear

m

ma that (correlative)
ma water
ma bin among
mabihaš not bad (f)
madakaskar Madagaskar
madrid Madrid

mad:a (f) / mawad subject (of study) magana (f) / maganat ~ mwagn watch mahal (m) / -at place maḥd:...w... the more...the more makan (m) / -at place makaynš it (m) does not exist makla (f) food mal (m) money, wealth malaqa Malaga maly: a money, finances mandarin (m) tangerines maqabr graves, cemetery
maqarun (m) spaghetti, pasta mars March masžid (m) masažid mosque masr Egypt
maši ~ ma...ši negative morpheme mat (u) to die matal (m) ~ mtla (f) / mtal ~ mtlat proverb mațiša (fs & coll)(no definite art) tomato matîm (m) ~ mtîm / mtaîm ~ mataîim restaurant matlaš to no longer be, do, become matar (m) / -at airport
maymknš it is impossible may:u May mazal not yet, still mas 1?asaf unfortuna unfortunately (with regret) maîlhs don't worry maindk ilas txm:m you have nothing to worry about marariba Moroccans marribi ~ marribi (m) ; marriby:a ~ marriby:a (f) / marriby:in ~ marriby:in (mp), marriby:at marriby:at (fp) Moroccan (adj) mayrum (m) completely in love mbhud (m) amazed, astonished mbruk holy mdh to sing, praise mdina (f) / mudun city mdr:ba (f) mattress mdlum oppressed, not guilty mdm:a (f) / -t ~ mdam belt (cloth) mdrasa (f) / madaris school mdrasa btida?y:a primary school mfl:s (m) stupid, bad mfr:s (m) furnished mghum (m) satiated with food mha to erase mhkama (f) court of law mhk:a (f) / -t sponge for bath mhlul open

mhn:sa (f) / -t spiral shaped pastry mida (f) / -t ~ myadi table (dinner) midlt Midelt milady:a A.D. milyun one million minu menu (Fr) miṣṛa Egypt mitayn two hundred mknas Meknes mksi (m) clothed
mkš:t (m) penniless
mktaba (f) / -t ~ makatib bookshop, library mlayn millions $mlha (f) \sim mlh (m) salt$ mlk (m) / amlak ~ mlak property mluxiy:a okra mlyar one billion mlyun one million mlsuba(f) / -t a plaything, toy ml:i when, since, as ml:muhal it is impossible mmlaka (f) / -t kingdom mn who? mn from, of ('than' in comparative constructions) mn bid after mn bid ma after mn dak š:i ṛ:fis excellent mn fdlk please (to s) mn fdlkum please (to p) mn žiht as far as, from the point of view mn žihti from my (own) point of view mn xir besides, except, other than mnam (m) / -at dream mnbr (m) / manabir pulpit mndarina (n.u-f) / -t; mndarin (coll) tangerine mndil (m) / mnadl napkin mndr (m) / manadr ~ manadir view, sight mnha (f) / -t scholarship mnin since, when mnin from where? mmin m:a from wherever, whenever mnsž (m) / mnasž loom mnxr (m) / mnaxr nose mng to forbid mn:a from here mqdar (m) amount (of), approximately mqd:m (m) / -in chief of a village mqdy:a (f) / -t shopping, errand mql:q (m) worried, restless mqraž (m) / mqarž kettle

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mqsura (f) / -t preparation
   chamber for the religious
   leader (Imam)
mra (f) / Syalat woman, wife
mṛaḥ (m) / mṛuḥa courtyard
mrati my wife
mrd to become ill
mrfq (m) / mrafq elbow
mrhba welcome
mrid (m) / mrad sick
mrqa sauce
mr: (m) / -in bitter(taste)
mr:akš Marrakech
ms?ala (f) / masa?il matter,
   question
msali (m) finished
msdud (m)
           closed, locked
mskin (m) / msakin ~ msakn ~
musakn poor
mslm (m) / mslmin Moslem
msluq (m) boiled (e.g. egg)
mslxir good evening (greeting)
mstšfa (f) / mstšfyat hospital
msžid (m) / msažd ~ masažid
   mosque
ms:us lacking enough salt or
   sugar
msl:a (f) open air place where
   Moslems gather for prayer
mṣnusat products
mṣns (m) / maṣanis factory
mṣṇan (m) / mṣaṛn intestine
msrana zayda (f) appendix
ms: (-u-) to suck
mša (i) to go, walk
msdud closed, locked
mšhur (m) famous
mšmaša (n.u-t) / -t; mšmaš
   (coll) apricot
mšr:g (m) torn
mšruba (f) / -t drink
mšta (f) / mšati comb
mšwi (m) grilled
mšvul (m) busy
mš:a to make walk
mtihan (m) / -at examination
mtk:i (m) leaning
mtl ~ mtla / mtal ~ -t proverb
mtl: 2 (m) ice cold
mtsx:ra (f) / -t maid
mtws:t (m) middle
mtsl:m / -in houseboy, servant(m)
mtsl:ma / -t maid
mthun (m) ground
mt?m (m) / mata?im ~ mta?m
   restaurant
mtw:r (m) smart
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mu?ad:n (m) announcer of the hour
   of prayer (in a mosque), caller
    to prayer
mubara (f) / -t game, contest mud:a (f) / -t period of time
mudu? (m) / mawadi subject
muhim: (m) important
muhal I doubt it, I don't think
    so, (expresses doubt as to some
    action)
muhit (m) / -at ocean
muhtarm respectable
mukraš (m) gluttonous
mul- occurs before definite article
mul (m) / mwalin ~ m:alin owner,
   head
mulay title given to discendant of
    the Prophet Mohammed
mumtaz (m) excellent
munasaba (f) occasion
muqabala (f) / -t meeting
murabaha (f) / -t income
mur after, behind (before definite
   article)
mura behind, after
muraqaba (f) / -t supervision
muraqib (m) / -in supervisor
murasalat correspondence
muritanya Mauritania
mus (m) / mwas knife
musamaha don't mention, forgive-
   ness
musa ada (f) / -t help
musiqa (f) music
muslm (m) / muslmin Moslem
musm (m) / mwasm celebration of an
   event
mustaqbal future
mustaqil: (m) independent
muşiba (f) / masa ib calamity
muškila (f) / mašakil problem
mutawaş:ţ (m) average, middle
muwaşalat communications
muxtasar (m) / -at summary
mux: (m) / mxax brains
muzdawž (m) double (dual)
mužtahd (m)
              clever, hardworking,
   diligent
mužud (m) ready
musalaqa (f) / -t relation
musl:im (m) / -in ; musl:ima (f) /
   -t teacher
mufr:b Arabicised (educational
   system
murram (m) / -in one who is
   completely in love
mwb:ra (f) velvet
```

mwd:n (m)/-in announcer of the hour of prayer (in a mosque) mwq? (m) / mawaqi? position mws: ? ma?a rask comfortable (for you ms) mxazni (m) / mxazny:a a government employee, usually dressed in a special uniform, with messenger duties mxd:a (f) /-t~mxad:~ mxayd cushion mxd to churn (milk) mxr:qa (f) a kind of Moroccan fried pastry dipped in honey mxtalf (m) different mxtub (m) engaged mxtut (m) / -at manuscript my:a one hundred mzyan (m) nice, good mžhud (m) / -at effort mžmŗ (m) / mžamŗ coal or charcoal burner for cooking m? with msa with m?a s:alama goodbye msak lhq you are right (to ms) m?dnus (m) parsley msgaz (m) lazy m?k:s (m) one who always does the reverse of what is normal (backward person) milqa (f) / -t ~ mialq. spoon m?lum certainly, of course, known m Ω lumat knowledge, information m Ω mal (m) / ma Ω amil factory minaha that is to say, which means m?ruf (m) known mssm (m) / msasm wrist mssur (m) juice msza (f) / msiz goat mîzun (m) Kif paste mrarba - mrarba - marariba Moroccans mirib ~ mirib ~ mairib ~ mairib (always with the definite article 1-) Morocco mrribi ~ marribi ~ marribi (m) mrriby:a ~ marriby:a ~ marriby:a (f) / mrriby:in ~ marriby:in ~ marriby:in (mp); mrriby:at ~ marriby:at ~ marriby:at (fp) Moroccan (n and adj) person from Morocco)

m

mur after, behind (before the
 definite article) ~ mura
 (elsewhere)
mws:x (m) dirty
m:alin heads, owners
m:i my mother

n

nab (m) / nyab canine tooth nabi (m) / anbiya prophet nad (u) to get up nadar (m) view, idea naga (f) / -t female camel nas (mp) people nast (m) happy nažah (m) success nbat (m) / -at plant nbi (m) / anbiya prophet ndr to see, think, look at nd:f to clean nfa (i) to exile
nfayhi one who sniffs tobacco
nfisa (f) / -t woman in labor (at childbirth) nfs self nf? to be useful nf:ata (f) / -t jet nf:axa (f) / -t balloon nf:h to sniff tobacco ngliza ~ inglizy:a ~ nglizy:a English language nglizi (m) an Englishman nhar (m) day
nhar larba? Wednesday
nhar lhd: Sunday nhar 1tnin Monday nhar 1xmis Thursday nhar s:bt Saturday nhar t:lat ~ nhar t:lata Tuesday nhar ž:msa Friday nharas what day, which day nhas hmr (m) copper nhas sfr (m) brass nidam (m) / nudum _ andima system nif (m) / nyuf nose niha?i (m) final, complete nimru wahd excellent (Al) nišan direct, exactly, straight nkr to deny nqi (m) clean nqs to engrave nqš (m) / nqus decoration nsa (a) to forget nsab (p) / -at in-laws

nsabati (fp) my in-laws nsabi (mp) my in-laws nsib (m) in-law nsiba (f) in-law nsibi (m) my in-law nsibti (f) my in-law nsx to copy down nsxa (f) / -t ~ nsaxi a copy nsž to weave nsh to advise to give victory nşŗ nṣṛ (m) victory nṣṛani (m) / nṣaṛa Christian (European, mainly French) ns: one half nș:r to crown, make kind nta you(ms) ntaqm (mn) to take revenge on ntaya you (ms) nta? of, belonging to... ntha to come to an end nti you (fs) ntuma you (mp)
ntadr to wait for, look forward to nuba (f) / -t turn, support, alimony nuba (f) / -t once, one time, time nubtayn twice
nukta (f) / -t joke nuqra silver nuwanbir ~ nuvambr November nu (m) / nwa ~ anwa kind, sort, variety nwa (m) nuts (food) nw:ara (f) / nw:ar flower
nxla (f) / nxl palm tree nzl to descend, dismount nžh to succeed, pass an examination nž:m to be able to nna (m) mint nss to sleep nst (m) / nsut direction, description, modifier, adjective ns:t to give directions, describe n:abi Mohammed the Prophet

q

qabl to meet, take care of
qabla (f) / -t midwife
qadi (m) / qudat judge
qady:a (f) / -t problem, matter,
 case (law)
qa?id (m) / quy:ad leader,
 commander

qal (u) to tell, say
qam (i) to prepare (e.g. tea), to furnish, supply qam (u) to get up, stand up qamiş (m) / qmays shirt qamiza (f) / qmayz shirt qanun (m) / qawanin law qasida (f) / qawasid custom, habit qbd to hold qbila (f) / qbayl tribe qbl before qbl to accept, agree qbl lmilad B.C. qblma before qbr (m) / qbur ~ qbura tomb, grave qbt to hold qdim (m) old qdra (f) / qdur clay pot qdr to be able to qd: to be able to qd: ma to the extent that qd:m to present, offer, serve qda (i) to spend (time) qfa (m) / -wat back of the neck, nape qftan (m) / qfatn kaftan qhwa (f) coffee (drink) qhwa (f) / qhawi coffee shop qhwa hbub (f) coffee (beans) qhwa rbra (f) coffee (powder) qht famine qim atay prepare tea! qiyada (f) leadership qla (i) to fry qlal (m) few qlal to diminish qlb (m) / qlub heart qlil (m) few, little qlil 1?adab (m) impolite ql: less q1:b to look for, turn over, check, examine q1:q to worry someone, irk, irritate q1: \to take off qmh (m) wheat qmhi (m) wheat colored, golden, tan qmr (m) gambling qm:ar (m)/qm:ara gambler qm:r to gamble qntra (f) / qanatir ~ qnatr bridge qn:ba (f) / -t ~ qnanb cord, string qrd (m) / qrud monkey qrqba (f) / -t large metal castanet qrtaziny:in Carthaginians qra (a) to read

qraya studying, reading
qra? to become bald qrfa (f) cinnamon qrfi (m) cinnamon colored qrib (m) nearby, near qrib (m) / qrab; qriba (f) / qrabat relative qrn (m) / qurun century, horn qrunfla (n.u-f) / qrunfl clove qrya (f) / -t village qrzuta (f) larynx, Adam's apple qr? (m) / qur? bald headed, bald qr?a (f) / qra?i battle qr:a to teach qs:m to divide qsbur (m) corriander qsba (f) / -t shin qsba (f) / qsb reed qsir (m) short qsm (m) / qsam section, class (also: five minutes) qşmayn ten minutes (dual form) qşr (m) / quşur palace qs:r to visit and stay up late, to shorten qšla (f) / qsali fort, fortress qšra (f) / -t ~ qšur rind, crust, bark qtarh to suggest qtişad (m) economics qtl to kill $qt:al (m) / -a \sim -in killer,$ murderer qtban ~ qtban (mp) shish kebab qtifa (f) / qtayf ~ qtifat blanket qtn cotton qt: (m) / qtut tomcat qt: ? to tear, cut into pieces qub: (m) / qbub hood of a djellaba qud:am in front of quqa (n.u-f) / -t; quq (coll) artichoke Koran (occurring mainly qur?an with the definite article) qurtuba Cordova qus (m) / qwas arch qwi strong, powerful qw:a (f) power

a

qnt (f) / qnut corner (place)
qrab (mp) , qrabat (fp) relatives
qtban shish kebab

r

rbasa (f) / -t group, gang
rbh to profit, gain, win
rbisa (f) / rbays a small
 container for tea or sugar
rdm to demolish
rfd to pick up, carry
rih (m) / ryah wind
riha (f) / -t ~ rwayh scent, smell
risala (f) / -t letter
riy:a (f) / -t lungs
rswa (f) / rsawi bribe
rtah to rest, relax, get better
rukba (f) / rkabi knee
rukna (f) / rkani corner
ryal Moroccan coin equivalent to
 one U.S. penny
ržl (f) / ržlin leg, foot

ŗ

ra- here is, here are rab? (m) fourth (indef)
radyu (m) / radyuwat radio
rah (m) it is ra?is (m) / ruy:as ~ ru?asa chief, boss, leader raqb to supervise raqi (m) of high standard, refined, advanced raș (m) / ryuș head raș lḥahut mixture of various spices ra?y (m) / ?ara? opinion, idea rays (m) / ruy:as ~ ru?asa chief, boss ražl (m) / ržal man, husband ražlha her husband ražli my husband rbis (m) grass, spring (season) rbt to tie rbf ~ rubf ~ rub one fourth rbfa four rbsin forty rbstas 14th (indef) rd: (-u-) return something, give back

sads (m) sixth
safar (m) ~ sfr
safr to travel

s?al to ask

 $sahl (m) \sim shl easy$

sahih true, is that so? sa?ih (m) / sw:ah tourist

sala (i) to finish, end

salam (m) peace, greeting

sakn (m) / suk:an inhabitant

(indef)

trip, travelling

```
rda (a) to accept
rd? to suckle
rd:asa (f) / -t baby bottle
rd: ? to nurse
rfiq (m) / rfqan comrade, friend
rfis
      excellent
rhn to pawn
rh:b (b-) to welcome
rh:1 to move something
rkb to mount
ŗkΥ
     to kneel
rksa (f) / -at ~ rkasi a bending
   of the torso from an upright
   position
rma (i) to throw
rmadi (m) grey
rmla sand
rm:ana (n.u=f) / -t ; rm:an (coll)
   pomegranate
rqba (f) -t ~ rqab back of the
   neck, nape
rqm (m) / rqam ~ arqam number
rqş dance
rq:d to can pickles
ṛṣmi (m) formal, official
rtab to get or become soft, tender
rtb (m) wet, soft, humid
rtuba (f) humidity
rub? ~ rb? ~ rub one fourth
rukba (f) / rkabi knee
rukna (f) / rkani corner
ruxsa (f) vacation
ruz (m) rice
rxam (m) marble
rxis
      cheap
ryad (m) / -at a (domestic) flower
   garden
ryada (f) sports
ry:h to rest, take a rest
rzq to grant (by God)
rzq (m) / rzaq fortune, compensa-
   tion, heavenly grant
rzm to throw stones at
rž? to return, come back
rž:? to give back, return, vomit
rvifa (f) / rvayf Moroccan pancake
r:bat Rabat
r:umany:in Romans
r:usy:a Russian language
r:yad Riyadh
r:yady:at mathematics
```

sana (f) sanawat ~ snin year
sayh (m) / sw:ah tourist sasa vir... the moment (he)..., as soon as sasd (m) happy sasd help sasi (m) / susyan beggar sasid (m) / susada happy sasida (f) / -t happy saftayn two hours sbq to precede, go before
sbsi (m) / sbasa pipe sbta Sebta, Ceuta sbtambr ~ štambir September sb a seven sb a wxmsin 57 sb in seventy sb itas 17 (indef) sb:a (f) / -t blame, cause, reason sb:aba / -t index finger sdra thorny plants sd: to close sfli (m) basement shl (m) ~ sahl easy shr to stay up late sh:1 to make easy shab to seem, think (in the perfect) si ~ s:i Mr. sidi (m) / syadi my master, mister sidi qasm Sidi Kacem sifara (f) / -t embassy simana (f) / -t week sinima (f) / -t cinema, movie house siyada sovereighty, Excellency (title) siyadatk you (honorary term) (your excellency) siyasa (f) / -t policy, politics skayri (m) / skayry:a drunkard (Nisba) skayri dlxla a great drunkard skn to dwell sknžbir ginger skr to get drunk skran drunk sksu (m) couscous

s

```
skt to become silent, quiet
sk:t to make silent
sla Sale
slam (m) greeting
slq to boil something
slx to skin
sl:f (1-) to loan, lend
s1:m (Sla) to greet, shake hands
sm (m) \sim smy:a (f) / sma? \sim smy:at
   name
smawi sky blue
smh to forgive smid semolina
smida semolina
smr brown (complexion)
smy:a (f) / -t name
sm? to hear, listen
sm:a to name, give a name
snbula (f) / snabl spike of grain,
   stalk of wheat
snduq (m) / snadq box
snin years
sh:a (f) / asnan tooth
srh to pasture, tend sheep
srha tending sheep
sqsa to ask, inquire
srwal (m) / srawl pair of trousers
sr: (m) / asrar secret
sr:h to permit
srq to steal
srqa (f) theft
sr:aq (m) / sr:aqa thief
strah to repose, relax
stwrd to import
stxbr to inquire
stiml to use
st:a six
st:in sixty
st:aš 16th (indef)
su?al (m) / ?as?ila
                       question
sukna (f) dwelling
suk:an inhabitants
suk:ar ~ suk:r ~ sk:r (m) sugar suq (m) / swaq market, marketplace
     Suss
sus
swa (a) to be worth, cost
sw:k to clean the teeth
sw:q to shop
sxun (m) / sxan hot (weather)
sx:n to warm, heat
sy:ara (f) / -t car
sy:d / syad ~ sadat mister
sy:da / -t madam
sžn (m) / sužun prison
sžra (f) / sžr tree
ssa (a) to beg
ssaya begging
```

s?d to be happy
s?d (m) happiness
s:alamu alikum hello
s:bu? party of the 7th day after
the birth of a child
s:ms (f) the sun
s:mš (f) the sun
s:udan the Sudan
s:?dy:in the Saadiens

s

şab (i) to find sabra artifical silk (material) sabun (m) soap sabun dlh:am toilet soap sabun dr:iha toilet soap sabun dt:sbin washing soap sabun dyal 1 sil washing soap şadiq (m) / ?aşdiqa friend sadaqa (f) / -t charity safar (m) travelling, trip
safi that is it, OK safr to travel
saft to send sag (u) to drive
sag (m) / sigan calf (leg)
sahb (m) / shab friend sahba (f) / shabat friend saka (f) tobacco shop salh to cause to reconcile şala (f) / -wat prayer sam (u) to fast
sat (u) to blow (wind)
sawb to fix, do sbah (m) / -at morning
sbah lxir good morning
sbava (f) paint sbh to become morning, become sbitar (m) / -at hospital sbr to wait, be patient sbr (m) / sbran finger, toe sb:ana (f) / -t washerwoman sb:n to wash clothes \$dq to be right, to come true sdq (m) truth sdr (m) / sdur chest (body part) sd:q to give alms sd:r to export sfr (m) yellow sfr mftuh (m) light yellow şf:a to filter, strain shd head shba (f) friendship

```
shra (f) / shari desert
shur the last meal of the day,
     shortly before daybreak during
     the month of Ramadan
sh:a (f) health
sif (m) summer
sift to send
siny:a (f) / -t ~ swani tray
slgut (m) / slagt delinquent,
hoodlum, bum
sltan (m) / slatn sultan, king
şitan (m) / şiatin sultan, king
şit to be good for
şit (m) / şut bald headed
şi:a (i) to pray
şmfa (f) / şwamf ~ şawamif tower
şm:m to decide, persist
şm:t to dress up a baby
sndua (m) / spuda box
snduq (m) / snudq box
sn? to manufacture
snsa (f) / snays craft, job
sqt to make fall off or out of
sra to happen, occur
     to steal
şŗq
srf to spend money
sr:aq (m) / sr:aqa thief
strny:a (f) / -t hassock
stl (m) / stula bucket
strmy:a (f) / starm hassock
stwan (m) / -at hallway
sub:a (f) soup
suf (m) wool
şuhba (f) friendship
şultan (m) / şlatn sultan, king
şumsa (f) / -t tower
sur:a (f) / -t navel, umbilical
    cord
sw:b to fix, do
sy:d to hunt
sy:h to cry, howl (dog), crow
sy:r to conduct
s?b to become difficult
$?ib (m) difficult
svar ~ svar little, small (mp)
svir (m) / svar ~ svar small,
    little
şxiwr (m) diminutive form of şxir
    'little, small'
s:blyuny:a Spanish language
```

š

šab (i) to get old, get grey hair
šab: (m) / šub:an youth
šab:a (f) / -t youth
šaf (u) to see

šahada (f) / -t certificate šamal friqy:a North Africa šaqur (m) / šwaqr axe šarb (m) / šwarb lip šarf (m) old šarika (f) / -t company šari? (m) / šawari? avenue šari?a Islamic law šaraf honor šašy:a (f) / -t ~ šwaši cap šawn Chechaouen šayb (m) old (grey-haired) šaži? (m) / šuž?an brave šbh to look like šb; to be filled up with food šb:aky:a (f) / -t; šb:aky:a (coll) sort of (Moroccan) cake made with honey šb:h to compare, take or mistake (for) \$b:r to grab, take, catch, hold \$b:? to fill up with food šd: to close, grab šfnža (f) / -t sfnž doughnut šfq to be compassionate, have mercy on šfqa (f) pity šfr (m) / šfar eyelash šf:ar (m) / šf:ara thief \$f:r to steal
\$hai how much, how many šhal mn kilumtr how long? (distance) šhal mn sasa how long? (time) šhalm:a however much šhr (m) / šhur ~ šhura month šhur ~ šhura months (of the year) ši a, some, something, any (followed by indef. noun) ši bnadm somehody ši bnadm somebody ši rfis excellent ši haza something ši nhar someday ši šwy:a a little ši wahd someone, somebody šifrul cauliflower šik (m) / -at check šikaya (f) / -t complaint ška (i) to complain škara (f) / škayr bag (with shoulder strap) škl (m) / aškal kind, sort, type škr to thank škun who is it? škunma whoever škwa (f) / -t a leather bag in which milk is churned šk: to doubt

```
$k: (m) doubt
$k: (m) / -at check
šlala rinsing
šlavm (mp) moustache
šlh (m) / šluh Berber, the Berbers
šlha (f) / -t Berber, the Berbers
šluh
      Berbers
šlya (f) / -t chair
$1:1 to rinse
šlada (f) salad
šmai left
$m?a (f) / $m? candle
šnu what (is, are)?, which?
šqf (m) ~ šqfa (f) / šqufa a piece
   (of), a small pipe for smoking
   kif
šqr (m) blond
šra (i) to buy
$rbil (m) / $rabl ladies' shoes
$rf to get old
$rif (m) noble (descendant of
   Mohammed the Prophet)
$r:g to tear
srab (with the article) (m) wine
srb to drink
srq to rise (sun)
srt (m) / surut condition (stipu-
   lation)
šržm (m) / šražm window
sr:f to honor
srq east
šta rain
štwa winter
sth to dance
$th ~ $tih dance
$ukrn ~ $ukran thanks
šurba (f) soup
šuruq sunrise
šutambir September
šužaς (m) / šužςan brave
šurl (m) / ašral business, work
Šwari (m) / -yat a large saddle
   bag used on beasts of burden
   for hauling
šwy:a
       little (bit)
šw:a1 (m) / šwaw1
                    tail (of animal)
šxd to get high (by excitement)
šžra (f) / šžr tree
šîb (m) people of a country
šîban the Moslem month of Shaban
$?bana a period in the middle of
   the Moslem month of Shaban
š?bi (m) popular, native, ordinary
   (Nisba)
š̃̃̃sira (f) / š̃̃sir barley
š̃̃̃î to light, start a fire
šîr (m) hair
S?ry:a (f) vermicelli, thin
   spaghetti
```

\$:ariça (f) Islamic Law
\$:i the thing, matter
\$:lha (f) the Berber language
\$:luh the Berbers
\$:mal the left (side)
\$:ms (f) the sun
\$:ms (f) the sun
\$:rab wine
\$:rab lbyd (m) white wine
\$:rab lhmr (m) red wine
\$:rab r:uzi (m) rose wine
\$:rq the East
\$:rq l?awst the Middle East
\$:urta the police
\$:rb the people (of a country)

t

tadla Tadla tafilalt Tafilalt talt (m), -a (f) third (indef) tamaman exactly taman price tamn (m), -a (f) eighth (indef) tani (m), -ya(f) second (indef)
taq (i) (b-) (f-) to trust
taqad:um (m) progress
taqafa (f) / -t culture
tass (m) -2 (f) tass (m), -a (f) ninth (indef) tasar:uf (m) / -at behavior tažr (m) / tuž:ar rich man, merchant tbadl to trade in, exchange tbark 1:ah expression of amazement or irony (lit: God has made himself blessed) tbr:d to cool tbs:1 (Sla) to be silly, impolite rude, daring tbs:m to smile tbtin (m) / tbatn lining (of coat) tb? to follow tb: ? to follow tfahm (msa) to reach mutual understanding (with) tfard to share expenses together tfarq to be separated, separate tfd:1 please! tfl:a to tease tfl:a ?la to make fun of tf:aha (n.u-f) / -t ; tf:ah (coll)apple thd:d (Sla) to threaten thm to accuse thm:m to take a bath thrq to be burnt

ths:n to improve ths:s to use hashish tht under, below thty:a (f) / -t transparent nylon dress worn under the kaftan thy:r to get puzzled, be troubled titwan Tetouan tižara (f) trade, commerce tkl (Sla) to depend (on) tkl:m (msa) to talk (with) tkrfs to be messed up tk:a (a) to lean against tk:1 (sla) to rely (on) tla (a) to become tlah to be thrown away tlaqa (msa) to meet (with) tlata three tlatin thirty tlf to be lost tlmid (m) / tlamd ~ talamid pupil tlmida (f) / -t pupil tlmit / tlamt cover (for bed or sofa) tlt alaf three thousand tlt my:a three hundred tlt:as thirteen, 13th (indef) tlž (m) ice, snow tlb to ask tmanin eighty tmaîs to live, live on tmntas eighteen, eighteenth tmnya eight tmn:a to wish tmra (n.u-f) / tmr (p & coll) date (fruit) tmr: x to wallow tmši fhalk go! (home, your own tmš:a to walk, take a walk tmtm to stutter tm: to go on doing something tm:a there tns:r to be crowned (made king)
tnz:h to go on excursion tqam (Sla) to cost tqb to pierce, perforate tqb:h to be rude, impolite tqil (m) heavy tql:q to become impatient tqriban ~ tqribn almost, nearly, about, approximately tqtira drops (from a filter or a dropper) tqua (f) / tqabi hole try:a (f) / -t chandelier trafik traffic, smuggling (Fr) trbya / trabi baby, infant, newborn child

tsalm to greet one another tsara to take a walk tsbih (m) / tsabh rosary tslaf / tsalf a loan tsl:f to borrow tsn:a to wait for, wait tsr:h to settle down, relax ts?a nine ts in ninety
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ts in (impersonal) tsh:r to have a light meal before daybreak in Ramadan tsn? to be manufactured tswira (f) / tsawr picture tsawf to see one another, meet tšawr to consult tšk:a to complain tšlila the water with which tea leaves are washed tšṛ:f to be honored tub (m) / twab material tulut one-third tuma (f); tum (coll) garlic tuns Tunisia, Tunis tuqba (f) / tqabi hole turki (m) ~ turki Turk, Turkish tut rumi strawberries tuta (f) / tut mulberry tuta dlrd / tut lrd (coll) strawberry twam twins twd:a to perform ritual ablution before prayer txlq to be born, be created ty:q to believe, trust tzad to be born tžw:1 to wander around tfl:m to learn tγš:a to have dinner tft:1 to be late tîž:b (b-) to admire t:ahd to unite t:aqa to fear God, be honest t:asl (b-) to get in touch (with) t:ifaq (m) / -at agreement t:ihad (m) unity t:Slim t:anawi secondary school

ţ

taba (f) tobacco (for sniffing)
tabx (m) cooking

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tagy:a (f) / -t ~ twagi woolen hat
tah (i) to fall
taksi (m) / taksy:at cab
tanža Tangier
tanžra (f) / -t ~ tnažr metal
    cooking pot
tar (i) to fly
tard to chase
tariq (m) / turqan way (road)
tariqa (f) / -t way (manner,
    means)
tarix (m) history
tarixi (m) historical
tas (m) / tisan washing dish,
    metal basin with handles used
    for washing hands before or
    after a meal
taşa (f) / -t cup, glass tazin (m) stew
tas (i) to obey
tbib (m) / ?atib:a medical doctor
tbiba (f) / -t medical doctor
tbl (m) / tbula drum
tbla (f) / -t ~ tbali table
tbsil (m) / tbasi dish, platter,
    plate
tbx to cook
tbx (m) cooking
tb:al (m) / -a (no fem) drummer
tb:l to beat the drum
tb:q to apply, implement
tfa (i) to extinguish
tfl (m) / atfal _ tfula kid, child
tfya ashes (of a cigarette)
thara circumcision
thin flour
thn to grind
tir (m) / tyur bird
tlaq divorce
tlq to release, let go
tl:q to divorce
ti:ab (m) / tlaba beggar
ti:aba (f) / -t beggar
tnas twelve, 12th (indef)
tqs weather
tra to happen, occur
trabls Tripoli
trbus (m) / trabs hat
trbuš hmr (m) a fez
trd to dismiss
trf (m) / traf piece
trh to spread, throw on the floor
trifat pieces
triq (f) / trqan ~ turqan road
try:f (m) / trifat small piece
    (dim)
trz to embroider
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tržm to translate
tšr (m) / tšur village
tumubil (f) / -at car
turkya ~ turkya Turkey
tur (m) / atwar stage
twil (m) long, tall
tyab (m) cooking
ty:ara (f) / -t airplane
ty:b (m) nice, gentle, good (for
people)
ty:b all right
tsam (m) food
tsriža (f) / tsarž kind of long
clay drum with opening at one
end
t:abisy:at (f) natural science
 (def)
t:arix history (m) (def)
t:ib: medicine (m) (def)
t:qs weather (m) (def)

u

uktubr October
um: / um:ahat mother
um:i my mother
urub:a Europe
urup:a Europe
urup:awi (m) / urup:awy:in
 European
usbu (m) / asabi (week
ustad (m) / asatida professor
ustada (f) / -t professor
util (m) / -at hotel
uxt / xwatat sister
uxt ražli sister-in-law (my
husband's sister)
uxti / xwatati my sister
užda Oujda

W

w ~ u and
wad (m) / widan river
wahli gee!
wahd (m); whda (f) one
wahd wsirin twenty one
walakin but
walayn:i but
walf (b) to be accustomed (to)
wali (m) / awliya saint, holy man
walid father

```
walid mrati father-in-law (my
   wife's father)
walida mother
walidin parents walihada (for t
           (for this reason)
                                  thus
walili Volubilis
walu nothing
waqil maybe, perhaps
wasila (f) / wasa?il means
wass (m) wide
wasifa (f) / -t maid (of a queen)
was interrogative particle of the
   do, will type
wata to match, suit
watiqa (f) / wata?iq document
waxd taking
wax:a all right, o.k., even if...
wažb (m) / wazibat duty
wasalih all right
wasalikum s:alam response to
    /s:alamu ?likum/
wdn (f) / wdnin ear
wdsa (f) / wds small shell
wd:n to announce prayers (in a
   mosque)
whš (m) / whuš wild animal wilaya (f) / -t state wiski (m) whiskey
wkun if (contrary to fact)
wld to give birth wld (m) / wlad boy
wld bnt ?m:i second cousin (son
   of my paternal uncle's daughter)
wld bnt fm:ti second cousin (son
    of my paternal aunt's daughter)
wld wld xali second cousin (son
    of my maternal uncle's son)
wld wld ?m:i second cousin (son
of my paternal uncle's son) wid wid im:ti second cousin (son
of my paternal aunt's son) wld xal b:a second cousin (son
    of my father's maternal uncle)
wld xalt m:i second cousin (son
    of my mother's maternal aunt)
wld ?m: b:a second cousin (son
    of my father's paternal uncle)
wld Sm: mrati son of my wife's
    paternal uncle (my wife's
    cousin)
wld Sm:i / wlad Sm:i my cousin
    (fa br so)
wld sm:ti / wlad sm:ti my cousin
    (fa si so)
wldi / wladi my son
wlid little boy
wlidi sonny
w1:a or
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w1:a to return, become
wl:barh the day before yesterday wl:ahi by God
wqf to stand up, stop
wqid (m) matches
wqt time (telling time)
wqtaš when?
wqtm:a whenever
wq? happen
wr:a to show
wra after, behind
wrda (f) / wrd rose
wrdi (m) rose-colored
wrqa (f) / wraq leaf, paper (piece
   of)'
wsf to describe
wsf (m) / wsaf description
wsl
     to reach, arrive
    middle
wșţ
wsx (m) / wsax dirt
ws:a (Sla) advise
ws:1 to take (to), make reach
ws:1 (1-) to connect (to, for),
   see that something or someone
   gets to..., reach
wy:a with
wzn (1-) to weigh (for)
     to be ready
wžh (m) / wžuh
wžs
     to give pain
wžs (m) pain
wž:d to make ready, prepare
wz:d rask be ready (prepare
   yourself)
wž:h (1-) to go in the direction
   of
w:1 (m) / -in , w:1a (f) / -t first
   (indef)
```

x

xabya (f) / -t _ xwabi jar
xadm (m) / xud:am attendant
xaf (a) (mn) to be afraid (of),
 fear
xal / xwal maternal uncle
xala / -t maternal aunt
xali / xwali my maternal uncle
xalti / xalati my maternal aunt
xals true, as in "true believer"
xalt to associate with
xams 5th (indef)
xanz (m) smelly, (bad)
xarizi (m) outside
xarita (f) / -t map
xasara (f) / -t loss
xasr (m) losing, broken

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xasara that is too bad
xas: (m) special
xatm (m) / xwatm ring
xatar (m) danger
xatir (m) dangerous
xatr (m) desire, wish
xawi (m) empty
xay / x:uti my brother
xayb (m) ugly
xayd (m) taking
xbr (m) / xbar ~ axbar
                             news
xbz to bake (bread)
xb:a to save, hide
xda (u) to take
xdm to work
xdma (f) / -t ~ xdami work
xd: (m) / xdud cheek
xdr green
xdr mrluq dark green
xfif (m) light (not heavy)
xima (f) / xyam tent
xir (m) / xirat good
xiry:a (f) charitable (Nisba)
xit (m) / xyut string
xizana / -t library
xiz:uya (n.u-f) / -t ; xiz:u (coll)
    carrot
xla (f) / xlawat wilderness
xlaq to be born
xlfa (f) / -t step
xlq to create
xl:a to let, leave
x1: ? to can meat
xlt (Sla) to arrive (at)
x1:s to pay
xi:t(b-)(msa) to mix
xmr to drink (liquor)
xmsa five
xmsa wsb in seventy-five
xmsin fifty xmstas 15th (indef)
xm:m to think
xnša (f) / xnaši sack
xnz to stink
xn:z to cause to stink
xrif (m) autumn
xra (f) feces
xrafa (f) / xrayf story, tale
xrqa (f) / xraqi rag
xruf (m) / xrfan little lamb
xrž (kayxruž) to go out
 xrž fla to let someone down, break
    one's word, go off (e.g. car
    goes off the road)
 xr: ž (kayxr: ž) to cause to go out,
    extract, graduate
 xsr to lose, fail, become
    inoperable
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xs: to be necessary
xs:a (n.u-f); xs: (coll) lettuce
xs:k you have to (it is necessary
   that you)
xtana (f) circumcision
xțilaf (m) / -at difference
xtar to choose
xtasr to abbreviate
xtb to ask a girl for marriage xtf to grab
xtra (f) / -t time
xts: to specialize
xt:ar / xut:ar passer-by xubza (n.u-f) / -t; xubz (coll)
   loaf of bread
xud take!
xudra (f) vegetables
xursa (f) / -t ~ xrasi earring xus:a (f) / -t water fountain
xutba (f) engagement
xuxa (n.u-f) / -t ; xux (coll)
   peach
xuya / x:uti my brother
xwa (i) to empty
xw:f to frighten
xw:r to poke, unclog
xyara (n.u-f); xyar (coll)
   cucumber
xyata (f) / -t sewing
xy:al (m) / xy:ala (no fem) horse-
   man
xy:na our friend (our brother)
xy:t to sew
```

 $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$

%ra (f) / -t other
%ti / wxatati my sister
%u mrati brother-in-law (my wife's brother)

у

ya vocative particle
ya xaṣaṛa that is too bad
yabs (m) dry
yaḥafiḍ goodness!
yaḥ:ah let us go, let's
yasmin jasmine
ybra (f) ~ ibra / ybari ~ ibari
needle, injection
ybs to dry

yd: (f) / -in hand
yhudi (m) / yhud Jew
ymkl:i it is possible for me
ymkn it is possible for me
ymknli it is possible for me
ymknik ~ ymkl:k it is possible
for you, i.e. you can
ymn right (side)
yn:ayr January
yq:n to be sure
ysr left (side)
ytim (m) orphan
yulyuz July
yum (m) / y:am day
yumayn two days
yunyu June
yni means, that is to say
y:am days
y:ih yes

z

zad (i) to add, continue, come in, go on, give more, be born zaman long ago, in the past, zaważ (m) marriage zawya (f) / -t small mosque, long ago, in the past, time religious center zayd naqs it does not matter much zbda (f) butter zbiba (f) / zbib (coll) raisin zbibi (m) purplish red zft pitch (implies "bad state") zhr (m) orange blossom zif (m) / zyuf ~ zyufa napkin, handkerchief, scarf zin (m) / zwinin nice, good looking zit (f) oil zit lbldiy:a any vegetable oil (other than olive oil) zit 19ud (f) olive oil ziti (m) frost green zituna (n.u-f) ; zitun (coll) olive zituni (m) olive green zk:a to give alms zlafa (f) / zlayf bowl zlzl to shake zl:iž (m) mosaic zman long ago, in the past, time zm:ur the Zemmour tribes znqa (f) / -t ~ znaqi street zrb to hurry

zrda (f) / -t ~ zradi good meal, feast, party with good meal zrq (m) blue zŗΥ to sow zṛs (p) hard wheat, grain two zuž zuža / -t wife zwaq (m) / -at designs, ornamentation zwaž (m) marriage
zwin (m) / -in pretty, nice zw:l to eliminate, erase, take away zw:q to make designs zyada (f) birth z?bula (n.u-f) ; z?bul (coll) prickly pear, Indian fig zff to get mad

ŗ

zar (u) to visit
zawš (m) / zwawš sparrow
zm:ara (f) / -t a small horn (toy)
zrby:a (f) / zrabi rug
zyara (f) / -t a visit
z?tut (m) / z?att little monkey

ž

ža (i) to come ža (i) he came, it (m) is located žab (i) to bring žamasa (f) / -t group žamis (m) / žwams mosque žamisa (f) / -t university žamisan _ žmis all, together žam? (m) / žwam? mosque žam? dlihud synagogue žam? dn:sara church žanvieh January žarida (f) / žara?id newspaper žar (m) / žiran ; -a (f) / -t neighbor žat it (f) came, i.e. is located žawab (m) / -at _ žwabat answer žawb to answer žawi benzoin zawż (m) / zwawz sparrow žaza to reward zas (u) to be hungry žbd to grab, pull up

žbha (f) / -t ~ žbahi forehead žbl (m) / žbal moutain žbl tariq Gilbraltar žbn (m) cheese zbn (m) cneese
žbn dlm?az goat cheese
žbr to find
ždb a special dance
ždid (m) new
žd: / ždud grandfather
žd:a / -t grandmother
žd:ati my grandfather
žd:i my grandfather žd.aci my grandmotner žd:i my grandfather žfn (m) / žfan eyelid žhš (m) / žhuša ass žib (m) / žyub pocket žiha (f) / -t side, part žiš (m) / žuyuš Army žisan hungry žlbana peas
žld (m) skin
žl:aba (f) / žlalb djellaba
žmil (m) , žmila (f) pretty,
beautiful, nice looking žmil (m) favor žmil all, together žml (m) / zmal camel
žnah (m) / žwanh wing
žnan (m) / -at orchard
žnb (m) / žnab side
žn: (m) / žnun devil, jinn
žn: (f) paradise heaven žn:a (f) paradise, heaven žra (fla) to kick out žrada (f) / žrad grasshopper žr: (-u-) to drag žr:b to try žtam? to gather, meet (with) žtimasi (m) social žug (m) / ažwaq orchestra žuž two žuž dl?asabi? two weeks žuž dlmlayn 2,000,000 žu; (m) hunger žwayh approximately žw: (m) weather žîl to make ž:urrafiy:a (f) geography

٢

Sad then, very (intensifier)
Sada (f) / -t habit
Sadi (m) ordinary
Sadl (m) / Sdul jury
Sadim (m) great, magnificent
Safak please

safya (f) fire
sa?ila (f) / -t family
salam (m) world Salawd: because
Sali (m) high
Salim (m) / Sulama scholar, learned Sam (m) / -at year
Samal (m) / aSmal work famayn two years saqb to punish Saq1 (m) intelligent Sarabi (m) / Sarab Arab Saraby:a (f) / -t Arab Saraby:a (f) / -t cart, Royal Carriage Sarafat name of a mountain east of Mecca where the Mecca pilgrims spend the 9th day of the Moslem month of Zualhijja Yasa on the hope of Yasima (f) / Yawasim capital Yas (i) to live Yasr (m), -a (f) 10th (indef) Yasura the 10th day of the Moslem month of Muharram Sawd to repeat Sawd (m) / xil horse Sawd tani also, in addition, again, once again Sawda (f) / -t mare Sawn to help Sayn to wait Sazib wonderful ?bd to worship Sbd (m) / Sbid slave Sbr to measure Sbra (f) / -t ~ Sbar measuring cup îdsa (n.u-f) / -t; îds (coll) lentil ?du (m) / ?dyan ~ a?da? enemy id:b to torture fdm (m) / Sdam bone
fd: (-u-) to bite, sting
ffayni (m) / Sfayny:a opium user
ffrit (m) / Sfart devil, very
clever person, spirit, fairy fyun (m) opium
fhd (m) / Suhud reign Sib (m) / Syub shame, shameful action Sibad 1:ah people Sid (m) / Syad feast Sid lmulud (m) birthday feast of the Prophet

fid milad (m) birthday Silm (m) / Sulum science, knowledge Silm lžtimaS (m) sociology
Simara (f) / -t building
Sin (f) / Sinin eye
Sin (m) / Syun spring, well Sinb (coll) grape Siša (f) living %ks opposite, contrary
%k:r to put lipstick on, to trouble 1- ~ 1a on Sla bal attentive, on the alert fla bṛ:a rural areas, villages fla hq: because îla hq:aš because fla kul: hal anyway \$\foating{\text{la msb:a}} because of
\$\foating{\text{la msb:a}} because fla r:as wlfin with great pleasure fla sabab on account of, because \$1a wd: because fla wd:aš becaus
fla xatr because because flas why? \$1 lmyn to the right Im to know, let know, notify, inform flm (m) / fulum science flmi (m) scientific, educational
flw (m) height S1:ama (m) / Sulama scholar \$1:m to teach \$1:q (\$1a) to hang, hang up, comment on, wear (necklace) ?ma blind ?ml to do, make Sml s:abun to wash clothes ?mr age fm: / Smam paternal uncle
fm:a / -t paternal aunt
fm:an Amman
fm:i / Smam my paternal uncle Sm:ti / Sm:ati my paternal aunt Snba (n.u-f) / -t; Sinb _ Snb (coll) grape find particle of possession (have);
at (Fr. 'chez' "in the possession of") fnq (m) / fnuq neck fnwan ~ flwan ~ funwan (m) / Sanawin address \$\qd (m) / \quad contract, agreement
\$\qq (m) / \quad \text{qul mind}
\$\qris (m) / \qris \text{srsan bridegroom}\$ frs (m) / frasat wedding
fryan (m) / -in uncovered, naked frada (f) / -t invitation frd (fla) to invite

frd (m) width ff to know, know of, learn about frid (m) wide
frk to fight frka (f) / -t a fight
frq (m) / fruq vein Srqb to celebrate the engagement officially frubi (m) peasant (Nisba), one who lives in the country fruby:a (f) country (rural) frusa (f) / frays bride % fusa (i) / % fays bride
% skari (m) military (Nisba)
% skari (m) / % asakir soldier
% sl lbida (f) honey
% sl lhmra (f) molasses
% sa (f) / % si stick
% fur (m) / % safr a swallow (bird)
% sri (m) modern (Nisba)
% sa (m) dinner, supper
% iv a (f) evening fsiy:a (f) evening Sirin twenty îšra ten fs:r to pay tithes fta (i) to give ftabr to consider
ftarf (b-) to recognize, confess
ftrus (m) /ftars billygoat fts to sniff
fts to be thirsty St:1 to cause to be late Sud (m) / Sidan lute
Sud (m) / Swad wood (plural means 'pieces of wood') Sulya (f) higher, highest Surs (m) / Srasat wedding Sušur tithe Sutla (f) / -t vacation Swr (m) one-eyed fy:an (m) tired Sy:d to celebrate a feast fy:n to indicate fy:t to call Sziz (m) dear Sžb to please ſžina (f) dough sžl (m) / szul calf Sžn to knead Yžuba strange (thing)!

¥

rab (i) to be absent
raba (f) / -t forest
radi (m) going (participle)

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radi (ms) , radya (fs) , radyin (mp) , radyat (fp) auxiliary
     used before imperfect form
     without prefix /ka-/ "going"
     "will"
 var (m) / viran cave
var (i) (mn) to be jealous
vare drowned
vasul (m) shampoo
vda (m) / -wat lur
vdr to betray
vd:a tomorrow
 rfr to forgive sins
ri (shortened form of /rir/)
 only, just riba (f) / ryub absence
 rir as soon as, no sooner than,
    except for
 rir daba daba a little while ago
 rita (f) / -t oboe
 *la (i) to boil
 *1b to beat, conquer rlmi (m) lamb, mutton
 vnm (m) sheep
vn:a (i) to sing
 r:d sing (for birds), chirp
 rrb west
 rrbi (m) western
 rrf to ladle
rrnața Granada
rrq to sink, drown
rry:ba (n.u-f) / -t; rry:ba
    rayb (coll) a Moroccan tea
    cake
vsl to wash
vša (f) / -wat cover
 rtar (m) / rutran plate, platter,
    dish
xtr (m) / xtura plate
rt:a to cover
rurub sunset
 rur:af ~ %r:af (m) / rrarf ~ %rarf
    pitcher
rušt August
ry:at (m) / ry:ata (no fem) oboe
    player
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Ŧ

%r:af (m) / %rarf pitcher
%s1 to wash
%ta / *tawat cover
%tar (m) / -at plate, platter
%t:a (f) / -t flesh under the chin
 (second chin)
%zala (f) / -t gazelle

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PONICIONAL				
pp pp pp pp pp pp pp pp pp pp pp pp pp				
- Communication of the Communi				
CONCENSION				
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i i				·

LEXICON

English - Arabic

Abbasids, the 19b:asy:in abbreviate (v) xtasr able, be (v) nž:m; qdr ~ qd: about tqriban ~ tqribn above fuq abroad lxariž absence riba (f) / ryub absent, be (v) rab (i) accept (v) rda (a); qbl account hsab (m) / -at accuse (v) thm accustomed, be (v) walf A.D. milady:a Adam's apple qržuta (f) add (v) zad (i) addition (in addition) sawd tani address çanawin adjective nst (m) / nsut administration idara (f) / -t admire (v) tîž:b (b-) advise (v) nsh advise (v) nsh; ws:a (Sla) affect (v) bqa (f-); hz: (f-) afraid, be (of) (v) xaf (a) (mn) African friqi ~ ifriqi (m) friqy:a Africa b?d ~ mn b?d after after (=behind) mur (before definite article) ~ mura (elsewhere) after (=behind) wra after (conj) bîd ma ~ mn bîd ma after tomorrow bid *d:a again Sawd tani against dd: age ?mr agree (v) qb1 agreement t:1faq (m) / -at

agreement (written) Sqd (m) / ?qud agricultural filahi (m) filaha (f) agriculture Agriculture, Faculty of kul:y:at lfilaḥa airplane ty:ara (f) / -t airport matar (m) / -at Alawites, the lsalawy:in alert, on the sla bal Algeria lžaza?ir Algiers lžaza?ir alike bhal bhal; kif kif alimony nuba (f) / -t žamisan ~ žmis all all (=at all) gas all right ty:b; wax:a; wasalih alloy, white, like silver fd:a (f) Almohades lmuwh:idin almonds luz (m) Almoravides Imurabitin almost tqriban tqribn alms, give (v) sd:q; zk:a almsgiving at the end of Ramadan ftra along (in addition) bžnb kadalik also also (in addition) Sawd tani also (too, even) ht:a always dima amaze (v) bhd amazed mbhudsm America amirika ; lwilayat lmut:ahida American amiriki (m) / amiriky:in Amman ?m:an among bin ~ ma bin amount (of) mqdar (m) t hžab (m) / -at w ~ u and Andalusia 1?andalus animal, wild whs (m) / whus

```
announce (v) br:h
announce prayers (in a mosque) (v)
   wd:n
announcer of the hour of prayer in
   a mosque
             mu?ad:n ~ mwd:n (m) /
answer (v)
             žawb
any (followed by indef. noun)
                                 ši
        hd: (m)
anybody
anyway
         Sla kul: hal
appear (v) ban (a); dhr
appendix msrana zayda
      tf:aha (f) / -t ; tf:ah
apple
   (coll)
apply (v)
            tb:q
         mšmaša (f) / -t ; mšmaš
apricot
   (col1)
April avril bril ibril approximately (about) tqri
                         tqriban ~
   tqribn
approximately (amount)
                         mqdar
approximately (telling time)
   žwayh
   Arab
Arab World, the
                 d:uwal l?araby:a
Arabic, classical
                    lfusha (f)
Arabic language, the
                       Içaraby:a
Arabicized (educational system)
   mn či:p
Arafat
         sarafat (name of a
   mountain east of Mecca where the
   Mecca pilgrims spend the ninth
   day of the Moslem month
   zualhijja)
arch qus (m) / qwas
arithmetic (mathematics)
                            hsab (m)
  / -at
arm drs (m) / dras armpit bat (m) / bitan Army žiš (m) / žuyuš
arrive (v)
            wsl
arrive (at) (v) xlt
art fn: (m) / funun
                  xlt (Sla)
artichoke
            quqa(f)/-t, quq
   (coll)
artificial silk (material)
   sabra (f)
artist fn:an (m) / -a ~ fn:anin
as (=as soon)
                aw:1 ma
   (=like)
             kima
as (when)
            ml:i
as far as
           mn žiht
as for
        am:a
as soon as
             rir
ashamed (v)
             þšm
ashes (cigarette)
                     ţfya
```

```
Asia asiya
ask (v) sqsa; s?al; tlb
ass (=donkey) žhš (m) / žhuša
associate with (v) xalt
astonish (v) bhd
astonished
             mbhud (m)
astound (v)
             bhd
at (Fr 'chez') Snd
at all (in negative constructions)
at least
           b1?aq1:
            xadm (m) / xud:am
attendant
             bal (m)
attention
attentive
             $1a ba1
         rušt
August
                  xala / -t
aunt, maternal
aunt, my maternal xalti / xalati
                    ſmiti / ʕm:ati
aunt, my paternal
aunt, paternal Sm:a / -t
authorities (=government)
          xrif (m)
autumn
          šari? (m) / šawari?
avenue
average
         mutawas:t (m)
awake
        fayq
aware of, be (v)
                    Saq (b-)
      šaqur (m) / šwaqr
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Ъ

```
baby
       trbya / trabi
baby bottle rd:asa (f) / -t
back dhr (m) / dhur
backward person (one who always does
   the opposite of what is normal)
   m?k:s (m)
had
     mf1:s (m)
bad, that is too bad
                         xasara
bag, large saddle used on beasts of
   burden for hauling
                          šwari (m) /
   -yat
bag (with shoulder strap)
                               škara
(f) / skayr
Baghdad bydad
bake (bread) (v)
       dit (w) \ dnit
                           sl<sub>Υ</sub> (m) /
   sul?
bald, become (v)
bald, become (v) qras
ball kura (f) / -t kwari
          nf:axa (f) / -t
balloon
          banana / -t ; banan (coll)
banana
bank banka
        šķira (f) / šķir
barely
bark (of tree)
                   qsra (f) / -t
   qsur
basement
            sfli (m)
```

tican
țișan bath, give a (v) hm·m
bath, take a (v) thm:m
bathroom hm:am (m) / -at
battle qrsa (f) / qrasi
bath, give a (v) hm:m bath, take a (v) thm:m bathroom hm:am (m) / -at battle qrsa (f) / qrasi B.C. qbl lmilad
be (v) kan (u) be, no longer (v) matlas beans, green lubya (f)
be, no longer (v) matlas
beans, green lubya (†)
beard lhya (f) / -t ~ lhi ~ lhy
beat (=hit) (v) drb beat (=win) (v) vib
beat drum (v) tb:1
because li?an:a li?n:a;
<pre>fla hq: ~ fla hq:as ; fla msb:a;</pre>
fla dihal · fla sabab · fla wd·
~ Sla wd:aš ; Sla xatr
because (=since) hit
become (v) sbh; tla (a); wl:a
of since of the state of the st
beef bgri ~ lhm dlbgri
beer bir:a (f)
before qbl ~ qblma
before qbl ~ qblma beg (v) ssa (a)
begin (v) bda (a)
begin (v) bda (a) beginning bidaya (f) / -t beggar sasi (m) / susyan ~
beggar sasi (m) / susyan ~
ti:ab (m) / tiaba ; ti:aba (f) /
-t begging s?aya
behavior tasar:uf (m) / at
pondvioi cajai.ai (m) / ac
behind (after) mur (before
benind (aiter) mur (before
definite article) ~ mura (elsewhere)
definite article) ~ mura (elsewhere)
definite article) ~ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika
definite article) ~ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t ~
definite article) - mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t -
definite article) - mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t -
definite article) ~ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t ~ mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r
definite article) ~ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t ~ mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$1h (m) /
definite article) ~ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t ~ mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$1h (m) /
definite article) _ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t ~ mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$lh (m) / \$luh; \$lha (f) / -t Berbers, the \$:luh
definite article) _ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t ~ mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$lh (m) / \$luh; \$lha (f) / -t Berbers, the \$:luh Berber language, the \$:lha
definite article) _ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t ~ mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$lh (m) / \$luh; \$lha (f) / -t Berbers, the \$:luh Berber language, the \$:lha believe (v) amn; ty:q
definite article) _ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t ~ mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$lh (m) / \$luh; \$lha (f) / -t Berbers, the \$:luh Berber language, the \$:lha believe (v) amn; ty:q belonging to (=of) dyal ~ nta?
definite article) "mur (before definite article) "mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t "mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$lh (m) / \$luh; \$lha (f) / -t Berbers, the \$:luh Berber language, the \$:lha believe (v) amn; ty:q belonging to (=of) dyal "nta? below tht
definite article) "mur (before definite article) "mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mḍm:a (f) / -t "mḍam bend (v) ḥdr; ḥna (i) bend, cause to (v) ḥd:r Berber bṛbaṛi (m) Berber, the Berbers Ṣlḥ (m) / Ṣluḥ; Ṣlḥa (f) / -t Berbers, the Ṣ:luḥ Berber language, the Ṣ:lḥa believe (v) amn; ty:q belonging to (=of) dyal "nta? below tḥt besides mn rir
definite article) "mur (before definite article) "mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t " mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$lh (m) / \$luh; \$lha (f) / -t Berbers, the \$:luh Berber language, the \$:lha believe (v) amn; ty:q belonging to (=of) dyal "nta? below tht besides mn rir best ahsn
definite article) "mur (before definite article) "mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t " mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$lh (m) / \$luh; \$lha (f) / -t Berbers, the \$:luh Berber language, the \$:lha believe (v) amn; ty:q belonging to (=of) dyal "nta? below tht besides mn rir best ahsn betray (v) rdr better ahsn
definite article) "mur (before definite article) "mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t " mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$lh (m) / \$luh; \$lha (f) / -t Berbers, the \$:luh Berber language, the \$:lha believe (v) amn; ty:q belonging to (=of) dyal "nta? below tht besides mn rir best ahsn betray (v) rdr better ahsn between bin "binat"
definite article) ~ mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mḍm:a (f) / -t ~ mḍam bend (v) ḥdr ; ḥna (i) bend, cause to (v) ḥd:r Berber bṛbaṛi (m) Berber, the Berbers Ṣlḥ (m) / Šluḥ ; šlha (f) / -t Berbers, the Š:luḥ Berber language, the š:lḥa believe (v) amn ; ty:q belonging to (=of) dyal ~ nta? below tḥt besides mn vir best aḥsn betray (v) vdṛ better aḥsn between bin ~ binat Bible 1?inžil
definite article) "mur (before definite article) "mura (elsewhere) Beirut byrut Belgium blžika belt (cloth) mdm:a (f) / -t " mdam bend (v) hdr; hna (i) bend, cause to (v) hd:r Berber brbari (m) Berber, the Berbers \$lh (m) / \$luh; \$lha (f) / -t Berbers, the \$:luh Berber language, the \$:lha believe (v) amn; ty:q belonging to (=of) dyal "nta? below tht besides mn rir best ahsn betray (v) rdr better ahsn between bin "binat"

billy goat ftrus (m) / ftars bird tir (m) / tyur birth zyada (f) birth, give (v) wld birthday S:d milad (m) birthday feast of the prophet Sid 1mulud (m) bite (v) Sd: (u) bitter (taste) mr: (m) / -in black khl (m) blacksmith hd:ad (m) / -a blame sb:a (f) / -t blanket bt:any:a (f) / -t; qtifa (f) / qtayf ~ qtifat blast (v) frg? blessing baraka (f) / blessing baraka (f) / -t
blind (adj) bsir ~ ?ma (m)
block (v) hbs
blond sqr (m)
blood dm: (m) zrq (m) blow (wind) blue blue (sky-blue) smawi (m) boat fluka (f) / flayk boil (v) vla (i) boil something (v) slq boiled (e.g. egg) msluq (m) bone ?dm (m) / ?dam book ktab (m) / ktub bookshop mktaba (f) / -t ~ makatib border hdada (f) born, be (v) txlq; tzad; xlaq; zad (i) borrow (v) tsl:f boss ra?is ~ rays (m) / ruy:as ~ ru?asa botch up (v) krfs bottle, baby rd:asa (f) / -t bowl zlafa (f) / zlayf box snduq (m) / snadq ~ snduq (m) / snadq box (small) huk: (m) / hkak boy dr:i (m) / drari; wld (m) / wlad boy, little wlid bracelet dbliž (m) / dbalž ~ dmliž (m) / dmalž
brain mux: (m) / mxax
branch fr? (m) / furu?
brass nhas sfr (m)
brave šaži? (m) / šuž?an ~ šuža? (m) / šuž san bread, French lburanži (Fr) bread, loaf of xubza (f) / -t ~ xubz (coll) break (v) hr:s break one's word (v) xrž Sla

```
breakfast (v)
                  fţŗ
                ftur (m)
breakfast (n)
breakfast, light ftira (f)
breast (female) bz:ula (f) /
   bzazl
breeding animals (cattle, sheep)
   ksiba
       ršwa (f) / ršawi
grusa (f) / grays
bribe
bride
bridegroom ?ris (m) / ?rsan
bridge baraž (m) / -t; qntra (f)
/ qanatir ~ qnatr
bring (v) žab (i)
broken xasr (m)
          ax: / 🎗:ut ~ ixwan
brother
brother, my xay / x:uti ~ xuya /
   x:uti
brother, our (our friend) xy:na brother-in-law (husband's brother)
   lus (m) / lwas ~ lways
brother-in-law (wife's brother)
   Xu mrati
brown (complexion)
                      smr
brownish green kamuni
bucket dlw (m) / -at; stl (m) /
stula
bugle krnita (f) / -t
build (v) bna (i)
building binaya (f) / -t ~
  Simara (f) / -t
bum sigut (m) / slagt
burn (v) hrq
burn incense (v) bx:r
                 thrq
burnt, be (v)
bury (v)
            dfn
bus kar (m) / kiran
business šuv1 (m) / ašval
busy
       mš vul (m)
      in:ama ; lakin ~ lakn: ~
   walakin ~ walayn:i
          gz:ar (m) / -a
butcher
          zbda (f)
butter
buttermilk lbn (m)
buy (v)
          šra (i)
by air
          blžw:
By God
          wl:ahi
by sea
          bĺbhr
                   С
cab taksi (m) / taksy:at cabbage krumb krum
Cairo
         lqahira
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```
cake (Moroccan tea cake ) ry:ba
    (f) / -t , rry:ba ~ rrayb
(coll) ~ rry:ba (f) / -t;
    Yrayb ~ rry:ba (coll)
cake (Moroccan) made with honey
   šb:aky:a (f) / -t ; šb:aky:a
    (coll)
calamity
            musiba (f) / masa?ib
calculate (v) hsb
calf (ž1 (m) / (žul calf (of the leg) h sag (m) / sigan
                       huta dr:ž1;
call (v) syit
caller to prayer (=announcer)
   mu?ad:n (m) \sim mwd:n / -in
camel naga (f) / -t; žml (m) /
    žmal
can meat (v)
                xl:\varsigma
can pickles (v) rq:d candle smsa (f) / sms
candle šmsa (f) / šms
candy hlwa (fs & p)
cap šašy:a (f) / -t ~ šwaši
capital (e.g. Washington D.C.)
   Sasima (f) / Sawasim
capture (v) hs:1
car sy:ara (f) / -t ~ tumubil (f)
   / -at
card
      karta (f) / -t
cards (playing)
                    lkarta (f)
care, take, of (v) qab1
carriage, royal carrier (=porter)
                    Saraby:a (f) / -t
                      hm:al (m) /
   hm:ala
carrot xiz:uya (f) / -t ; xiz:u
   (coll)
carry (v)
             hz: ; hml ; rfd
carrying haml
cart Saraby:a (f) / -t
Carthaginians qrtaziny:in
Casablanca d:ar ibida case (law) qady:a (f) / -t
            qrqba (f) / -t
castanet
cat (tom).
             qt: (m) / qtut
             hs:1
catch (v)
catch (=grab) (v)
catch up with (v)
                       lhg
caught up (be) (v) hsl
cauliflower sifrul
cause sb:a (f) / -t
cave
       var (m) / viran
celebrate (v) htafl
celebrate a feast (v)
                            fy:d
celebration of an event
                              musm
   / mwasm ~ masm
celebrate the engagement officially
   frqb
celery
          krafs
cemetary
            maqabr
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```
century qrn (m) / qurun
certainly (of course) 1:ah
   yawd:i ; m?lum
certificate šahada (f) / -t
certificate (high school)
    bakalurya (f)
          kursi (m) / krasa ~ šlya
    (f) / -t
irs krasa (mp)
chairs
chamber (for preparation for the
  religious leader [Imam])
   mqsura (f) / -t
               try:a (f) / -t
bd:1
chandelier
change (v)
charcoal burner (for cooking)
mzmr (m) / mzamr
charitable (Nisba) xiry:a (
charity sadaqa (f) / -t
charm (=amulet) hžab (m) / -at
chase (v) tard cheap rxis (m)
check (v) q1:b
cheese
         žbn (m)
cheese, goat žbn dlmsaz
cheese, imported frumaž rumi (m)
cherries hb: 1mluk (m)
chest (body part) sdr (m) / sdur
chick pea hm:sa (f), hum:us
    (col1)
chicken džaž (m)
chicken, fried džaž mqli (m)
chicken, roasted džaž mhm:r (m)
chicken, roasted džaž mhm:r (m)
chief ra?is ~ rays (m) / ruy:as
~ ru?asa
chief (of a village)
                            mqd:m (m) /
    -in
child tfl (m) / atfal ~ tfula child, new-born trbya / trabi chin dqn (m) / dqun ~ dquna
chin (double chin)
                           ?t:a (f) / -t
chirp (v)
              rr:d
choose (v) xtar
Christian nsrani (m) / nsara
church žams dn:sara
churn (milk) (v) mxd
cigarette gar:u (m) / -yat
cinema sinima (f) / -t
cinnamon qrfa (f)
circle or ring (of people)
    (f) / hlaqi
circumcision
                   thara (f) ~ xtana (f)
city mdina (f) / mudun
civil state hala madany:a
clap (v) kf:f
class
        qşm (m) / qşam
```

clay (baked) bdis clean (v) nd:f clean (adj) nqi (m) clean the teeth (v) sw:k clever mužtahd (m) clever person, very frit (m) / ſfart climb (v) ţįς close (v) sd: ∼ šd: closed msdud (m) ~ mšdud (m) clothe (v) ksa (i) clothed mksi (m) clothes hwayž (mp) clothing lbas ~ lbs clove qrunfla (f) / qrunfl coal burner (for cooking) mžmr (m) / mžamr ola kuka (f) fr:už (m) / frarž Coca Cola cock coffee (beans) qhwa hbub (f) coffee (drink) qhwa (f) coffee (powder) qhwa rbra (f) coffee shop qhwa (f) / qhawi cold brd cold, ice mtl:ž (m) college kul:y:a (f) / -t lun (m) / ?alwan ~ lwan ~ alwan mšta (f) / mšati comb come (v) 'ža (i) come! (ms) aži come back (v) rž? come in (v) zad (i)
come true (v) sdq comfortable (for you ms) masa raşk commander qa?id (m) / quy:ad comment on (v) S1:q (S1a) commerce tižara (f) communications muwasalat company šarika (f) / -t compare (v) šb:h compassionate, be (v) \$fq
compensation rzq (m) / rzaq
complain (v) \$ka (i) ~ tšk:a
complaint \$ikaya (f) / -t complete (v) km:1 complete (=final) niha?i (m) comrade rfiq (m) / rfqan concerned (be) (v) htm: condition (state) hala (f) / -t condition (stipulation) \$rt (m) / šurut conduct (v) confess (v) Starf (b-) connect (to, for) (v) ws:1 (1-) conquer (v) ¥1b

damir (m)

conscience

```
consider (v)
               ſţabr
constitution dştur (m)
consult (v)
             tšawŗ
contest (=game) mubara (f) / -t
continue (v) zad (i)
continue doing something
                           tm:
           Sqd (m) / Squd
contract
           ۲ks
contrary
converse with (v)
                    d:akr msa
cook (v)
         ţbx (m)
cookie, small round
                     griwša (f) /
-t; griwš (coll)
cookie (like a gazelle horn filled
    with dates, almonds and honey)
   ksb ?zal
cookies
          hlawi (mp)
cooking
          tabx ~ tbx
          tbr:d
cool (v)
        nhas hmr (m)
copper
              nsx
copy down (v)
copy, a nsxa (f) / -t ~ nsaxi
cord qn:ba (f) / -t ~ qnanb
cordova
         qurtuba
       dra (f)
corn
         rukna (f) / rkani ~ rukna
corner
   (f) / rkani
corner (place)
                 ant (f) / qnut
correct
         bș:aḥ
correspondence
                murasalat
           qsbur (m)
corriander
           fsad (m)
corruption
cost(v) swa(a) ~ tqam(sla)
cotton qtn
cover vša (f) / -wat; ?ta /
   *ţawat
cover (for bed or sofa)
                          tlmiţ /
   ţlamţ
couch (mattress)
                   lhaf (m) ~ lhifa
   / lḥayf
count (v) hsb
country blad (f) / -at ~ bldan
country (in contrast to city)
   fruby:a (f)
court (law)
              mhkama (f)
            mṛaḥ (m) / mṛuḥa
courtyard
couscous
           ksksu (m) ~ sksu (m)
cousin, my (fa br da)
                       bnt ?m:i
cousin, my (fa br so)
                        bn ?m:i
cousin, my (fa br so)
                        wld ?m:i /
   wlad fm:i
cousin, my (fa si so)
                        wld fm:ti /
   wlad ?m:ti
cousin, my wife's (son of my wife's
   paternal uncle)
                   wld ?m: mrati
cousin, second (son of my father's
   maternal uncle) wld xal b:a
cousin, second (son of my father's
   paternal uncle) wld Sm: b:a
```

```
cousin, second (son of my maternal
   uncle's son) wld wld xali
cousin, second (son of my mother's
   maternal aunt) wld xalt m:i
cousin, second (son of my paternal
   uncle's daughter)
                        wld bnt
   ?m:ti
cousin, second (son of my paternal
   uncle's son)
                 wld wld Sm:i
craft snsa (f) / snays
create (v) xlq
created, be (v)
                  txlq
crier (=town crier) br:ah (m) /
   br:aha
crown (v)
           nș:ŗ
corwned, be (v)
                  tnș:ŗ
crust qšra (f) / -t ~ qšur
cry (howl; animal) (v) sy:h
cry (weep) (v) bka (i)
          bl:ar (m) ~ bn:ar
fg:usa (f) / -t ; fg:us
crystal
cucumber
   (coll); xyara (f); xyar (coll) ture taqafa (f) / -t
culture
cumin kamun (m)
cup ţaṣa (f) / -t
cup, measuring Sbra (f) / -t ~
   Sbar
cushion
          mxd:a (f) / mxad
custom (habit) qaqida (f) /
   qawaSid
customs (=border administration)
   diwana (f)
cut and trim (v)
                    fs:1
cut into pieces
```

a

dimašq Damascus dance (v) rqs ~ 5th dance (dancing) 5th ~ 5th dance, special 2bd dance, special danger xatar (m) dangerous xatir (m) daring, be (v) tbs:1 (91a) date (fruit) tmra (f) / tmr (p and coll) daughter, my bnti / bnati
dawn fir fir (m)
day nhar (m); yum (m) / y:am
day before yesterday, the wl:barh day, the next lvd: dear $\Sigma z : z (m)$ debt din (m) / dyun December dužambir ~ dužanbir ~ disambr

decency hya (f)
decide (x) cm:m
decide (V) Sm.m
decency hya (f) decide (v) sm:m decoration nqs (m) / nqus
defeat (v) hzm
defeat (v) hzm defeat (n) hazima (f)
degree (temperature)
degree (temperature) daraža (f) /
-t
delinquent slgut (m) / slagt deliver (v) bl:x demolish (v) rdm demonstration idrab (m) / -at deny (v) nkr
deliver (v) bl:x
demolish (v) rdm
demotism (v) rum
demonstration idrab (m) / -at
deny (v) nkr
depend (on) (v) tkl (Sla)
denrive (v) hrm
deprive (v) hrm descend (v) hbt; hw:d; hdr;
descend (v) not; nw:a; nar;
nz1
describe (v) ns:t; wsf description nst (m) / nsut ~
description not (m) / nout
wsf (m) / wsaf
wit (m) / wiai
desert șira (f) / șiari
designs, make (v) zw:q
designs zwag (m) / -at
desire (=whim) vatr (m)
desert shra (f) / shari designs, make (v) zw:q designs zwaq (m) / -at desire (=whim) xatr (m) devil x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
devii zn: (m) / znun ; Yrrit (m)
/ fart
dialect dariža (f) / -t ~ lhža
(f) / -t dialect, elevated d:ariža r:aqiya
disloct alayated dismits mississ
dialect, elevated diariza riadiya
diaper a baby (v) gm:t
die (v) mat (u)
difference firaq ~ frq (m) /
furuq ; xtilaf (m) / -at
different mutalf (m)
different mxtalf (m) difficult, become (v) ssb
difficult, become (v) ssb
difficult (adj) ssib (m)
diligent mužtahd (m)
diligent mužtahd (m) diminish (v) qlal
ding (x) +0X+a
dine (v) ts:a
dinner have (v) tobes
drinier, have (v) cis.a
dinner, have (v) tss:a dinner ssa (m)
dinner Såa (m)
dinner çša (m) dinner time 1çša
dinner çša (m) dinner time 1çša
dinner çša (m) dinner time 1çša
dinner Såa (m) dinner time 1Såa diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of)
dinner Såa (m) dinner time 1Såa diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of)
dinner Såa (m) dinner time 1Såa diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of)
dinner Såa (m) dinner time 1Såa diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of)
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham dṛhm (m) / dṛahm dirt wsx (m) / wsax
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham drhm (m) / drahm dirt wsx (m) / wsax dirty mws:x (m)
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham drhm (m) / drahm dirt wsx (m) / wsax dirty mws:x (m)
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham dṛhm (m) / dṛahm dirt wṣx (m) / wṣax dirty mws:x (m) discuss d:akṛ (•tdakṛ) dish tbsil (m) / tbasl
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham dṛhm (m) / dṛahm dirt wṣx (m) / wṣax dirty mws:x (m) discuss d:akṛ (•tdakṛ) dish tbsil (m) / tbasl
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham dṛhm (m) / dṛahm dirt wṣx (m) / wṣax dirty mws:x (m) discuss d:akṛ (•tdakṛ) dish tbsil (m) / tbasl
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham dṛhm (m) / dṛahm dirt wṣx (m) / wṣax dirty mwṣ:x (m) discuss d:akṛ (, tḍakṛ) dish thṣil (m) / thaṣl dismiss (v) tṛḍ dismount (v) hw:d; nzl
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham dṛhm (m) / dṛahm dirt wṣx (m) / wṣax dirty mwṣ:x (m) discuss d:akṛ (, tḍakṛ) dish thṣil (m) / thaṣl dismiss (v) tṛḍ dismount (v) hw:d; nzl
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham dṛhm (m) / dṛahm dirt wṣx (m) / wṣax dirty mwṣ:x (m) discuss d:akṛ (, tḍakṛ) dish thṣil (m) / thaṣl dismiss (v) tṛḍ dismount (v) hw:d; nzl
dinner §\$a (m) dinner time 1§\$a diploma ižaza (f) / -t direct (v) gw:d direct (go in the direction of) (v) wž:h (1-) direct (=directly) nišan direction n§t (m) / n§ut directions, give (v) n§:t dirham dṛhm (m) / dṛahm dirt wṣx (m) / wṣax dirty mws:x (m) discuss d:akṛ (•tdakṛ) dish tbsil (m) / tbasl

djellaba žl:aba (f) / žlalb do (v) dar (i); sawb; Sml do (something) (v) sw:b doctor (MD) tbib (m) / ?atib:a;
 tbiba (f) / -t document watiqa (f) / wata?iq dog klb (m) / klab dog, little kly:b (m) (Dim) doing dayr donkey hmar (m) / hmir don't worry blas; maslhs door bab (m) / biban double muzdawž (m) doubt (v) šk: doubt (n) šk: (m) doubt it, I muhal (expresses doubt as to some action) dough Sžina (f) šfnža (f) / -t doughnut downtown lmdina žṛ: (-u-) drag (v) dream (v) hlm dream (n) hlma (f) / ahlam; mnam (m) / -at kswa (f) / ksawi dress dress up a baby (v) sm:t dress worn under the kaftan thty:a (f) / -t
dressing room glsa (f) / -t ~ glasi drink (v) šrb drink (liquor) (v) drink, a mšruba (f) / -t drive sag (u) drops (form a filter or dropper) tqtira drown (v) ۲ŗq drowned rarq drugstore farmasyan (m) drum tbl (m) / tbula drum (long and open at one end) agwal (m) / -at drum (North African musical instrument) bndir (m) / bnadr drum (long clay drum with opening at one end) triža (f) / trarž drummer tb:al (m) / -a drunk (get) (v) skr drunk skran drunkard skayri (m) / skayry:a dry (v) ybs yabs (m) dry muzawž (m) dual brka (f) / brkat duck wažb (m) / wažibat duty dwell (v) skn dwelling snkna (f)

е

```
wdn (f) / wdnin
earth and (f)
earth, the lard ~ lrd (f)
early bkri
earring xursa (f) / -t
                           xrași
east šṛq
            š∶rq
East, the
easy, make (v) sh:1
easy sahl (m); ashl (comparative
   - superlative)
easy thing haza sahla
eat (v) kla (u) eat! kul
economics qtisad (m) educational $1mi (m)
effort mžhud (m) / -at
egg bida (f) / -t; bid (coll)
eggplant bdnžala; bdnžal (coll)
  ~ dnžala (f); dnžal (coll)
Egypt
        maşr ~ mişra
eight
        tmnya
eighteen tmntaš
eighth (indef) tamn (m), -a (f)
eighty
         tmanin
        ima ~ im:a
either
either...or... im:a...aw... ~
   im:a ...awl:a... ~ im:a...wl:a
elbow mrfq (m) / mrafq
elementary btida?i (m),
   blida?y:a
eleventh (indef) hads ~ hdas (m)
eliminate (v) zw:1
embassy sifara (f) / -t
embroider (v) trz
employee, government (usually
    dressed in a special uniform,
   with messenger duties)
   mxazni (m) / mxazny:a
empty (v) xwa (i)
empty xawi (m)
end (v) sala (i)
end, come to (v) ntha
enemy ?du (m) / ?dyan ~ a?da?
engaged mxtub (m)
engagement xutba (f)
engineering hndasa hndaza (f)
England anglatir:a
English language
                   lngliza ~
   lnglizy:a ~ 1?inglizy:a
Englishman nglizi (m)
engrave (v) nqš
            dx1 (kaydxu1)
enter (v)
           $laf (f) / -at
mha ~ zw:1
envelope
erase (v)
errand mqdy:a (f) / -t
```

```
escape (from) (v) hrb (mn)
establish (v) as:s:
Europe urup:a ~ urub:a
European urup:awi (m) /
   urup:awy:in
European (=Christian)
                          nsrani (m)
  / nsara
even ht:a
even if...(=all right) wax:a
evening Siy:a (f) every kul:
everybody
              kul:ši
everything
             kul:ši
exactly (=precisely) exactly (telling time)
                          tamaman
                           nišan
examination
             mtihan (m) / -at
examine (v)
              ql:b
excellency siyada excellent ha?il (m); mn dak š:i
   r:fif; mumtaz (m); nimru wahd;
   rfi? (m) ; ši rfi?
ept mn xir
except
except for
              vir
exchange (v) tbad1
excursion, go on (v)
                          tnz:h
exile (v) nfa (i)
exile, the
             lmnfya (f)
explain (v)
              fs:r
explode (v) frg?
export (v)
               sd:r
expression of amazement or irony
   tbark l:ah
extent, to the .
                   . that
exterior lxariž
extinguish (v) tfa (i)
extract (v) xr:2 (kayxr:2)
eye ?:n (f) / ?inin
          hažb (m) / hwažb
Šfr (m) / šfar
žfn (m) / žfan
eyebrow
eyelash
eyelid
```

f

face wžh (m) / wžuh
factory mṣnˤ (m) / maṣaniʕ~ mʕmal
 (m) / maʕamil
Faculty of Law kul:y:at lhquq
fail (v) xṣr
fairy ffrit (m) / ʕfart
fall (v) ṭaḥ (i)
fall cff or out of, to make (v)
 ṣqt
family (extended) ahl (m)
family (of), the lʔahl
family ʕaʔila (f) / -t

```
famine
          qht
famous mshur (m)
far bsid (m)
fast (v) sam (u)
father ab: / aba?; walid father, my b:a ~ lwalid dyali father, the lwalid
father-in-law (my wife's father)
    walid mrati
fava bean fula (f) / -t; ful
    (col1)
favor žmil (m)
fear (v) xaf (a)
fear God (v) t:aqa
feast (banquet) zrda (f) / -t ~
    zradi
feast (=religious celebration) (n)
    fid (m) / fyad
           fbrayr
February
feces xra (f)
    qlil (m)
few
fez
      trbuš hmr (m)
Fez (city of)
                 fas
fifteenth
            xmstaš
fifth (indef)
                  xams (m)
fifty xmsin
fig kṛmuṣa (f) / -t ; kṛmuṣ
fight (v)
             ۲ŗk
fight (recip) (v)
                      d:arb (msa)
   ( tdarb)
fight (n) Srka (f) / -t
fill up (=satiate) (v) ghm
fill up with food, cause to
                                   šb:s
filled up with food, be (v)
                                   šbς
filter (v) sf:a
final niha?i (m)
finally ft:ali
finances
            maly:a
find (v) lqa (a); sab (i); žbr
fine (greeting) labas
finger sb? (m) / sb?an
finger (index) sb:aba (f) / -t
finish (v) fd:a; km:1; sala (i)
finished
            msali (m)
fire Safya (f)
first aw:1 (m) / -in; aw:1a (f)
/ -t ~ w:1 (m) / -in; w:1a (f)
   / -at
first of all
                aw:ala mṛ:a
fish huta (f) / -t;hut (coll)
       xmsa
five
fix (v) sawb; sw:b
flee (from) (v) flood (v) hml
                   hrb (mn)
         hmla (f)
flood
flooded haml
flour
         thin
```

flower nw:ara (f) / nw:ar flower garden ryad (m) / -at fly (v) tar (i) follow (v) tbr; tbr food akl (m); makla (f); tsam (m)
fool hbil (m) / hbal
foolish hmq (m) / humq
foot rzl (f) / rzlin
foot (or lower part of hoofed 'animal's leg) krς (m) / kwarς ∼ kraçan for what? 1aš forbid (v) hrm; hr:m; mn? forbidden, cause (v) (religious) hr:m forbidden, religiously hram forehead žbha (f) / -t ~ žbahi foreigner ažnabi (m) / ažanib ; ažnaby:a (f) / -t forest vaba (f) / -t forget (v) nsa (a) forgive (v) smh forgive sins (v) ٧fŗ musamaḥa forgiveness fork, table fṛšiṭa (f) / -t ~ frašţ formal rșmi (m) fort qšla (f) / qšali fortress qšla (f) / qšali fortune rzq (m) / rzaq forty rb?in found, be (impersonal verb) tsafountain, water xus:a (f) / -t tsab four rb?a four of us or them, the brbsa fourteenth rb ? taš fourth (indef) rabs (m) fourth (fraction 1/4) rb? ~ rub? ŗub France franșa free (*gratis) blaš French language lfa: lfaransy:a (f) lfransy:a (f)
iday nhar ž:msa
iend rfiq (m) / rfqan ; sadiq
(m) / ?asdiqa ; sadiqa (f) -t ~
sahb (m) / shab ; sahba (f) / Friday friend shabat friend, our (our brother) friendship shba ~ suhba (f) frighten (v) xw:f from mnfrom here mn:a from the point of view of mn žiht from where? mnin from wherever mnin m:a front, in qud:am

g

gain (v) rbh gamble (v) qm:r gambler qm:ar (m) / qm:ara
gambling qmr (m) game (=contest) mubara (f) / -t
gang rbasa (f) / -t
garden hadiqa (f) / -t ~ hadayiq
garden, flowers ryad (m) / -at
garlic tuma (f); tum (coll)
gas range (butane) butagaz / -at
gather (v) žtams gather (v) žtam? gazelle ?zala (f) / -t wahli gee! general Sam: (m) geography ž:uxrafiy:a (f) geometry lhndaza (f) ~ lhndasa German language 1?almany:a get drunk (v) skr get high by excitement (v) get in touch (with) (v) t:as1 (b-) get up (v) nad (u); qam (u) žbl tariq Gibraltar gift hdy:a (f) / -t ginger sknžbir girl, daughter (of) bnt / bnat give (v) Sta (i) give! (ms) ara give back (v) rd: (-u-); rž:? give more (v) zad (i) gladly (with great pleasure) bkul: farah glass kas (m) / kisan glitter (v) brg glorify (God) (v) hmd gluttonous mukraš (m) go (v) mša (i) go down (v) hw:d go off (e.g. car goes off the road) (v) xrž ?la go on (v) zad (i)

go out (v) xrž (kayxruž) go out, cause to (v) xr:ž (kayxr:ž) go your own way! tmši fhalk goat msza (f) / msiz goat cheese žbn dlmsaz God 1:ah God knows 1:ah yslm ~ 1:ah wslm God, by w1:ahi going (auxiliary used before imperfect form without prefix /ka-/) radi (m) / radyin ; radya (f) / -t dhb (m) gold golden dhbi (m) golden (wheat color) qmhi (m)
good (=fine, nice) mzyan (m) good (the good) xir (m) / xirat good, be ... for (v) sih good evening (a greeting) mslxir good looking (handsome) žmil (m) , žmila (f) good morning sbah lxir good night lila sasida goodbye bs:lama ; ila l:iqa? ; l:a yhn:ik ; msa s:alama goodness! yaḥafid government (=administration) lmxzn hakm (m) / huk:am
sb:r; žbd; xtf governor grab (v) graduate (v) xr:ž (kayxr:ž) grain zr? (p) grain (e.g. wheat) hb:a (f) / hbub ~ hb: grain measurer ky:al (m) Granada rrnata grandfather žd: / ždud grandfather, my žd:i grandrather, my 2d.1
grandmother Zd:a / -t
grandmother, my Zd:ati
grant (by God) (v) rzq
grape Snba (f) / -t; Sinb (coll) ~ Sup rbis(m)
oper žrada (f) / žrad
obura grass grasshopper grave qbr (m) / qbur ~ qbura graves maqabr Sadim (m) great Greek language lgriky:a xdr (m) green xdr mrluq (m) green, dark green, frost ziti (m) green, olive zituní (m) green beans lubya (f) greet (v) s1:m (?1a) greet one another (v) tsalm greeting salam (m) ~ slam (m)

```
grey rmadi (m)
                                               hello
                                                        ahln; ahln wa sahln;
 grey hair, get (v)
                         šab (i)
                                                 s:alamu falikum
 grilled lamb mšwi
                                               help (v) saîd; îawn
                                                     musasada (f) / -t
 grind (v) dgdg ~ dg: ; thn
                                               help
 ground mthun (m)
group rbasa (f) / -t; žamasa (f)
                                               help to escape (v)
                                                                       hr:b
                                               here, from mn:a
                                               here is, are ra-; ha
                                               hero batal (m) / abtal
hide (v) xb:a
 guest dif (m) / dyaf ~ dyuf ;
   difa (f) / -t
guide (v) gw:d
                                               high fali (m)
high, to get, by excitement (v)
 guide (to the right way) (v)
    hda (i)
                                                  šxd
 gypsum gbs (m)
                                               higher, highest
                                                                    Sulya (f)
                                               highest
                                                         a91a
                                               Hijra, of the
                                                                hžry:a
                                               historical tarixi (m)
                    h
                                               history
                                                          tarix (m)
                                               hit (v) drb
hold (v) qbt; gbd ~ qbd; šb:r
hole tqbal (f) ~ tuqba / tqabi
 habit qasida (f) / qawasid;
   ?ada (f) / -t
                                                       mbruk
                                               holy
 hair šīr (m)
                                               holy (as in Holy Bible, Holy Koran)
 half
        nș:
                                                  karim
 hallway stwan (m) / -at
hand id: wd: (f) / -in
handkerchief zif (m) / zyuf w
                                               holy man (=saint)
                                                                    wali (m) /
                                                 awliya
                                               honest, be (v)
                                                                  t:aqa
    zyufa
                                               honey ssl lbida (f)
 hang (up)
                                               honor (v) krm; šr:f
honor šaraf
               \Omega:q(\Omega)
 happen (v)
              tra ; wqs
 happen (it happened) (v)
                                tsab
                                               honored, be (v)
                                                                  tšr:f
 happiness frh (m); ssd (m)
happy, be (v) frh ~ frh; ssd
happy frhan ~ frhan (m); nast
                                               hood (of a djellaba) qub: (m) /
                                                   abub -
                                               hoodlum slgut (m) / slagt
hoping (=on the hope of)
    (m) ; sasid (m) / susada ; sasd (m)
                                                                               çasa
                                               horn (of animal) grn (m) / grun ~
 hardworking
                mužtahd (m)
                                                   qrn (m) / qurun
 hashish, use (v) thš:š
                                               horn, small, toy zm:a
horse Sawd (m) / xil
                                                                     zm:ara (f) / -t
 hassock strny:a ~ strmy:a (f) /
    strny:at ~ starm
                                               horseman
                                                            xy:al (m) / xy:ala (no
 hat trbuš (m) / trabš
hat, woolen tagy:a (f) / -t ~
                                                   fem)
                                               hospital
                                                           mstšfa (f) / mstšfyat ;
    twagi
                                                  şbiţar (m) / -at
 hate (v)
             krh
                                               hospitality dyafa
 have (particle of possession)
                                      ?nd
                                               host (v)
                                                          dy:f
                                               hot (weather) sxun (m) / sxan hotel util (m) / -at
 have to, you xs:k
 he huwa
                                                        dar (f) / dyur
 head (=owner) mul (m) / mwalin ~
                                               house
                                               houseboy mtsl:m (m) / -in
how? kif ~ kifaš
how is it? kif ža ... (=he
    M:alin
 head
         ras (m) / ryus
                                                             kif ža ... (=how did
 heads
          กิ:alin
          șh:a (f)
 health
                                                  you find...?)
 hear (v)
             smΥ
                                               how long? (distance)
                                                                          šhal mn
 heart
          qlb (m) / qlub
                                                   kilumtr
 heat (v)
                                               'how long? (time)
            sx:n
                                                                      šhal mn sasa
         harara (f); shd (m)
                                                             šhal
                                               how many?
           žnia (f)
 heaven
                                               how much?
                                                             šhal
          tqil (m)
 heavy
                                               however
                                                           kima
```

however much shalm:a

height [?]lw (m)

```
hundred (one hundred)
                                                infant tṛbya / tṛabi
                             my:a
                                                inform (v) S1m
hunger žus (m)
                    žas (u)
hungry, be (v)
                                                information
                                                               mflumat
hungry žisan (m)
                                                inhabitant sakn (m) / suk:an
human being insan
                                                injection ybra ~ ibra (f) /
  ybari ~ ibari
humid rtb (m)
                                                inoperable, become (v) xinquire (v) sqsa; stxbrinside daxili (m) (Nisba)
humidity rtuba (f)
                                                                            xşr
hunt (v) sy:d
hurry (v) zrb
                                                (m) ; d:axil
intelligence
husband ražl
                                                                daka ~ daka?
                                                intelligent daki (m)
                                                interior d:axil
                    i
                                                international
                                                                   duwali (m)
                                                international relations
                                                    l?ilaqat d:wly:a
I ana ice tlž (m)
                                                interrogative particle (do, will
                                                   type) waš
ice cold mtl:ž (m)
ice cream laglas (m)
                                                intestine msran (m) / msarn
invite (v) frd (fla)
invitation frada (f) / -t
idea bal (m); fkra (f) / afkar;
  nadar (m); ra?y (m) / ?ara?
if (possible, probably) ila;
                                                Iran iran
                                                Iraq
                                                        lfiraq
                                                iron hdid (m)
   kun ... (contrary to fact);
   lukan (contrary to fact);
                                                irritate (v) q1:q
wkun (contrary to fact)
ill, become (v) mrd
immediately fi sas; flhin
                                                irritated, get (v) lis that so? haqiq is that true? bs:ah
impatient, become tq1:q
implement (v) tb:q
impolite, be (v) tbs:1 ($1a);
                                                Islam islam 17islam (m)
                                                Islamic law šarisa ~ š:arisa (f) it hiya (f) ; huwa (m)
   tqb:h
                                                Italy italya
impolite qlil l?adab (m)
import (v) stwrd
important muhim: (m); aham:
   (comparative - superlative)
                                                                     j
impossible, it is maymknš;
   ml:muḥal
               bqa (f)
                                                       knfitur _ kunfitur
impress (v)
                                                jam
improve (v)
                                                January yn:ayr; žanvieh
                ths:n
in f- ~ fi
                                                jar xabya (f) / -t ~ xwabi
in-laws (the wife's family)
                                                jasmine yasmin
                                                jaw hnk (m) / hnuk
jaw, lower fk: (m) / fkak
   lmra ; (the husband's family)
   ahl r:ažl
                                                jealous, be (v) var (i) (mn) jet nf:ata (f) / -t
        nsib (m); nsiba (f) /
in-law
   nsab (p) / -at
                                                       yhudi (m); yhud
žn: (m) / žnun
              bwžh
gud:am ~ qud:am
in a manner
                                                Jew
in front of
                                                jinn
in labor nfisa (f) / -t
                                                       snsa (f) / snays
                                                job
                                                joke (v) d:ahk (,tdahk)
in love
          marrum (m)
in order to
                baš
                                                joke
                                                        nukta (f) / -t
           to baš
of bz: mn
faš
in spite of
                                                Jordan 1?urdun
in which
                                                joy frh (m)
incense (benzoin) · žawi
                                                         qadi (m) / qudat
                                                judge
          murabaha (f)
income
                                                juice
                                                         m?sur (m)
indeed fflan - ffln
                                                July
                                                        yulyuz
independent mustaqil: (m)
                                                June
                                                        yunyu
                                                         Sadl (m) / Sdul
indicate (v)
                γ:n
                                                jury
                                                just
                                                        vi (shortened form of vir)
```

k

kaftan qftan (m) / qfatn kaftan (type of dress) dfina (f) / dfayn kebab (made from ground meat) kfta keep overnight (v) by:t Kenitra lqnitra kerosene bitrul (m) ~ gaz (m) bqraž (m) / bqarž ~ mqraž (m) / mqarž Khartoum lxartum kick out (v) žra (sla) kid tfl (m) / atfal tfula kid someone (v) dhk (msa) kidney klwa (f) / klawi kill (v) qtl killer qt:al (m) / -a ~ -in kif paste msžun (m)
kind (sort, type) nus (m) /
nwas anwus; škl (m) / aškal king sltan / slatn ~ sultan / slatn ; malik / muluk king, be made (v) tns:r king, make (v) ns:r kingdom mmlaka (f) / -t kiss (v) _bas (u) k̃š:ina (f) / -t ~ kuš:ina kitchen (f) / -t; kuzina (f) / -t knead (v) γžn e rukba (f) / rkabi ~ rukba (f) / rkabi kneel (v) ŗkς mus (m) / mwas knife dq: (-u-) knock (v) know (v) \mathfrak{lm} know, let (v) \$1m (b-) ζřŧ know (of) Silm (m) / Sulum; knowledge m?lumat known m?ruf (m) mςlum known qur?an (mainly occurring with the definite article) Koran, the lqur?an Koran, the Holy lqur?an lkarim

1

lamb (meat) lhm dl*lmi _ *lmi (m)
lamb, grilled lmšwi
lamb, little xruf (m) / xrfan land ard (f) language luva (f) / -t 1?rayš Larache qržuta (f) larynx dam (u) last (v) last week 1?usbus lmadi late, be (v) tit:1 late, cause to be (v) St:1 laugh (v) dhk
laugh (recip) (v) d:a d:ahk (, tdahk) law qanun (m) / qawanin
Law, Faculty of kul:y:at lhquq
lazy kslan (m); mggaz (m)
leader qa?id (m) / quy:ad; ra?is ~ rays (m) / ruy:as ~ ru?asa leadership qiyada (f) leaf wrqa (f) / wraq lean against (v) tk:a (a) leaning mtk:i (m) learn (v) til:m learn about (v) ۲rf learned person Salim (m) / Sulama leather bag in which milk is churned škwa (f) / -t leave (v) xl:a Lebanese 1bnani (m) Lebanon lubnan left (side) šmal ; ysr leg ržl (f) / ržlin lemon hamda (f) / -t ; hamd (col1) 1emonade limunad less q1: lesson drs (m) / durus let (v) x1:a let go (v) tlq let's ... yal:ah letter bra (f) / brawat ~ bry:at ; risala (f) / -t
lettuce xs:a (f); xs: (coll)
liar kd:ab (m) / -in mktaba (f) / -t ~ makatib ; library xizana (f) / -t Libya libya lie (=deceive) (v) kdb (sla) life hayat (f) š_{\$}1 light (v) light (not heavy) xfif (m) light bulb bula (f) / -t light meal before daybreak in Ramadan, to have a (v) tsh:r like (v) $b_{x}a$ (i)

```
ike ki (shortened form of /kima/
., or /kif/)
like
like bhal
likewise kadalik
limit hd: (m) / hdud
linen kt:an (m)
lining, coat tbtin (m) / tbatn
lip sarb (m) / swarb
lipstick, put on (v) sk:r
Lisbon lizbon
listen (v) sm?
literary adabi (m)
literature adab (m)
literature, the 1?adab (m)
little qlil (m)
little (also small) svar ~ svar
little (bit) šwy:a
little, a ši šwy:a
little or small, diminutive form
    of/svir/ sviwr (m)
ve (v) Saš (i)
live (v)
live (on) (v) tmasš
liver (also refers to affection)
  kbda (f) / -t
living Siša (f)
living room bit d:yaf
loan (v) sl:f (1-)
loan (n) tslaf / tsalf
local d:axil
located, be (v) ža (i)
locked msdud (m) ~ mšdud
London lundr
long twil (m)
long ago zaman ~ zman
look at (v) ndr
look for (v) ft: $ ~ q1:b
look forward to (v) ntadr
look like (v) Sbh
         mnsž (m) / mnasž
lose (v) dy: ?; xṣṛ
lose one's mind (v) hbl
losing xasr (m)
loss xasara (f) / -t
lost day? (m)
lost, be (v) da? (i); tlf
lot, a (=much, many) ktir
love (v)
             hb:
 love, one who is completely in
murram (m) / -in
lunch rda (m) / -wat
lungs riy:a (f) / -t
lute (musical instrument)
     / Sidan
```

macaroni maqarun mad, get (v) zff Madagaskar madakaskar madam sy:da / -t ; lal:a (f) / lal:y:at Madrid madrid magnificent Sadim (m) maid mtsl:ma / -t maid (of a queen) wasifa / -t majority raliby:a (f)
majority, the lraliba
make (v) žīl; īml
make fun of (v) dhk īla Malaga malaqa maltreat (v) krfs man ražl (m) / ržal insan man manage (v) db:r manner tariqa (f) / -t
manners adab (m); axlaq (f) manufacture (v) sns manufactured, be (v) manuscript mxtut (m) / -at many ktar many (=much) ktir map xarita (f) / -t marble rxam (m) March mars mare Sawda (f) / -t marijuana hšiša (f) marijuana smoker kwayfi (m) / kwayfy:a ~ ky:afa
market suq (m) / swaq
Marrakech mṛ:akš
marriage zawaž ~ zwaž (m)
mascara, put on (v) kḥ:l
massage (v) ks:al masseur ks:al (m) / ks:ala masseuse ks:ala (f) / -t mat hṣira (f) / hṣayr match (v) wata matches wqid (m) material tub (m) / twab mathematics r:yady:at matter (=question) ms?ala (f) / masa?il ; qady:a (f) / -t
matter much, it doesn't zayd naqs mattress (couch) lhaf (m) ~ lhifa (f) / lhayf mattress mdr:ba (f) Mauritania muritanya May may:u maybe waqil means (=i.e.) y?ni
means (way) tariqa (f) / -t;
wasila (f) / wasa?il measure grain (v) ky:1; ?br

meat lhm (m)

```
meat (ground)
                 1hm mthun
medicine (medication)
                        dwa (m) /
    -yat ~ ?adwiya
medicine (science)
                       t:ib: (m)
    (def)
meet (v)
            laqa; lqa (a); qabl
meet (recip) (v)
                    tšawf
meet (with) (v)
                   tlaqa (msa);
    žtamς
meeting
           muqabala (f) / -t
Meknes
          mknas
melon
         bt:ixa (f) / -t; bt:ix
    (coll)
mention (don't mention)
                            musamaha
       minu
merchant
            tažṛ (m) / tuž:aṛ
mercy, have (v)
                   šfq
merit (n)
            fd1 (m)
messed up, be (v)
                     tkrfs
messenger, government (see employee,
   government)
                 mxazni (m) /
   mxazny:a
metal (alloy) white - like silver
   fd:a (f)
middle mtws:t ~ mutawas:t (m)
middle (e.g. in the) wst
Middle East, the
                    š:rq l?awst
          qabla (f) / -t
midwife
military
           ?skari (m)
military (pertaining to war)
   hrbi (m)
milk (a cow) (v)
                    hlb
milk
       hlib (m)
million
         milyun
millions
          mlayn
million, two
                žuž dlmlayn
       bal (m); sql (m) / squl
minority
          aqaly:a (f)
mint
       ngnag (m)
mint, green
              iqama ~ liqama (f)
minute
         daqiqa (f) / -t ~ dqayq
mistake for (v)
                   šb:h
mister
         sy:d / syad ~ sadat
mix (v)
         x1:t (b-) (m?a)
?sri (m)
modern
modesty
          hya
modifier nst (m) / nsut
Mohammed the Prophet n:
                        n:abi
molasses
           Ssl lhmra (f)
Monday
         nhar 1thin
money
        flus (f); mal (m);
   maly:a (f)
monkey
        qrd (m) / qrud
monkey, little
        little zîtut (m) / zîatt
šhr (m) / šhur ~ šhura
month
month of Shaban (Moslem month)
   š?ban
moon
       gmra (f)
```

```
morals
          axlaq (f)
more aktr
more, the ... the more
                           mahd: ...
   w ...
morning, become (v)
                        şbh
morning sbah (m) / -at
Moroccan marribi ~ marr
           marribi ~ marribi ;
   marriby:a ~ marriby:a
Moroccans myarba ~ myarba ~
   marariba
Moroccan Arabic
                  d:ariža lma*riby:a
Morocco
           lmarrib - lmrrib - lmarrib
    ~ lmvrib
mosaic
          z1:iž (m)
          mslm \sim muslim (m) / -in
Moslem
Moslem tradition hadit
mosque mašžid (m) ~ msžid (m) / msažd ~ masažid ; žam? ~ žami?
    (m) / žum? ~ žawami?
mosque (open air place where Moslems
   gather for prayer)
                prayer) msl:a (f) zawya (f) / -t
mosque, small
mother um: / um:ahat; walida
mother, my
              lwalida dyali ~ m:i ~
   um:i
mother, the
               lwalida
mother-in-law, my (my wife's mother)
   lwalida dlmra dyali
                 rkb
mount (on) (v)
mount (up) (v)
            (v) tls
žbl (m) / žbal
mountain
mourn (v)
           hzn
mouse
        far (m) / firan
moustache šlavm (mp)
mouth
        fum: (m) / fwam
move something (v)
move (=shake)
                 ffff
move away (v)
                 bs:d
movie theater
                 sinima (f) / -t
mow (v)
          hš:
Mr. (for address)
                     si ~ s:i
much
      bz:af ; ktir
mulberry
          tuta (f) / tut
      b_{1}(m) / b_{1}
mule
municipality
              lbalady:a (f)
murderer
           qt:al (m) / -a ~ -in
mushroom
            fg:isa (f) / -t ; fg:as
   (col1)
music
        musiqa (f)
musical instrument (stringed - like
a guitar) gnbri
must labd: ~ labd:a
                gnbri (m)
mutton (meat)
                 lhm d1:lmi (m) ~
   %lmi (m)
myself, by
              bnfsi
myself, to
              fibali
```

n

```
dfr (m) / dfar
nail (fingernail)
naked ?ryan (m) / -in
name (v) sm:a
name sm (m) ~ smy:a (f) / asma?
  ~ smy:at
name, give a (v)
                  sm:a
nape rqba (f) / -t; qfa (m) /
   -wat
napkin
        mndil (m) / mnadl ; zif
   (m) / zyuf ~ zyufa
narrate (v) hka (i)
nation dula (f) / duwal
native (homegrown)
                   bldi (m) /
   bldy:in
natural science
                 t:abiγy:at (f)
naturally
           fîln
navel
      sur:a (f) / -t
      qrib (m)
near
near (=at, by)
                 hda
       qrib (m)
nearby
nearly
        tqriban ~ tqribn
necessary, be (v) necessary, it is
                   xs:
                   labd: ~ labd:a;
   lazm
necessary, it is necessary that you
   xş:k
necessary that, it is
                        labd:ma
necessary (measures), the
                            1:azm
           fnq (m) / fnuq
neck (n)
needle ybra ~ ibra (f) / ybari ~
   ibari
           žar (m) / žiran ; -a (f)
neighbor
never abadan ~ abadn
new ždid (m)
news xbr (m) / xbar ~ axbar
            žarida (f) / žara?id
newspaper
next day, the
               l vd:
         ḥda
next to
next week
            1?usbuς lmaži ~ 1?usbuς
   lmustaqbl
              mzyan (m) / -in ;
nice (good)
   zin (m) / zwinin ~ zwin (m) /
              žmil (m) , žmila (f)
nice looking
              ty:b (m)
nice person
night
       lil (m) / lyali
nine
      ts?a ~ ts?ud
nineteen, nineteenth (indef)
   tsſţaš
ninety ts?in
ninth (indef)
                tas (m), -a (f)
    1a ~ 1:a
no longer be, do, become (v)
   matlaš
```

noble descendant of Mohammed the Prophet šrif (m) noontime d:hur North Africa šamal friqy:a nose mnxr (m) / mnaxr; nif (m) / nyuf not bad mabihaš (f) not yet mazal kun:aš (m) / knanš notebook knanš (mp) notebooks walu nothing nothing, it's a notify (v) Slm kif walu November nuwanbir ~ nuvambr now daba ; druk ; flhadr ; l?an
number rqm (m) / rqam ~ arqam nurse (v) rd: s nuts (food) nw nwa (m)

0

obey (v) tas (i) oboe rita (f) / -t oboe player xy:at (m) / xy:ata occasion munasaba (f) occupy (v) htl: occur (v) tra occur (it occurred) (v) ocean muhit (m) / -at October ktubr - uktubr of (belonging to) d ; dyal ; nta? of (possession of) of (preposition) bu- (m) mn offer (v) qd:m office biru (m) / biruyat ~ biruwat official rşmi (m) zit (f) ok şafi O.K. (=all right) wax:a okra mluxiy:a old qdim (m) old, become of age (v) old (=used) bali (m) / balyin old, get (age) (v) šab (i) old (grey-haired) šarf (m); šayb olive zituna (f) / zitun (coll) olive oil zit 19ud (f) on fuq; 1- 11a on account of 11a sabab once (one time) nuba (f) / -t wahd (m); whda (f) one one (=a person) lwahd one-eyed Swr (m) one time nuba (f) / -t

```
bṣla (f) / -t ; bṣl (coll)
ri (shortened form of rir)
only
open (v)
           hl:
open
     mhlul (m)
opinion ra?y (m) / ?ara?
       fyun (m)
opium user fayni (m) / fayny:a
opposite (contrary, reverse) ?ks
oppress (v) dlm
           mdlum
oppressed
     aw ; awla ; wl:a
orange (fruit)
                 limuna (f) / -t;
   limun (coll); ltšina (f) / -t;
   ltšin (coll)
orange blossom
                 zhr (m)
orange juice limun m?sur
orchard
          žnan (m) / -at
            žuq (m) / ažwaq
orchestra
order (v)
            amr
ordinary
           Sadi (m)
origin
         așļ
ornamentation
                zwaq (m) / -at
orphan
         ytim (m)
other
        axr (m) / xrin ; xra (f) /
  - t
outside
          bṛ:a
outside (exterior)
                     xariži (m)
outside (also abroad) lxariž
        užda
owner
        mul (m) / mwalin ~ m:alin
owners
         m:alin
```

p

package baky:a (f) / -t pain, give (v) dṛ: ; wžs wžs (m) pain sbara (f) palace qsr (m) / qusur palm kf:a (f) / -t palm tree nxla (f) / nxl brrira (f) / -t ~ rrifa pancake (f) / rrayf paper, a piece of kavit (m) / kwart ; wrqa (f) / wraq radise zn:a (f) paradise parents (relatives) hbab parents walidin parents, the lwalidin Paris bariz žiha (f) / -t party (celebration) hfla (f) / -t ~ hfali party (political, group) hizb (m) / ahzab

parsley m?dnus (m) pass (v) daz (u); fat (u) pass (examination) (v) nžh pass, cause to (v) dw:z ; fw:t passer-by xt:ar / xut:ar past, in the flmadi pastry hlwa (f) / -t ~ hlawi pastries hlawi (mp) pastry, fried and dipped in honey mxr:qa (f) pastry, made with almonds (f) / -t; briwat (coll) pastry, shaped like a ring and stuffed with nuts khka (f) / -t ~ khk (coll) pastry, spiral mhn:ša (f) / -t pasture (v) srh patient, be (v) pawn (v) ŗhn pay (v) df?; x1:s pay attention (v) htm: peace, give (v) hn:a peace salam (m) peach xuxa (f) / -t; xux (coll) peanuts kawkaw buswida (s & coll) pear peas žlbana peasant ?rubi (m) penniless mkš:t (m) penny (Moroccan coin equivalent to) ryal people nas (mp); Sibad 1:ah people, the (of a country) §: Sb people of a country scb (m) pepper, black ibzar ~ lbzar flflå xdra (f) pepper, green pepper, red flfla (f) / -t; flfl (col1) percent flmy:a perforate tqb perhaps waqil period of time mud:a (f) / -t permit (v) sr:ḥ persist (v) şm:m person insan pharmacist farmasyan (m) philosophy lflsafa Phoenicians lfiniqy:in pick up (v) hz:; rfd pick up (e.g. vegetables from a field) (v) lq:t picture tswira (f) / tsawr pie (pigeon and almonds) bstila (f) / -t ~ bṣaţl piece (of) sqf (m) ~ sfqa (f) / squfa ; trf (m) / traf try:f (m) / trifat piece, small pieces trifat

```
pierce
         tqb
         haž: (m) / huž:až ;
pilgrim
   haž:a (f) / -t
             hž: (m)
pilgrimmage
      hm:și (m)
pink
pious
       dy:ani (m)
pipe
      sbsi (m) / sbasa
pipe, small - for smoking kif
     šqf (m) / šqufa
pistol
         kabus (m) / kwabs
pitch
        zft
pitcher
         *ur:af ~ %r:af (m) /
   rrarf ~ Frarf
pity
       šfqa (f)
       blasa (f) / -t ~ blays;
   makan (m) / -at; maḥal (m) /
          lxļaş
placenta
   plant
   * tura
platter
          tbsil (m) / tbasl ;
   *tar (m) / *utran ~ *tar (m) /
play (v)
           19b
play (a game)
                19b
playing (a game)
                   1Sb
playing cards (deck of)
                           karta
plaything mlsuba (f) / -t
please (make happy) (v) sž
please (to s) 1:a yx1:ik;
                           ۲žb
   mn fdlk ; Safak
please (if you would like)
    žat ila xatrk
              mn fdlkum
please (top)
please! (take it, go ahead ...)
    tfd:1
pleasure, with great
                        Sla r:as
   wlSin
m brquqa (f) / -t ; brquq
plum
    (coll)
          žib (m) / žyub
pocket
           xw:ŗ
poke (v)
          bulis (m)
police
              š:uṛṭa
police, the
            bulisi (m) / bulis
policeman
         siyasa (f) / -t
policy
            adab (m)
politeness
 politics siyasa (f) / -t
              rm:ana (f) / -t;
 pomegranate
    rm:an (coll)
 poor mskin (m) / msakin ~ msakn
    ~ musakn
poppy seeds
               bn: Sman
popular
           šîbi (m)
porter
          hm:al (m) / hm:ala
 Portuguese language lbrtqizy:a
```

```
position mwq? (m) / mawaqi?
possible, it is ymkn
post office lbarid; lbusta (Fr) pot, clay gdra (f) / gdur ~ qdra
   (f) / qdur
pot, metal, cooking
                      tanžra (f) /
-t _ tnazr
potatoes bt
          btata (f) / -t; btata ~
   batata (col1)
pound (v) dgdg
pour (liquids) (v)
                       kb: (-u-)
power
       qw:a (f)
powerful qwi (m); aqwa (compara-
   tive - superlative)
praise (v) mdh
praise (religious) (v)
pray (v) sl:a
         sala (f) / -wat
prayer
precede (v) sbq
             bd:at; bn:fs
precisely
prefer (v)
            fd:1
pregnant, become (v)
pregnant hamla (f) / -t
prepare (v) wž:d
prepare (e.g. tea) (v)
prepare tea! qim atay!
prepare yourself (=be ready)
   wž:d rask
present (v)
               qd:m
present, give a (v)
                        hda (i)
present time, at the
                       flhadr
pretty girl
               bnt ?zala
prevent (v)
               hrm
         taman (m)
price
prickly pear
                 zsbula (f) / zsbul
    (col1)
          amir / umara
prince
Prince of the believers
                             amir
    1mu?minin
prison hbs (m); sžn (m) / sužun
problem muškila (f) / mašakil;
    qady:a(f)/-t
            mşnufat
products
professor
             ustad (m) / asatida;
    ustada (f) / -t
profit (v)
              rbh
       ss taqad:um (m)
huž:a (f) / -t
ty mlk (m) / amlak ~ mlak
t nabi ~ nbi (m) / anbiya
progress
proof
property
prophet
propose (ask a girl for marriage)
    (v)
          xtb
protect (v)
                hma (i)
protectorate
               himaya (f) / -t
           matal (m) \sim mtl (m) \sim
proverb
    mtla (f) / -t ~ mtal
public
          Sam: (m)
```

public bath attendant or manager (male) gl:as (m) / -apublic bath attendant or manager (female) gl:asa (f) / -t public bath dressing room glsa ~ gulsa (f) / -t ~ glasi 1 up (v) žbd pull up (v) mnbr (m) / manabir pulpit punish (v) Saqb tlmid (m) / tlamd ~ talamid, tlmida (f) / -t puppy kly:b (m) (Dim) purplish red zbibi (m) put ht: (-u-) put on (clothes) (v)
puzzle (v) hy:r 1bs puzzled, become (v) thy:r

q

quarter (section of a town or city)
 huma (f) / -t
question su?al (m) / ?as?ila
question (matter, problem)
 ms?ala (f) / masa?il
quickly bz:rba; drya
quiet, become (v) skt

r

Rabat r:bat radio radyu (m) / radyuwat radish fžla (f); fžl (coll) xrqa (f) / xraqi šta rain raisin zbiba (f) / zbib (coll) rat far (m) / firan reach (arrive) (v) wsl reach (v) ws:1 (1-) reach, amke (v) ws:1 reach, make something (v) b1:x read (v) qra (a) reading qraya ready, be (v) wžd ready, make (v) wž:d ready, be (prepare yourself!) (ms) wž:d rask ready (it is) mužud (m) real haqiqi real (original) aşili rear, the l:ur reason sb:a (f) / -t

recognize (v) Starf (b-) reconcile, cause to (v) salh red, become (v) hmar red hmr red, purplish zbibi (m) reed qsba (f) / qsb refined raqi (m) registration (civil state) lmadany:a reign Shd (m) / Suhud relation musalaqa (f) / -t relative qrib (m) / qrab ; qriba (f) / Qrabat relatives hbab relax (v) rtah ; strah ; tsr:h release (v) tiq religion din (m) / adyan ~ diyana (f) / diyanat religious leader imam (m) / -atrely (on) (v) tk:1 (Sla) remain (v) bqa (a); dl: remaining baqi rent (v) kra (i) rent kra (m); 1kra (m) (def) repeat (v) ςawd repose (v) straḥ research bht (m) / abhat respect (v) htarm restaurant matcm (-) respectable muhtarm matsm (m) ~ mtsm (m) / mtasm ~ matasim restless mq1:q (m) restroom bit 1ma retirement lantrit (Fr) return (v) ržς return (something) (v) rd: (-u-); ŗž:ς return (become) (v) wl:a reveal (shameful secrets) (v) revenge, take on (v) reward (v) žaza ntaqm (mn) dlsa (f) / dlus rib rice ruz (m) rich man tažr (m) / tuž:ar right, be (v)
right (side) sdq right, to the 'sl lmyn right, you are (to ms) msak lhq right now daba daba rind qšra (f) / -t ~ qšur xatm (m) / xwatm ring rinse (v) \$1:1 šlala rinsing rise (the sun) (v) šŗq river wad (m) / widan Riyadh r:yad road tariq ~ triq (m) / trqan turqan

rob (v) kš:t
rock hžra (f) / hžr
Romans r:umany:in
room bit (m) / byut
rooster fr:už (m) / frarž
rosary tsbih (m) / tsabh
rose wrḍa (f) / wrḍ
rose-colored wrḍi (m)
rottenness fsad (m)
round (v) ḍw:r
rude, be tbs:l (Sla); tqb:h (Sla)
rug zrby:a (f) / zrabi
ruins (historical monuments)
 atar (m) / -at
run away (from) (v) hrb (mn)
run away, cause to (v) hr:b
rural areas Sla br:a
Russian (language) r:usy:a

s

sack xnša (f) / xnaši sacrifice (religious) (v) dh:a sacrifice dbiha (f) / dbayh hazn (m) saddle pack brdasa (f) / -t ~ brads safety ?aman said, what is klam (m) saint wali (m) / awliya šlada (f) salad sale sla mlha (f) ~ mlh (m) salt salt, lacking enough ms:us same, the kif kif samovar babur (m) / -at rmla satiated, be (v) ghm satiated mghum (m) Saturday nhar s:bt sauce mrqa save (v) d:axr (tdaxr) save (v) (hide) xb:a say (v) gal (u) ~ qal (u) scandal fdiha (f) / fdayh zif (m) / zyuf ~ zyufa riḥa (f) / -t ~ rwayḥ scarf scholar Salim (m) / Sulama; Sl:ama (m) / Sulama scholarship (=grant) mnha (f) / mdrasa (f); madaris school school (primary) mdrasa btida?y:a school (secondary) t:Slim t:anawi

/ Sulum scientific flmi (m) sea bhr (m) / bhur search ft:s seclude oneself for privacy (v) second (indef) tani (m), -ya(f) secondary school t:Slim t:anawi secret sr: (m) / asrar section qsm (m) / qsam ndr; šaf (u) see (v) seem (v) sḥab seem (appear) (v) self nfs sell (v) bas (i) semolina smid ~ smida ars1 (IV-rare); saft ~ send (v) şifţ separate (v) tfarq separate (between) (v) September sbtambr ~ štambir ~ šutambir servant (=houseboy) mt[1:m (m) / servant (=maid) mtSl:ma / -t serve (v) qd:m set (sun) (v) ?rb settle down (v) seven sb⊊a seventeenth sb⊊ţaš sabs (m) seventh seventy sbγin seventy-five xmsa wsb?in sew (v) xy:t xyata (f) / -t sewing Shaban (Moslem month) šîban shake (v) z1z1 shake (move) (v) ffff shake hands (v) sl:m (Sla) shame (n) Sib (m) / Syub shameful action Sib (m) / Syub shampoo xasul (m) share expenses together shave (v) hs:n shawl, heavy hayk (m) / huy:ak she hiya sheep rnm (m) sheepskin btana (f) / -t ~ btayn sheepskin (tinted) used as a rug hidura (f) / -t ~ hyadr wdsa (f) / wds shell, small shin qsba (f) / -t ship babur (m) / -at shirt qamiş (m) / qmayş ~ qamiža (f) / qmayž shish kebab qtban ~ qtban shock (v) hz: (f-)

shoe, slipper (North African) blva (f) / blavi
Shoes ladios X-Lil () / Y
shoes, ladies šrbil (m) / šrabl shop (v) sw:q
shop hanut (m) / hwant
shopping mqdy:a (f) / -t
Short asir (m)
shorten (v) qs:r
Shot (injection) whre three/
ybari ~ ibari shoulder ktf (m) / ktaf show (v) wr:a
shoulder ktf (m) / ktaf
show (v) wr:a
Silviless nva
61CV mmid () / 1
side žnb (m) / žnab
side žiha (f) / -t
sight mndr (m) / manadr ~ manadir
side žnb (m) / žnab side žiha (f) / -t sight mndr (m) / manadr ~ manadir silent, become (v) skt silk hrir
Silk hrir
silk hrir silk, artificial (material)
Sabra
silly, be (v) tbs:1 (sla) silver nuqra
similar bhal bhal
Sin drh (m) / druh
sin dnb (m) / dnub ~ dunub since (because) hit; ml:i;
mnin
sing (v) vn:a (i)
sing (=chirm) vr:d
sing (=chirp) vr:d sing (religious) (v) mdh
singing ana
sink (=drown) (v) rq
sister uxt / xwatat
sister, my uxti ~ \$ti / wyatati
Sister-in-law (husband's sister)
rusa / -t ~ Iways
Sister-in-law (my husband's sister)
uxt razli
sit (down) (v) gls
sit (down) (v) gls situation (the) lhal
six st:a
sixteenth st:aš
sixth sads sixty st:in
sixty st:in
skin (v) slx skin žld (m)
Skin a shoon (w)
skin a sheep (v) bţ:n slaughter (v) dbḥ
slave sbd (m) / sbid
sleep (v) ns
slowly bl:ati
small svir (m) / svar ~ svar
smart mtw:r (m)
smash (v) hr:s
smell riha (f) / -+ rwavh
smelly (bad) xanz
smile (v) tbs:m
smelly (bad) xanz smile (v) tbs:m smoke (v) kma (i)

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smuggle (v) hr:b
 smuggling trafik (Fr)
 snake hnš (m) / hnuša ~ hnaš
 sniff (v) Sts
 sniff tobacco (v)
                      nf:h
 snow
        tlž (m)
 so that (in order to)
 soap şabun (m)
 soap, toilet
                 sabun dlhm:am ~
    sabun dr:iha
 soap, washing sabun dt:sbin ~ sabun dyal l*sil
 social žtimasi (m)
 sociology Silm lžtimaS (m)
 soft, become (v)
                     rtab
 soft
       rtb (m)
 soldier ?skari (m) / ?asakir
 solution
           h1:
 solve (v)
              hl:
 some
        b?d
 some (followed by indef noun)
 somebody
          ši bnadm ; ši wahd
ši nhar
 someday
 someone ši wahd
 something haža (f) / hwayž;
    ši haža
something (followed by indef noun)
   ši
son bn / wlad
son, my wldi / wladi
sonny wlidi
soon, no sooner than
                        ¥ir
sort (kind)
              nu (m) / nwa ? ~
    anwa?
soup sub:a (f) ; šurba (f)
soup, Moroccan hrira (f)
sovereignty
               siyada
sow (v) zrs
Spanish language
                   1?aspany:a ~
   s:blyuny:a
sparrow
          zawš (m) / zwawš ~ žawž
(m) / žwawž
special xas: (m)
specialize (v) xts:
specially bl?axs:
spend (time) (v) qda (i)
spend (money) (v) srf
spend the night (v) bat (a)
spike (ear of grain) snbula (f) /
   snabl
spirit
         frit (m) / fart
split (v) flq
split (separate) (v)
                       fṛ:q
sponge (bath)
                mhk:a (f) / -t
       mslqa (f) / -t ~ msalq
spoon
sports
        ryada (f)
spread (v) trh
spring (of water) fin (m) / fyun
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spring (season)
                 rbic (m)
         grsa (f) / -t ; grs (coll)
        tur (m) / atwar
stalk (of wheat)
                  snbula (f) /
   snab1
stand up (v) qam (u); wqf
state (condition) hala (f) / -t
state (e.g. Michigan)
                        wilaya (f)
stay (in a place) (v)
                         gis
stay late visiting (v)
                          qs:r
stay up late (v) shr
steal (v)
           srq ; sf:r
       xlfa (f) / -t
       ţažin (m)
stew
        Sşa (f) / Sşi
stick
still
        mazal
sting (v)
             ۲d: (u)
stink (v)
            xnz
stink, cause to (v) xn
stomach krs (f) / krus
stone hžra (f) / hžr
stop (v) hbs
stop (also stand up) (v)
story hkaya (f) / -t; xrafa (f)
   / xrayf
straight nišan
strain (v) sf:a
                    \text{\text{\text{zuba}}}
strange (thing)!
stranger
          br:ani
strawberry tuta dlrd / tut lrd
   (coll) ~ tut rumi
eet znqa (f) / -t ~ znaqi
street
street (alley)
                  drb (m) / druba
          qn:ba (f) / -t ~ qnanb ;
string
   xit (m) / xyut
        qwi (m); aqwa (compara-
strong
   tive - superlative)
stuck, get (v)
studying
           qraya
         mf1:s (m)
stupid
stutter (v)
              tmtm
           mudus (m) / mawadis
subject
subject (of study)
                     mad:a (f) /
   mawad
succeed (v)
               nžh
           nažah (m)
success
such as
           bhal
           mş: (-u-)
suck (v)
            ŗģς
suckle (v)
Sudan
         s:udan
sugar suk:ar ~ suk:r ~ sk:r (m)
sugar, lacking enough  ms:us
suggest (v) qtarh
suit (v)
            wata
          şltan (m) ~ şulţan (m) /
sultan
    şlaţn
         muxtasar (m) / -at
summary
```

```
summer
        sif (m)
          s:ms(f) \sim s:mš(f)
sun, the
        nhar 1hd:
Sunday
         šuŗuq
sunrise
sunset
         rurub
                lmvrb
sunset prayer
supervise (v)
                raqb
            muṛaqaba (f) / -t
supervision
supervisor muraqib (m) / -in
        Sša (m)
supper
supply (v)
            qam (i)
         nuba (f) / -t
support
suppose that aran:a ~ aralna
Sura of the Koran, first lfatha ~
  lfatiḥa
sure, be (v)
               yq:n
         l:ah yawd:i
surely
swallow (=bird) (n)
                      fsfur (m) /
   ?şafr
        hlw (m)
sweet
sweets
       hlwa (fs & p)
           žam? dlihud
synqgogue
system nidam (m) / nudum ~ andima
```

t

```
tbla (f) / -t ~ tbali
table
                  mida (f) / -t ~
table (dinner)
   myadi
                  $w:al (m) / $wawl
tail of animal
take (v)
          xda (u)
        xud
take!
take (to) (v)
                ws:1
take (hold) (v)
take along (v)
                   šb:ŗ
                  d:a
take care of (v) qabl take off (aeroplane) (v)
take revenge on (v)
                        ntaqm (mn)
taking waxd ~ xayd (m)
      xrafa (f) / xrayf
tale
talk (v) hdr
talk (with) (v)
                   tkl:m (m?a)
       twil (m)
tall
tan
      qmhi (m)
            mndarina (f) / -t;
tangerine
   mndarin (coll)
taste (v) dag
             daq (u)
         duq (m)
taste
tea
      atay (m) (always without the
   def.article)
tea cake, Moroccan ry:ba (f) /
   -t; rry:ba ~ rrayb (coll) ~
rry:ba (f) / -t ~ rrayb
teach (v)
             qr:a; 1:m
```

```
teacher musl:im (m) / -in ;
    musl:ima (f) / -t
 teacher, religious (Koranic)
  fqih (m) / fuqaha ~ fuqaha?
 teapot br:ad (m) / brard
tear (v) sr:g; qt:s
tease (v) tfl:a
tell (v) gal (u) ~ qal (u) ten Sira
 ten minutes
ten minutes qsmayn tend sheep (v) srh
tender, become (v) rtab
tent xima (f) / xyam
tenth (indef) Sašr (m), -a (f)
tenth day of the Moslem month of
    Muharram Sašura
Tetouan titwan
than (in comparative constructions)
    mn
thank (v)
               škŗ
thank God
               lhmdu lil:ah ~ lhmdu
    11:ah
thanks
          šukrn ~ šukran
that (correlative)
that (demonstrative) dak (m);
dik (f); hadak (m) (demonstrative); hadik (f) (demonstrative)
that (nominalizer) bayl:a
that (relative)
                    1:i
that's all there is
                          had š:i makan
that is it huwa hada (m); huwa
   hadak (m); hiya hadi (f);
hiya hadik (f); huma hadu (p);
huma haduk (p)
that with which
theft srqa (f)
then
        ۲ad
there
         tm:a
these
         hadu
they (m, f) huma
         šf:aṛ (m) / šf:aṛa ; sṛ:aq
thief
   (m) / sr:aqa
        fxd (m) / fxad
haža (f) / hwayž
thigh
thing
thing (matter), the s:i
think (v) dn:; fk:r; xm:m
third (indef) talt (m), -a (f)
third (fraction) tulut
thirsty, be (v) Stš
thirteen, thirteenth (indef)
   tlţ:aš
thirty
          tlatin
this
        hada (m); hadi (f)
those
       duk ; haduk
thousand
            alf
threaten (v) thd:d (Sla)
threaten (someone) (v) hd:d
three
       tlata
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three hundred tlt my:a three thousand tlt alaf throat (internal) hlq (m) / hluq throw away (v) lah (u); rma (i) thrown away, be (v) tlah throw stones at (v) ržm Thursday nhar 1xmis thus (for this reason) walihada thus (in this manner) tie (v) ŗbţ title given to descendant of the Prophet Muhammed mulay time (countable) nuba (f) / -t; xtra (f) / -t time (long ago) (in the time of) zaman ~ zman time (telling time) wqt time, period of mud:a (f) / -t tired Sy:an (m) tithe Sušur tithes, pay (v) Sir to (prep) 1- ~ li tobacco (sniffing) taba (f) tobacco shop saka (f) today lyum toe sb? (m) / sb?an together žamisan ~ žmis tomato matiša (no def. article) tomb qbr (m) / qbur ~ qbura tomcat qt: (m) / qtut tomorrow rd:a tongue lsan (m) / lsun tonight lyum fl ?šiy:a too bad ya xasara too much bz:af Sad tooth sn:a (f) / asnan tooth (canine) nab (m) / nyab tooth, back drsa (f) / drus tooth, wisdom drst 1 cq1 (f) torn mšr:g (m) torture (v) ?d:b sa?ih ~ sayh (m) / sw:ah futa (f) / futat ~ fwati tourist towel yer smsa (f) / swams ~ sawamis ~
sumsa (f) / -t tower toy ml Suba (f) / -t toy (small horn) zm:ara (f) / -t toy (wheel pushed by kids)
dr:aža (f) / -t trade (commerce) tižara (f) trade in (v) tbadl traffic trafik (Fr) train lmasina (Fr) train station lagar (Fr) translate (v) tržm trap (v) hs:1 trapped, get (v) hsl travel (v) safr ~ şafr

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travelling safar (m)
tray siny:a (f) / -t ~ swani
treasure (v) knz
treasure knz (m) / knuz
tree šžra (f) / šžr
tribe qbila (f) / qbayl
trick
        hila
        safar (m) ~ sfr (m) ~ şafar
trip
    (m)
        krša (f) / -t
tripe
Tripoli trabls
trouble (v) ?k:r
trouble hm: (m) / hmum ~ humum
trouble, cause (v)
                      hy:r
troubled, be (v) t trousers (one pair)
                   thy:r
                        srwal (m) /
    srawl
        kamyun (m) / -at
truck
       bș:aḥ ~ ṣaḥiḥ
true
true (as in true believer)
                                 xalş
true, is that ...? sahih
trust (v) taq (i) (b-) (f-);
    ty:q
try (v) hawl; žṛ:b
truth haqiqa (f); sḍq (m)
Tuesday nhar t:lat ~ nhar t:lata
 Tunis
         tuns
          tuns
Tunisia
Turk turki (m) ~ turki
Turkey turkya ~ turkya
          turki (m) ~ turki
 Turkish
 Turks, the latrak
 turn (time)
               nuba (f) / -t
 turn around (v) dar (u)
 turn over (v) q1:b
          lfta (f); lft (coll) tnas
 turnip
 twelfth
           ţnaš
 twelve
 twenty
           Sšrin
 twenty-one wahd w?šrin
        nubtayn
 twice
          twam
 twins
       zuž ~ žuž
 two days yumayn
 two hours
              saftayn
 two hundred
                 mitayn
                 žuž dlmlayn
 two million
                 alfayn
 two thousand
             žuž dl?asabi?
 two weeks
 two years
               Samayn
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11

ugly xayb (m)
umbilical cord sur:a (f) / -t

uncle, maternal xal / xwal uncle, my maternal xali / xwali uncle, paternal Sm: / Smam uncle, my paternal ſm:i / ſmami under tht unclog (v) xw:r fryan (m) uncovered (for persons) / -in understand (v) fhm understand, cause to (v) understanding, reach mutual understanding(with) (v) tfahm (msa) unfortunately mas 1?asaf unite (v) t:ahd United States of America, the lwilayat lmut:ahida unity t:ihad (m) university žamisa (f) / -t until ht:a unwillingly bz: mn upon fuq use (v) stîml useful, be (v) nfς up to (until) ht:a l-

ν

ruxsa (f) ; Sutla (f) / vacation -t nus (m) / nwas ~ anwas variety brniz (m) varnish veil hzab (m) / -at vein ?rq (m) / ?ruq vegetables xuḍṛa (f) velvet mwb:ra (f)
vermicelli \$\foatsry:a (f) verse (Bible or Koran) aya (f) / -t very (intensifier) Sad very much bz:af Sad blya(f) / -tvice (bad habit) victory, give (v) nsr victory nsr (m) view (idea) nadar (m) nsr view (scenery) mndr (m) / manadr ~ manadir village dw:ar (m) / dwawr; qrya (f) / -t; tšr (m) / tšur villages, in the (in rural areas) Sla br:a violin kamanža (f) / -t fwad (mp) viscera visit (v) zar (u) visit and stay late (v) qs:r visit zyara (f) / -t vocative particle

vomit (v) rž:ς W wait (v) sbr wait! bl:ati wait for (v) ntadr; tsn:a waiter garsun (Fr) wake someone up (v)
wake up (v) faq (i)
walk (v) mša (i) fy:q walk, make (v) ms:a
walk, take a (v) tms:a; tsara wallet bztam (m) / bzatm wall hit (m) / hyut wallow (v) tmr:x walnuts grgaç wander around (v) tžw:l want (v) bra (i) warm (v) sx:n wash (v) rsl ~ 7sl wash clothes (v) sb:n; sml s:abun washerwoman sb:ana (f) / -t watch magana (f) / maganat ~ mwagn watch over (v) hda (i) water ma water fountain xus:a (f) / -t watermelon dl:aha (f) / -t; dl:ah (coll) way (manner) tariqa (f) / -t way (road) tariq (m) / turqan ḥna weak, to become (v) weak (adj) dsif (m) wealth mal (m) wear (clothes) (v) 1bs wear (necklace) (v) 1:q weather tqs; Zw: (m) weather the 1hal (m): weather, the lhal (m); lžw: (m); t:qs (m) weave (v) nsž wedding frs (m) / frasat frs (m) / frasat ~ furs Wednesday nhar larbas week simana (f) / -t; usbus (m) / asabis 1?usbu? 1madi 1?usbu? 1maži ~ week, last week, next 1?usbu? lmustaqb1 weeks, two žuž dl?asabis weigh (for) (v) wzn (1-)

welcome (v) rh:b (b-)

Volubilis

walili

welcome (you are) mrhba well (of water) bir (m) / byur well. (then,...) iwa well! (well, when...) aran:a ~ aralna west %rb western *rbi (m)
wet rtb (m)
what? (interrogative particle) a; aš what (is, are)? what day? nharaš what for? laš what is said klam (m) whatever ašm:a wheat gmh (m) ~ qmh (m) wheat, hard zrs (p)when (as soon) aw:1 ma when (conj) ml:i; mnin when? (interrogative) fuqaš ; imta ; wqtaš when (well, when...) aran:a ~ aralna whenever kul:ma ; mnin m:a ; wqtm:a where? fayn ~ fin where from? mnin where to? layn wherever faynm:a wherever, from mnin m:a wherever, to laynm:a which 1:i which? · šnu which day? nharaš while ago, a little vir daba daba whiskey wiski white byd ~ bid (m) who (relative) who? mn who is it? škun škunma whoever whose? dmn ; dyal mn laš ; Ślaš was (m) ; Śrid (m) why? wide frd (m)
hz:ala (f) / -t width widow wife zuža / -t wife (woman) mra / Syalat wife, my mṛati wilderness xla (f) / xlawat will (auxiliary used before imperfect form without prefix /ka-/) vadi (m) / radyin; radya (f) / -t win (v) rbh wind rih (m) / ryah window sržm (m) / šražm wine s:rab wine, red \$:rab lhmr (m)

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wine, rosé š:rab r:uzi (m)
wine, white š:rab lbyd (m)
wing žnah (m) / žwanh
winter
        štwa
wish (v)
           tmn:a
wish
       xatr (m)
wish, the lxatr (m) with m? ~ m?a
with, by (instrumental)
                            b- ~ bi
without
          bla
without (conj)
                 bla ma
woman mra / Syalat
wonderful Sažib
wood (plural means 'pieces of wood')
   Sud (m) / Swad
ol suf (m)
wool
       klma (f) / klam
word
work (v) xdm
work šurl (m) / ašral ; xdma (f)
  / -t ~ xdami ; Samal (m) / aSmal
world Salam (m)
world, the d:nya (f), 19a1am (m)
worried mq1:q (m)
worry someone (v) q1:q
worry hm: (m) / hmum ~ humum
worship (v)
              ςbd
worth (be) (v) wrap (v) km:s
                  swa (a)
wrap up (v) lm:t
write (v) ktb
wrist mssm (m) / msasm
                  х
x-ray blaka (f) / -t
                  у
year
       sana (f) / sanawat ~ snin ;
   sam (m) / -at
years snin
years, two
              Samayn
yellow sfr (m)
yellow, light sfr mftuh (m)
yellow, pale
                limuni (m)
     y:ih
yesterday
             lbarh
you (fs)
           nti
you (mp)
          ntuma
you (ms) nta; ntaya
youth šab: (m) / šub:an; šab:a
    (f) / -t
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zero sfr / sfura zipper snsla (f) / -t zone mnţaqa (f) / -t zoo sṛṣa dlḥayawan

z